# WEEKLY ELECTRICITY MARKET ANALYSIS AUSTRALIAN ENERGY REGULATOR

15 January - 21 January 2012

### **Summary**

Spot prices were generally at moderate levels with spot prices on the mainland aligned for around 70 per cent of the time.

On Sunday (for the second consecutive week) dynamic line rating changes in Queensland resulted in un-forecast congestion and spot price fluctuations.

## **Spot market prices**

Figure 1 sets out the volume weighted average (VWA) prices for the week 15 January to 21 January and the 11/12 financial year to date (YTD) across the NEM. It compares these prices with price outcomes from the previous week and year to date respectively.

Figure 1: Volume weighted average spot price by region (\$/MWh)

	Qld	NSW	VIC	SA	Tas
Average price for 15 Jan - 21 Jan 2012	24	25	25	27	40
% change from previous week*	-56	14	29	48	1
11/12 financial YTD	30	30	27	34	31
% change from 10/11 financial YTD **	25	12	17	30	-2

<sup>\*</sup>The percentage change between last week's average spot price and the average price for the previous week. Calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

\*\*The percentage change between the average spot price for the current financial year and the average spot price for the

Longer term market trends are attached in Appendix A<sup>1</sup>.

### **Financial markets**

Figures 2 to 9 show futures contract<sup>2</sup> prices traded on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) as at close of trade on Monday 23 January 2012. Figure 2 shows the base futures contract prices for the next three calendar years, and the average over these three years. Also shown are percentage changes<sup>3</sup> from the previous week.

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<sup>\*\*</sup>The percentage change between the average spot price for the current financial year and the average spot price for the previous financial year. Percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Monitoring the performance of the wholesale market is a key part of the AER's role and an overview of the market's performance in the long term is provided on the AER website. Long-term statistics can be found there on, amongst other things, demand, spot prices, contract prices and frequency control ancillary services prices. To access this information go to

www.aer.gov.au -> Monitoring, reporting and enforcement -> Electricity market reports -> Long-term analysis.

<sup>2</sup> Futures contracts traded on the ASX are listed by d-cyphaTrade (<u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u>). A futures contract is typically for one MW of electrical energy per hour based on a fixed load profile. A base load profile

contract is typically for one MW of electrical energy per hour based on a fixed load profile. A base load profile is defined as the base load period from midnight to midnight Monday to Sunday over the duration of the contract quarter. A peak load profile is defined as the peak-period from 7 am to 10 pm Monday to Friday (excluding Public holidays) over the duration of the contract quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding.

Figure 2: Base calendar year futures contract prices (\$/MWh)

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Calendar Year 2012	42	-2%	46	-2%	41	-3%	48	-6%
Calendar Year 2013	55	0%	60*	-1%	55	-1%	61	-2%
Calendar Year 2014	58	-1%	60	-3%	59	-1%	69	0%
Three year average	52	-1%	55	-2%	52	-2%	59	-2%

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 3 shows the \$300 cap contract price for Q1 2012 and calendar year 2012 and the percentage change<sup>4</sup> from the previous week.

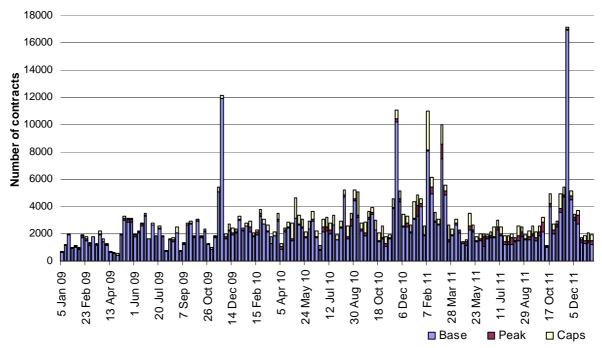
Figure 3: \$300 cap contract prices (\$/MWh)

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Q1 2012 (% change)	14	-8%	11*	-18%	15*	-14%	28	-21%
2012 (% change)	6	-4%	8	-9%	6	-9%	11	-15%

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au \* denotes trades in the product.

Figure 4 shows the weekly trading volumes for base, peak and cap contracts. The date represents the end of the trading week.

Figure 4: Number of exchange traded contracts per week



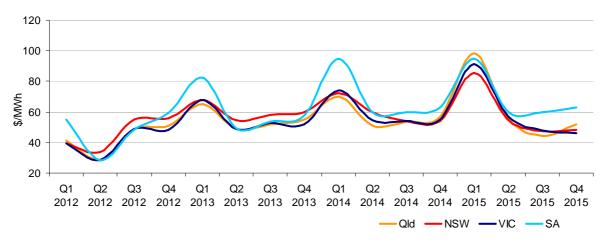
Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

<sup>\*</sup> denotes trades in the product.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding

Figure 5 shows the prices for base contracts for each quarter for the next four financial years.

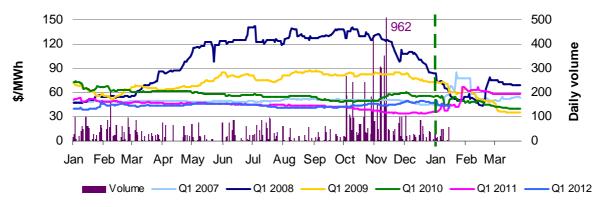
Figure 5: Quarterly base future prices Q1 2012 - Q4 2015



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

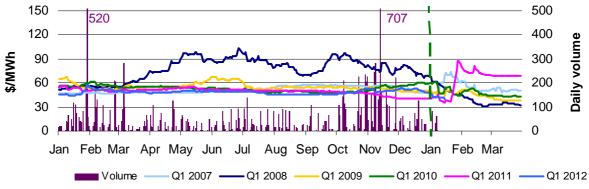
Figures 6-9 compare for each region the closing daily base contract prices for the first quarter of 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012. Also shown is the daily volume of Q1 2012 base contracts traded. The vertical dashed line signifies the start of the Q1 period for which the contracts are being purchased. To understand the diagrams, the dark-blue line in figure 6 demonstrates that throughout the middle of 2007, the market had an expectation of very high spot prices in the first quarter of 2008.

Figure 6: Queensland Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012



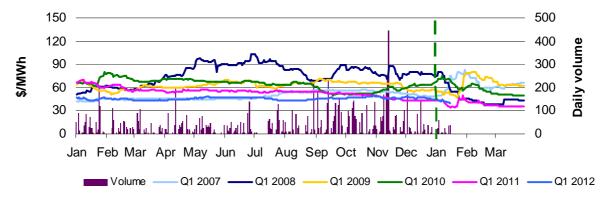
Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 7: New South Wales Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012



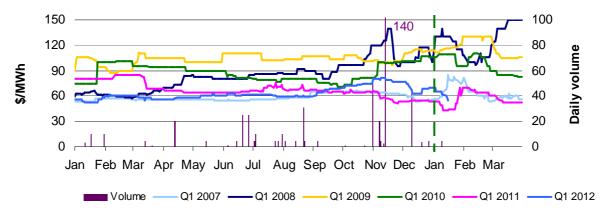
Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 8: Victoria Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 9: South Australia Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

### **Spot market forecasting variations**

The AER is required under the National Electricity Rules to determine whether there is a significant variation between the forecast spot price published by the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO) and the actual spot price and, if there is a variation, state why the AER considers the significant price variation occurred. It is not unusual for there to be significant variations as demand forecasts vary and as participants react to changing market conditions. There were 86 trading intervals throughout the week where actual prices varied significantly from forecasts<sup>5</sup>. This compares to the weekly average in 2010 of 57 counts and the average in 2009 of 103. Reasons for these variances are summarised in Figure 10<sup>6</sup>.

Figure 10: Reasons for variations between forecast and actual prices

	Availability	Demand	Network	Combination
% of total above forecast	2	16	0	4
% of total below forecast	72	6	0	0

<sup>\*</sup>The daily volume scale for South Australia is smaller than for other regions to reflect the lower liquidity in the market in South Australia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A trading interval is counted as having a variation if the actual price differs significantly from the forecast

price either four or 12 hours ahead.

<sup>6</sup> The table summarises (as a percentage) the number of times when the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price four or 12 hours ahead and the major reason for that variation. The reasons are classified as availability (which means that there is a change in the total quantity or price offered for generation), demand forecast inaccuracy, changes to network capability or as a combination of factors (when there is not one dominant reason). An instance where both four and 12 hour ahead forecasts differ significantly from the actual price will be counted as two variations.

# **Demand and bidding patterns**

The AER reviews demand, network limitations and generator bidding as part of its market monitoring to better understand the drivers behind price variations. Figure 11 shows the weekly change in total available capacity at various price levels during peak periods<sup>7</sup>. For example, in Queensland 414 MW less capacity was offered at prices under \$20/MWh this week compared to the previous week. Also included is the change in average demand during peak periods, for comparison.

Figure 11: Changes in available generation and average demand compared to the previous week during peak periods

MW	<\$20/MWh	Between \$20 and \$50/MWh	Total availability	Change in average demand
QLD	-414	192	217	-687
NSW	-944	483	-611	652
VIC	-65	-74	40	1155
SA	319	292	567	489
TAS	214	75	9	63
TOTAL	-890	968	222	1672

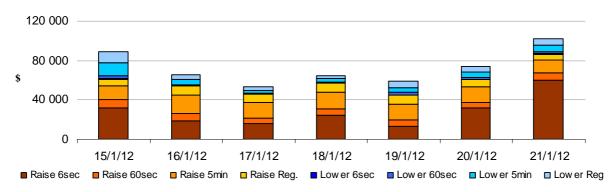
### **Ancillary services market**

The total cost of frequency control ancillary services (FCAS) on the mainland for the week was \$312 000 or less than one per cent of energy turnover on the mainland.

The total cost of FCAS in Tasmania for the week was \$196 000 or under two and a half per cent of energy turnover in Tasmania.

Figure 12 shows the daily breakdown of cost for each FCAS for the NEM.

Figure 12: Daily frequency control ancillary service cost



Australian Energy Regulator February 2012

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> A peak period is defined as between 7 am and 10 pm on weekdays.

# **Detailed NEM Price** and Demand Trends

for Weekly Market Analysis 15 January - 21 January 2012



Table 1: Financial year to date spot market volume weighted average price

Financial year	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS
2011-12 (\$/MWh) YTD	30	30	27	34	31
2010-11 (\$/MWh) YTD	24	27	23	26	32
Change*	25%	12%	17%	30%	-2%
2010-11 (\$/MWh)	34	43	29	42	31

Table 2: NEM turnover

Financial year	NEM Turnover** (\$, billion)	Energy (TWh)
2011-12 (YTD)	\$3.311	111
2010-11	\$7.445	204
2009-10	\$9.643	206

Table 3: Recent monthly and quarterly spot market volume weighted average price and turnover

Volume weighted						Turnover
average (\$/MWh)	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	(\$, billion)
Sep-11	29	29	28	40	27	0.427
Oct-11	28	29	24	43	33	0.421
Nov-11	35	40	27	32	31	0.512
Dec-11	26	26	23	25	26	0.369
Jan-12 (MTD)	36	24	24	26	38	0.291
Q1 2012	36	24	24	26	38	0.320
Q1 2011	47	30	27	28	25	0.386
Change*	-25%	-19%	-12%	-7%	50%	-17.03%

Table 4: ASX energy futures contract prices at end of 23 January 2012

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Q1 2012	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak
Price on 16 Jan (\$/MWh)	44	70	43	69	43	71	65	130
Price on 23 Jan (\$/MWh)	41	66	40	61	40	66	55	100
Open interest on 23 Jan	1397	350	2443	609	2198	314	294	5
Traded in the last week (MW)	114	45	161	12	108	15	5	0
Traded since 1 Jan 11 (MW)	11149	416	13015	1465	10050	1270	498	5
Settled price for Q1 11(\$/MWh)	57	96	68	118	35	51	53	93

Table 5: Changes to availability of low priced generation capacity offered to the market

Comparison:	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	NEM
November 11 with November 10						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	-961	-2254	-1184	-182	-523	-5105
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	165	1274	938	174	374	2926
December 11 with December 10						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	-767	-1462	-931	-239	-401	-3799
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	65	971	767	134	164	2100
January 12 with January 11 (MT	D)					
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	116	975	130	-294	-297	630
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	173	70	245	27	26	542

\*Note: These percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding \*\* Estimated value