

# WEEKLY ELECTRICITY MARKET ANALYSIS



AUSTRALIAN ENERGY  
REGULATOR

24 April - 30 April 2011

## Summary

Weekly average spot prices ranged from \$24/MWh in Queensland to \$28/MWh in Tasmania. The average was \$25/MWh in the other regions.

## Spot market prices

Figure 1 sets out the volume weighted average (VWA) prices for the week 24 April to 30 April and the 10/11 financial year to date (YTD) across the NEM. It compares these prices with price outcomes from the previous week and year to date respectively.

**Figure 1: Volume weighted average spot price by region (\$/MWh)**

	Qld	NSW	VIC	SA	Tas
Average price for 24 April - 30 April 2011	24	25	25	25	28
% change from previous week*	-8	-4	-7	-13	5
10/11 financial YTD	35	46	28	44	30
% change from 09/10 financial YTD **	-12	-19	-36	-53	13

\*The percentage change between last week's average spot price and the average price for the previous week. Calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

\*\*The percentage change between the average spot price for the current financial year and the average spot price for the previous financial year. Percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

Longer term market trends are attached in Appendix A<sup>1</sup>.

## Financial markets

Figures 2 to 9 show futures contract<sup>2</sup> prices traded on the Sydney Futures Exchange (SFE) as at close of trade on Monday 2 May 2011. Figure 2 shows the base futures contract prices for the next three calendar years, and the average over these three years. Also shown are percentage changes<sup>3</sup> from the previous week.

<sup>1</sup> Monitoring the performance of the wholesale market is a key part of the AER's role and an overview of the market's performance in the long term is provided on the AER website. Long-term statistics can be found there on, amongst other things, demand, spot prices, contract prices and frequency control ancillary services prices.

To access this information go to

[www.aer.gov.au](http://www.aer.gov.au) -> Monitoring, reporting and enforcement -> Electricity market reports -> Long-term analysis.

<sup>2</sup> Futures contracts traded on the SFE are listed by d-cyphaTrade ([www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)). A futures contract is typically for one MW of electrical energy per hour based on a fixed load profile. A base load profile is defined as the base load period from midnight to midnight Monday to Sunday over the duration of the contract quarter. A peak load profile is defined as the peak-period from 7 am to 10 pm Monday to Friday (excluding Public holidays) over the duration of the contract quarter.

<sup>3</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding.

**Figure 2: Base calendar year futures contract prices (\$/MWh)**

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Calendar Year 2012	36*	0%	42*	0%	36	-2%	42	0%
Calendar Year 2013	45	-2%	49	-1%	45	0%	67	0%
Calendar Year 2014	56	0%	59	0%	60	0%	69	0%
Three year average	46	-1%	50	0%	47	-1%	59	0%

Source: d-cyphaTrade [www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)

\* denotes trades in the product.

Figure 3 shows the \$300 cap contract price for Q1 2012 and calendar year 2012 and the percentage change<sup>4</sup> from the previous week.

**Figure 3: \$300 cap contract prices (\$/MWh)**

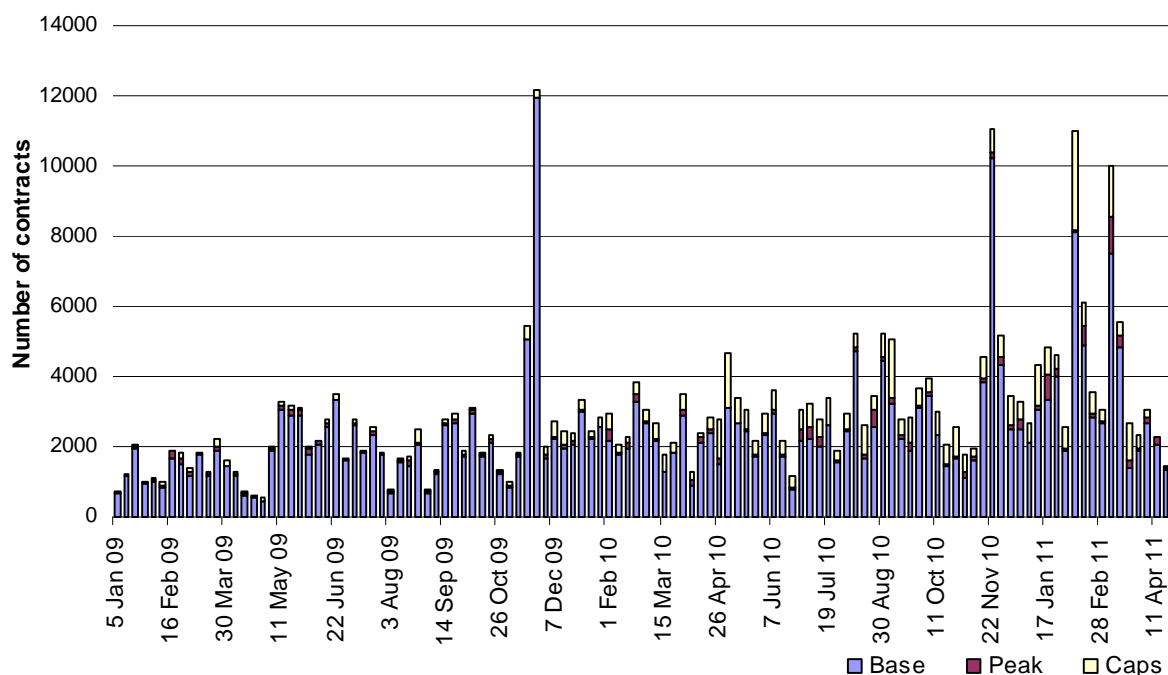
	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Q1 2012 (% change)	16	0%	19*	2%	18	0%	32	0%
2012 (% change)	8	0%	11	1%	7	-3%	12	0%

Source: d-cyphaTrade [www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)

\* denotes trades in the product.

Figure 4 shows the weekly trading volumes for base, peak and cap contracts. The date represents the end of the trading week.

**Figure 4: Number of exchange traded contracts per week**

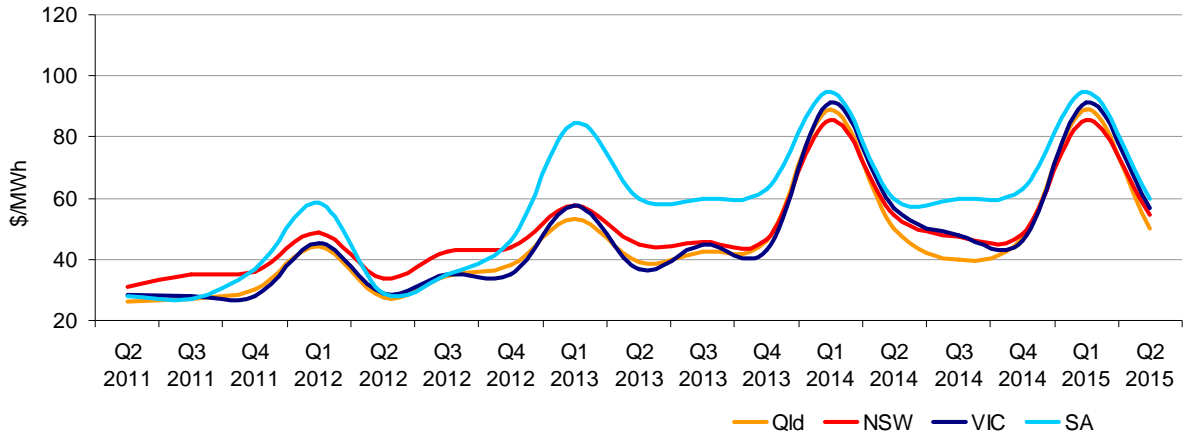


Source: d-cyphaTrade [www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)

Figure 5 shows the prices for base contracts for each quarter for the next four financial years.

<sup>4</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding.

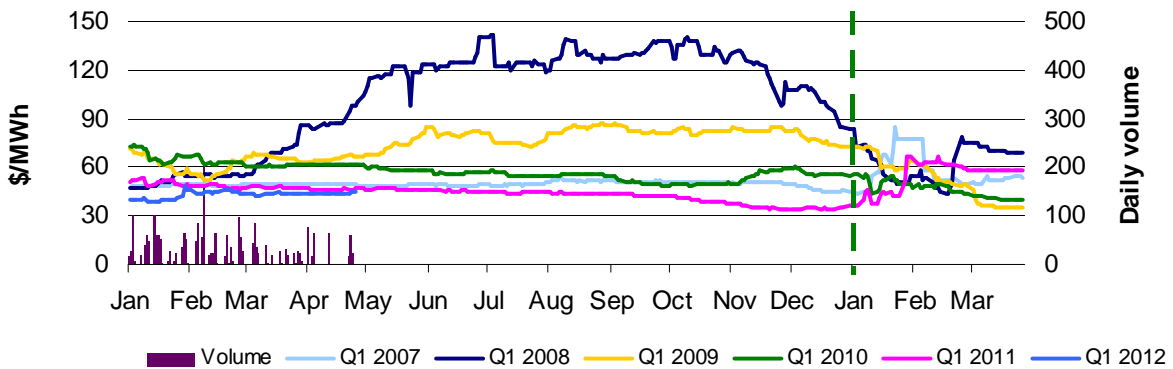
**Figure 5: Quarterly base future prices Q2 2011 – Q2 2015**



Source: d-cyphaTrade [www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)

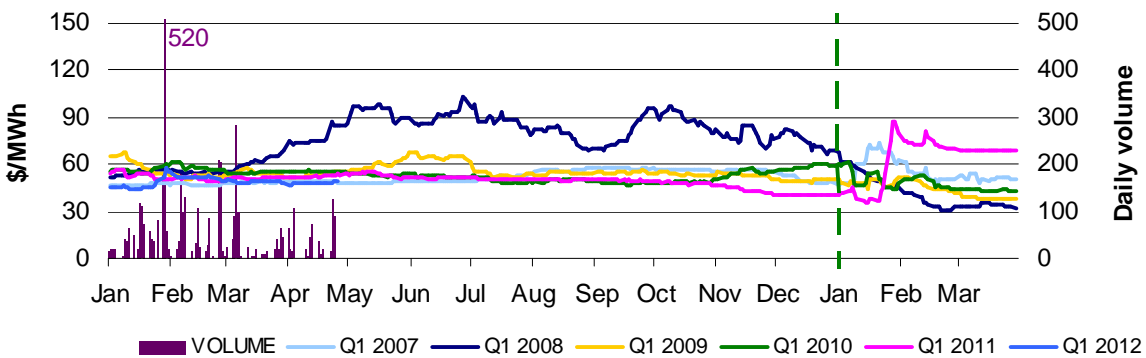
Figures 6-9 compare for each region the closing daily base contract prices for the first quarter of 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012. Also shown is the daily volume of Q1 2012 base contracts traded. The vertical dashed line signifies the start of the Q1 period for which the contracts are being purchased. To understand the diagrams, the dark-blue line in figure 6 demonstrates that throughout the middle of 2007, the market had an expectation of very high spot prices in the first quarter of 2008.

**Figure 6: Queensland Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012**



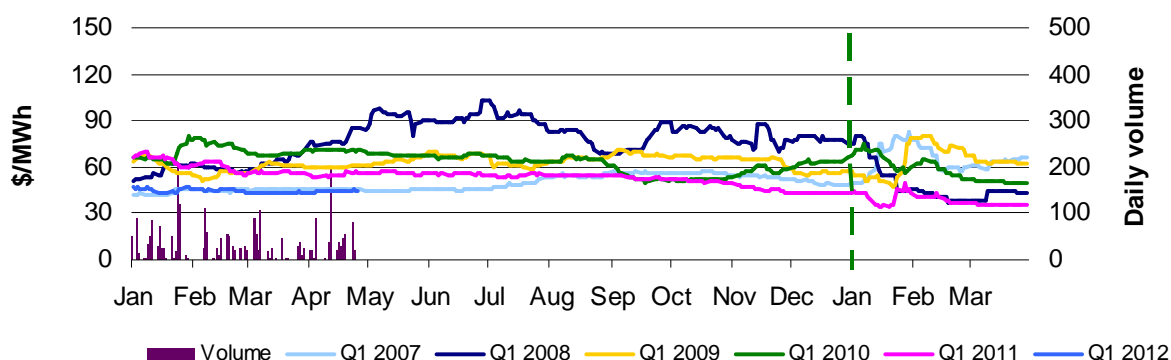
Source: d-cyphaTrade [www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)

**Figure 7: New South Wales Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012**



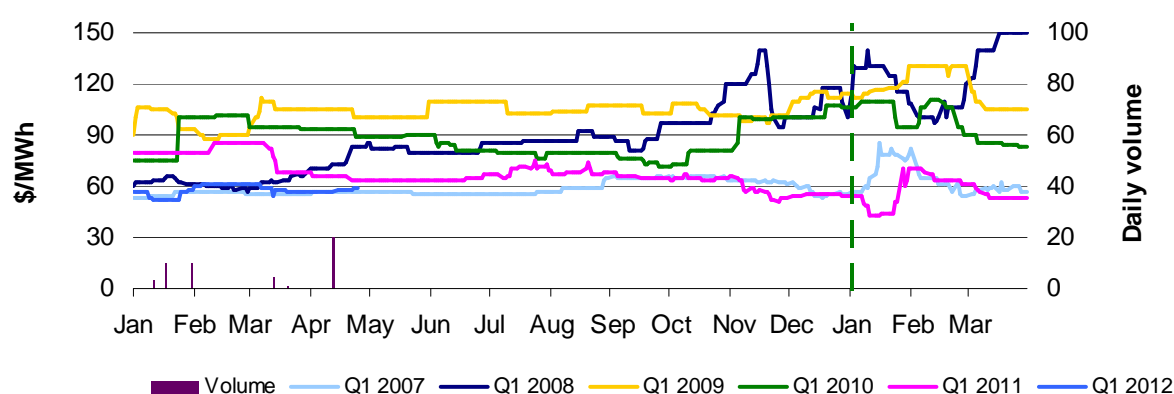
Source: d-cyphaTrade [www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)

**Figure 8: Victoria Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012**



Source: d-cyphaTrade [www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)

**Figure 9: South Australia Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012**



Source: d-cyphaTrade [www.d-cyphatrade.com.au](http://www.d-cyphatrade.com.au)

\*The daily volume scale for South Australia is smaller than for other regions to reflect the lower liquidity in the market in South Australia.

### Spot market forecasting variations

The AER is required under the National Electricity Rules to determine whether there is a significant variation between the forecast spot price published by the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO) and the actual spot price and, if there is a variation, state why the AER considers the significant price variation occurred. It is not unusual for there to be significant variations as demand forecasts vary and as participants react to changing market conditions. There were 23 trading intervals throughout the week where actual prices varied significantly from forecasts<sup>5</sup>. This compares to the weekly average in 2010 of 57 counts and the average in 2009 of 103. Reasons for these variances are summarised in Figure 10<sup>6</sup>.

**Figure 10: Reasons for variations between forecast and actual prices**

	Availability	Demand	Network	Combination
% of total above forecast	0	26	0	0
% of total below forecast	74	0	0	0

<sup>5</sup> A trading interval is counted as having a variation if the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price either four or 12 hours ahead.

<sup>6</sup> The table summarises (as a percentage) the number of times when the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price four or 12 hours ahead and the major reason for that variation. The reasons are classified as availability (which means that there is a change in the total quantity or price offered for generation), demand forecast inaccuracy, changes to network capability or as a combination of factors (when there is not one dominant reason). An instance where both four and 12 hour ahead forecasts differ significantly from the actual price will be counted as two variations.

## Demand and bidding patterns

The AER reviews demand, network limitations and generator bidding as part of its market monitoring to better understand the drivers behind price variations. Figure 11 shows the weekly change in total available capacity at various price levels during peak periods<sup>7</sup>. For example, in Queensland 234 MW more capacity was offered at prices under \$20/MWh this week compared to the previous week. Also included is the change in average demand during peak periods, for comparison.

**Figure 11: Changes in available generation and average demand compared to the previous week during peak periods**

MW	<\$20/MWh	Between \$20 and \$50/MWh	Total availability	Change in average demand
QLD	234	136	545	-185
NSW	-1097	772	-777	-181
VIC	453	-492	437	-201
SA	138	-20	103	-84
TAS	-98	-94	73	-34
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>-370</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>-685</b>

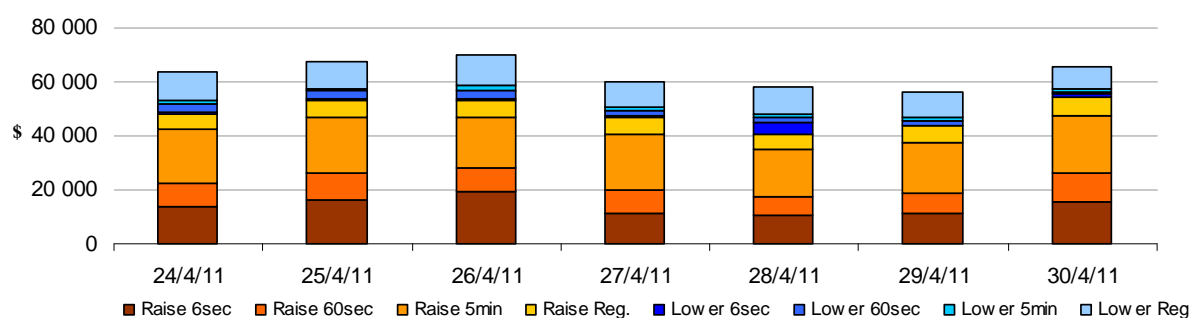
## Ancillary services market

The total cost of frequency control ancillary services (FCAS) on the mainland for the week was \$362 000 or less than one per cent of energy turnover on the mainland.

The total cost of FCAS in Tasmania for the week was \$80 000 or one and a half per cent of energy turnover in Tasmania.

Figure 12 shows the daily breakdown of cost for each FCAS for the NEM.

**Figure 12: Daily frequency control ancillary service cost**



<sup>7</sup> A peak period is defined as between 7 am and 10 pm on weekdays.

# Detailed NEM Price and Demand Trends

for Weekly Market Analysis  
24 April - 30 April 2011



**Table 1: Financial year to date spot market volume weighted average price**

Financial year	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS
2010-11 (\$/MWh) YTD	35	46	28	44	30
2009-10 (\$/MWh) YTD	40	57	44	92	27
Change*	-12%	-19%	-36%	-53%	13%
2009-10 (\$/MWh)	37	52	42	82	30

**Table 2: NEM turnover**

Financial year	NEM Turnover** (\$, billion)	Energy (TWh)
2010-11 (YTD)	\$6.404	169
2009-10	\$9.643	206
2008-09	\$9.413	208

**Table 3: Recent monthly and quarterly spot market volume weighted average price and turnover**

Volume weighted average (\$/MWh)	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	Turnover (\$, billion)
Dec-10	23	23	17	19	17	0.315
Jan-11	48	58	50	183	26	0.959
Feb-11	123	190	48	33	29	1.794
Mar-11	28	27	26	23	26	0.414
Apr-11	25	27	26	28	27	0.374
Q1 2011	65	90	41	83	27	3.484
Q1 2010	46	52	67	134	27	3.014
Change*	41%	74%	-38%	-38%	2%	15.57%

**Table 4: ASX energy futures contract prices at end of 2 May**

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak
Q1 2012								
Price on 27 Apr (\$/MW)	44	73	48	78	45	74	58	100
Price on 02 May (\$/MW)	44	74	49	79	45	75	59	100
Open interest on 02 May	1114	78	1322	185	1312	76	87	0
Traded in the last week (MW)	87	0	217	40	101	0	0	0
Traded since 1 Jan 10 (MW)	2805	61	4449	265	2378	1	73	0
Settled price for Q1 11(\$/MW)	57	96	68	118	35	51	53	93

**Table 5: Changes to availability of low priced generation capacity offered to the market**

Comparison:	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	NEM
February 11 with February 10						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	-391	-468	-446	363	33	-909
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	-45	-671	550	160	225	219
March 11 with March 10						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	-287	-85	-360	227	201	-304
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	2	76	42	278	273	670
April 11 with April 10						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	-1035	-451	-384	272	-6	-1604
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	339	521	323	183	91	1457

\*Note: These percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding

\*\* Estimated value