# WEEKLY ELECTRICITY MARKET ANALYSIS

### 20 February - 26 February 2011

### Summary

Weekly average spot prices ranged from \$27/MWh in South Australia to \$33/MWh in Queensland and New South Wales. On Wednesday morning, following rebidding by AGL, South Australia recorded four negative spot prices, the lowest was \$-551/MWh.

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### Spot market prices

Figure 1 sets out the volume weighted average (VWA) prices for the week 20 February to 26 February and the 10/11 financial year to date (YTD) across the NEM. It compares these prices with price outcomes from the previous week and year to date respectively.

### Figure 1: Volume weighted average spot price by region (\$/MWh)

	Qld	NSW	VIC	SA	Tas
Average price for 20 Feb - 26 Feb 2011	33	33	28	27	29
% change from previous week*	3	-2	-8	-11	-3
10/11 financial YTD	37	51	29	48	31
% change from 09/10 financial YTD **	-16	-21	-31	-56	15

\*The percentage change between last week's average spot price and the average price for the previous week. Calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

\*\*The percentage change between the average spot price for the current financial year and the average spot price for the previous financial year. Percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

Further information is provided in Appendix A when the spot price exceeds three times the weekly average and is above 250/MWh, or is below -100/MWh. Longer term market trends are attached in Appendix B<sup>1</sup>.

### **Financial markets**

Figures 2 to 9 show futures contract<sup>2</sup> prices traded on the Sydney Futures Exchange (SFE) as at close of trade on Monday 28 February 2011. Figure 2 shows the base futures contract prices for the next three calendar years, and the average over these three years. Also shown are percentage changes<sup>3</sup> from the previous week.

www.aer.gov.au -> Monitoring, reporting and enforcement -> Electricity market reports -> Long-term analysis. <sup>2</sup> Futures contracts traded on the SFE are listed by d-cyphaTrade (<u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u>). A futures contract is typically for one MW of electrical energy per hour based on a fixed load profile. A base load profile is defined as the base load period from midnight to midnight Monday to Sunday over the duration of the contract quarter. A peak load profile is defined as the peak-period from 7 am to 10 pm Monday to Friday (excluding Public holidays) over the duration of the contract quarter. <sup>3</sup> Columbted on price price price to read fine.

<sup>3</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Monitoring the performance of the wholesale market is a key part of the AER's role and an overview of the market's performance in the long term is provided on the AER website. Long-term statistics can be found there on, amongst other things, demand, spot prices, contract prices and frequency control ancillary services prices. To access this information go to

### Figure 2: Base calendar year futures contract prices (\$/MWh)

	QI	D	NSW		VIC		SA	
Calendar Year 2011	37	-2%	45	-4%	31	-5%	38	0%
Calendar Year 2012	38*	4%	45*	3%	38*	4%	43	1%
Calendar Year 2013	47	3%	49	0%	45	0%	67	0%
Three year average	41	2%	46	-1%	38	0%	49	0%

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au \* denotes trades in the product.

Figure 3 shows the \$300 cap contract price for Q1 2011 and calendar year 2011 and the percentage change<sup>4</sup> from the previous week.

### Figure 3: \$300 cap contract prices (\$/MWh)

	Q	LD	NSW		VIC		SA	
Q1 2011 (% change)	24*	-10%	33*	-15%	9*	-29%	35	0%
2011 (% change)	9	-7%	15	-10%	5	-16%	12	0%

Source: d-cyphaTrade <u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u> \* denotes trades in the product.

Figure 4 shows the weekly trading volumes for base, peak and cap contracts. The date represents the end of the trading week.

### Figure 4: Number of exchange traded contracts per week



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 5 shows the prices for base contracts for each quarter for the next four financial years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding.



Figure 5: Quarterly base future prices Q1 2011 - Q4 2014

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figures 6-9 compare for each region the closing daily base contract prices for the first quarter of 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011. Also shown is the daily volume of Q1 2011 base contracts traded. The vertical dashed line signifies the start of the Q1 period for which the contracts are being purchased. To understand the diagrams, the dark-blue line in figure 6 demonstrates that throughout the middle of 2007, the market had an expectation of very high spot prices in the first quarter of 2008.

Figure 6: Queensland Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 7: New South Wales Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

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Figure 8: Victoria Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au





Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

### **Spot market forecasting variations**

The AER is required under the National Electricity Rules to determine whether there is a significant variation between the forecast spot price published by the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO) and the actual spot price and, if there is a variation, state why the AER considers the significant price variation occurred. It is not unusual for there to be significant variations as demand forecasts vary and as participants react to changing market conditions. There were 59 trading intervals throughout the week where actual prices varied significantly from forecasts<sup>5</sup>. This compares to the weekly average in 2010 of 57 counts and the average in 2009 of 103. Reasons for these variances are summarised in Figure 10<sup>6</sup>.

Figure 10	): Reasons	for variations	between forecast	and actual prices
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	Availability	Demand	Network	Combination
% of total above forecast	10	30	0	0
% of total below forecast	50	6	0	4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A trading interval is counted as having a variation if the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price either four or 12 hours ahead.

<sup>\*</sup>The daily volume scale for South Australia is smaller than for other regions to reflect the lower liquidity in the market in South Australia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The table summarises (as a percentage) the number of times when the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price four or 12 hours ahead and the major reason for that variation. The reasons are classified as availability (which means that there is a change in the total quantity or price offered for generation), demand forecast inaccuracy, changes to network capability or as a combination of factors (when there is not one dominant reason). An instance where both four and 12 hour ahead forecasts differ significantly from the actual price will be counted as two variations.

### **Demand and bidding patterns**

The AER reviews demand, network limitations and generator bidding as part of its market monitoring to better understand the drivers behind price variations. Figure 11 shows the weekly change in total available capacity at various price levels during peak periods<sup>7</sup>. For example, in Queensland 22 MW more capacity was offered at prices under \$20/MWh this week compared to the previous week. Also included is the change in average demand during peak periods, for comparison.

MW	<\$20/MWh	Between \$20 and \$50/MWh	Total availability	Change in average demand
QLD	22	-9	-100	-104
NSW	-229	271	245	-223
VIC	-90	-44	-46	-584
SA	57	-66	5	-43
TAS	-102	182	-130	13
TOTAL	-342	334	-26	-941

Figure 11: Changes in available generation and average demand compared to the previous week during peak periods

### Ancillary services market

The total cost of frequency control ancillary services (FCAS) on the mainland for the week was \$210 000 or less than one per cent of energy turnover on the mainland.

The total cost of FCAS in Tasmania for the week was \$85 000 or around 1.5 per cent of energy turnover in Tasmania.

Figure 12 shows the daily breakdown of cost for each FCAS for the NEM.

Figure 12: Daily frequency control ancillary service cost



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> A peak period is defined as between 7 am and 10 pm on weekdays.



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### **Detailed Market Analysis**

### 20 February – 26 February 2011

### South Australia:

There was one occasion where the spot price in South Australia was below \$-100/MWh.

### Wednesday, 23 February

4 am	Actual	4 hr forecast	12 hr forecast
Price (\$/MWh)	-551	16	15
Demand (MW)	1180	1149	1166
Available capacity (MW)	3196	3313	3396

Conditions at the time saw low levels of demand but close to forecast. Available capacity was 117 MW below that forecast four hours ahead and 200 MW below that forecast twelve hours ahead. Targeted reductions in output from semi-scheduled wind generation as a result of prices lower than their offer price translate to a reduction in regional available capacity.

At 3.13 am, effective from 3.20 am, AGL rebid 360 MW of available capacity at its Torrens Island Power Station from above \$40/MWh to close to the price floor for the 3.30 am to 5 am trading intervals. The reason given was "chg in dispatch::price decrease vs pd negative". This resulted in 570 MW out of 680 MW of total capacity at the station priced at the price floor.

Following this rebid, the 5 minute price fell from \$0.69/MWh at 3.15 am to \$-16/MWh at 3.20 am and reached \$-997/MWh (set by AGL) by 3.50 am where it stayed for three consecutive dispatch intervals. The 5 minute price generally remained below zero until the end of the 5 am trading interval.

As the price fell below the offer prices from Snowtown, Waterloo and Clements Gap wind farms, these wind farms received targets from AEMO to reduce output from a total of 215 MW at 3.20 am to 0 MW at 3.50 am.

There was no other significant rebidding.

# Detailed NEM Price

## and Demand Trends

for Weekly Market Analysis 20 February - 26 February 2011 AUSTRALIAN ENERGY REGULATOR

### Table 1: Financial year to date spot market volume weighted average price

Financial year	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS
2010-11 (\$/MWh) YTD	37	51	29	48	31
2009-10 (\$/MWh) YTD	58	66	91	191	27
Change*	-35%	-23%	-68%	-75%	17%
2009-10 (\$/MWh)	37	52	42	82	30

### Table 2: NEM turnover

Financial year	NEM Turnover** (\$, billion)	Energy (TWh)
2010-11 (YTD)	\$5.504	135
2009-10	\$9.643	206
2008-09	\$9.413	208

### Table 3: Recent monthly and quarterly spot market volume weighted average price and turnover

Volume weighted						Turnover
average (\$/MWh)	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	(\$, billion)
Oct-10	20	23	21	25	18	0.358
Nov-10	18	23	19	26	29	0.346
Dec-10	23	23	17	19	17	0.315
Jan-11	48	58	50	183	26	0.959
Feb-11(MTD)	130	201	50	33	29	1.764
Q4 2010	21	23	19	23	21	1.050
Q4 2009	53	100	29	134	31	3.555
Change*	-61%	-77%	-35%	-83%	-30%	-70.47%

### Table 4: ASX energy futures contract prices at end of 28 February

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Q1 2011	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak
Price on 21 Feb (\$/MW)	64	115	78	130	41	66	64	88
Price on 28 Feb (\$/MW)	61	110	71	126	37	58	64	88
Open interest on 28 Feb	1570	167	2408	335	2199	215	188	8
Traded in the last week (MW)	74	0	155	5	5	0	0	0
Traded since 1 Jan 10 (MW)	9867	253	11951	620	13256	414	528	9
Settled price for Q1 10(\$/MW)	40	65	44	68	50	89	83	160

### Table 5: Changes to availability of low priced generation capacity offered to the market

Comparison:	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	NEM
December 10 with December 09						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	-526	-481	952	295	753	992
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	329	140	-399	-32	-343	-306
January 11 with January 10						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	-500	-928	-218	404	383	-859
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	-10	-204	24	168	-318	-339
February 11 with February 10 (MT	D)					
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	-417	-456	-451	364	40	-920
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	-48	-677	545	161	211	193

\*Note: These percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding \*\* Estimated value