### **WEEKLY ELECTRICITY MARKET ANALYSIS AUSTRALIAN ENERGY** REGULATOR 4 July – 10 July 2010

#### **Summary**

The weekly average spot price ranged from \$22/MWh in Queensland to \$33/MWh in Tasmania.

#### **Spot market prices**

Figure 1 sets out the volume weighted average prices for the week 4 July to 10 July 2010 and the 09/10 financial year across the NEM. It compares these prices with price outcomes from the previous week and year to date respectively.

Figure 1: Volume weighted average spot price by region (\$/MWh)

	Qld	NSW	VIC	SA	Tas
Average price for 4 July – 10 July 2010	22	28	28	32	33
% change from previous week*	-21	-48	-17	-23	6
09/10 financial	37	52	42	82	30
% change from 08/09 financial **	3	23	-14	20	-51

<sup>\*</sup>The percentage change between last week's average spot price and the average price for the previous week. Calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

Longer term market trends are attached in Appendix A<sup>1</sup>.

#### Financial markets

Figures 2 to 9 show futures contract<sup>2</sup> prices traded on the Sydney Futures Exchange (SFE) as at close of trade on Monday 12 July 2010. Figure 2 shows the base futures contract prices for the next three calendar years, and the three year average. Also shown are percentage changes<sup>3</sup> compared to the previous week.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The percentage change between the average spot price for the current financial year to date and the average spot price over the similar period for the previous financial year. Percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Monitoring the performance of the wholesale market is a key part of the AER's role and an overview of the market's performance in the long-term is provided on the AER website. Long-term statistics can be found there on, amongst other things, demand, spot prices, contract prices and frequency control ancillary services prices. To access this information go to

www.aer.gov.au -> Monitoring, reporting and enforcement -> Electricity market reports -> Long-term analysis.

<sup>2</sup> Futures contracts traded on the SFE are listed by d-cyphaTrade (www.d-cyphatrade.com.au). A futures contract is typically for one MW of electrical energy per hour based on a fixed load profile. A base load profile is defined as the base load period from midnight to midnight Monday to Sunday over the duration of the contract quarter. A peak load profile is defined as the peak-period from 7 am to 10 pm Monday to Friday (excluding Public holidays) over the duration of the contract quarter.

Calculated on prices prior to rounding.

Figure 2: Base calendar year futures contract prices (\$/MWh)

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Calendar Year 2011	32*	-2%	41*	-1%	38*	-2%	44	0%
Calendar Year 2012	34*	-3%	44*	-1%	41	-1%	46	0%
Calendar Year 2013	58	0%	60	-1%	59	0%	69	0%
Three year average	41	-1%	48	-1%	46	-1%	53	0%

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 3 shows the \$300 cap contract price for the first quarter of 2011 and the 2011 calendar year and the percentage change<sup>4</sup> from the previous week.

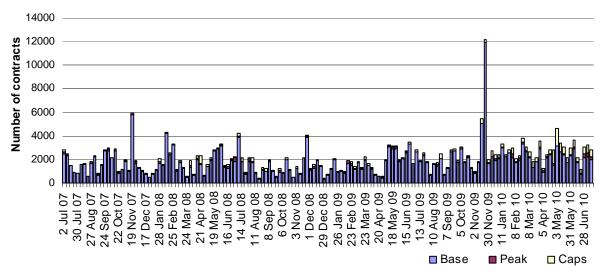
Figure 3: \$300 cap contract prices (\$/MWh)

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA		
Q1 2011 (% Change)	17*	-1%	21*	0%	26*	-4%	40	0%	•
2011 (% Change)	8	-1%	12	0%	10	-7%	14	0%	

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 4 shows the weekly trading volumes for base, peak and cap contracts. The date represents the end of the trading week.

Figure 4: Number of exchange traded contracts per week



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

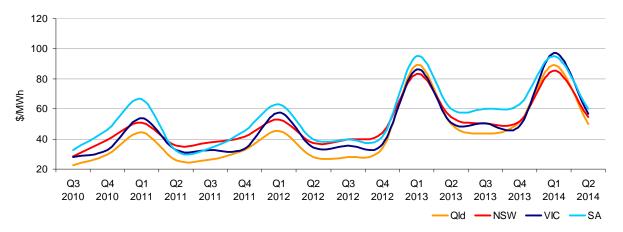
Figure 5 shows the prices for base contracts for each quarter for the next four financial years.

<sup>\*</sup> denotes trades in the product.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding.

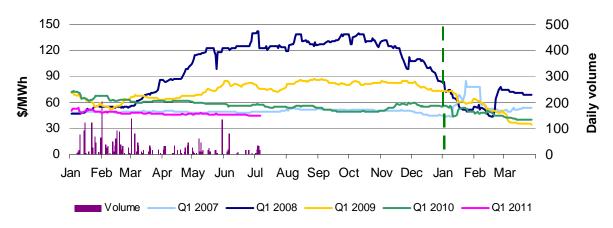
Figure 5: Quarterly base future prices Q3 2010 - Q2 2014



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

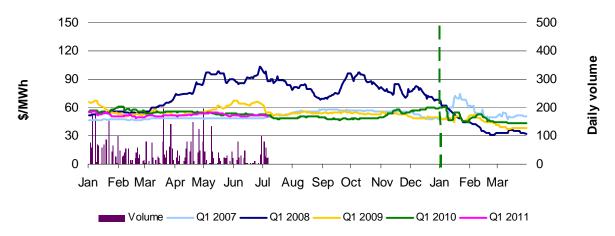
Figures 6-9 compare for each region the closing daily base contract prices for the first quarter of 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011. Also shown is the daily volume of Q1 2011 base contracts traded. The vertical dashed line signifies the start of the Q1 period for which the contracts are being purchased. To understand the diagrams, the dark-blue line demonstrates that throughout the middle of 2007, the market had an expectation of very high spot prices in the first quarter of 2008.

Figure 6: Queensland Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011



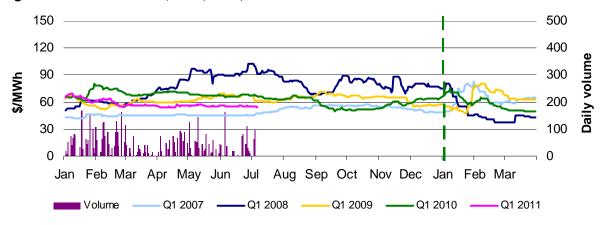
 $Source: d\text{-}cyphaTrade \\ \underline{www.d\text{-}cyphatrade.com.au}$ 

Figure 7: New South Wales Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011



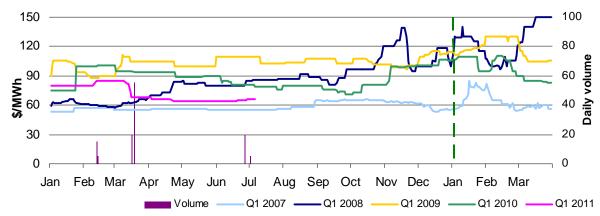
Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 8: Victoria Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 9: South Australia Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

#### **Spot market forecasting variations**

The AER is required under the National Electricity Rules to determine whether there is a significant variation between the forecast spot price published by the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO) and the actual spot price and, if there is a variation, state why the AER considers the significant price variation occurred. It is not unusual for there to be significant variations as demand forecasts vary and as participants react to changing market conditions. There were 33 trading intervals throughout the week where actual prices varied significantly from forecasts<sup>5</sup>. This compares to the weekly average in 2009 of 103 counts. Reasons for these variances are summarised in Figure 10<sup>6</sup>.

Figure 10: Reasons for variations between forecast and actual prices

	Availability	Demand	Network	Combination
% of total above forecast	2	4	0	0
% of total below forecast	69	5	0	20

<sup>5</sup> A trading interval is counted as having a variation if the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price either four or 12 hours ahead.

<sup>6</sup> The table summarises (as a percentage) the number of times when the actual price differs significantly from

<sup>\*</sup>The daily volume scale for South Australia is smaller than for other regions to reflect the lower liquidity in the market in South Australia.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This graph was modified on 23/7/2010 to correct an error in the original report.

The table summarises (as a percentage) the number of times when the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price four or 12 hours ahead and the major reason for that variation. The reasons are classified as availability (which means that there is a change in the total quantity or price offered for generation), demand forecast inaccuracy, changes to network capability or as a combination of factors (when there is not one dominant reason). An instance where both four and 12 hour ahead forecasts differ significantly from the actual price will be counted as two variations.

#### **Demand and bidding patterns**

The AER reviews demand, network limitations and generator bidding as part of its market monitoring to better understand the drivers behind price variations. Figure 11 shows the weekly change in total available capacity at various price levels during peak periods<sup>7</sup>. For example, in Queensland 34 MW less capacity was offered at prices under \$20/MWh this week compared to the previous week. Also included is the change in average demand during peak periods, for comparison.

Figure 11: Changes in available generation and average demand compared to the previous week during peak periods

MW	<\$20/MWh	Between \$20 and \$50/MWh	Total availability	Change in average demand
QLD	-34	307	-251	-80
NSW	-416	172	53	-503
VIC	208	-25	194	-91
SA	58	84	67	-75
TAS	-311	155	-48	18
TOTAL	-495	693	15	-731

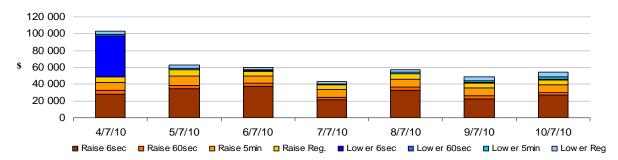
#### **Ancillary services market**

The total cost of frequency control ancillary services (FCAS) on the mainland for the week was \$186 000 or less than one per cent of energy turnover on the mainland.

The total cost of FCAS in Tasmania for the week was \$244 000 or around three per cent of energy turnover in Tasmania. On Sunday 4 July, the lower 6 second ancillary service price in Tasmania increased from \$0.40/MW at 12.30 am to \$3611/MWh at 12.35 am and returned to \$0.40/MW at 12.40 am. Although the lower 6 second service requirement remained at the same level (around 160 MW) at 12.30 am and 12.35 am, there was a 26 MW decrease in lower 6 second service availability in Tasmania (from 186MW at 12.30 am to 160 MW at 12.35 am). At 12.35 am, generation in Tasmania was constrained-off in the energy market to allow increased dispatch of ancillary services. The co-optimisation between energy and FCAS markets resulted in the price spike of \$3611/MWh at 12.35 am.

Figure 12 shows the daily breakdown of cost for each FCAS for the NEM.

Figure 12: Daily frequency control ancillary service cost



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> A peak period is defined as between 7 am and 10 pm on weekdays, which aligns with the SFE contract definition.

# **Detailed NEM Price**and Demand Trends

for Weekly Market Analysis 4 July - 10 July 2010



Table 1: Financial year to date spot market volume weighted average price

Financial year	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS
2009-10 (\$/MWh)	37	52	42	82	30
2008-09 (\$/MWh)	36	43	49	69	62
Change*	3%	23%	-14%	20%	-51%

**Table 2: NEM turnover** 

Financial year	NEM Turnover** (\$, billion)	Energy (TWh)
2009-10	\$9.643	206
2008-09	\$9.413	208
2007-08	\$11.125	208

Table 3: Recent monthly and quarterly spot market volume weighted average price and turnover

Volume weighted						Turnover
average (\$/MWh)	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	(\$, billion)
Mar-10	25	27	24	25	26	0.443
Apr-10	22	25	84	32	25	0.625
May-10	22	29	32	31	61	0.509
Jun-10	23	35	33	38	32	0.563
Jul-10 (MTD)	22	29	28	33	31	0.167
Q2 2010	22	30	48	34	40	1.697
Q2 2009	32	35	34	35	106	1.918
Change*	-30%	-16%	40%	-5%	-63%	-11.51%

Table 4: ASX energy futures contract prices at end of 12 July

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Q1 2011	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak
Price on 05 Jul (\$/MW)	45	77	52	85	55	98	66	100
Price on 12 Jul (\$/MW)	44	77	51	85	54	97	66	100
Open interest on 12 Jul	1672	123	2945	225	3266	40	70	0
Traded in the last week (MW)	105	0	212	45	158	0	0	0
Traded since 1 Jan 10 (MW)	2810	94	4873	240	5446	40	120	0
Settled price for Q1 10(\$/MW)	40	65	44	68	50	89	83	160

Table 5: Changes to availability of low priced generation capacity offered to the market

QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	NEM
1400	-590	-619	172	155	517
-707	1109	57	-121	213	551
959	-520	-482	46	227	230
-743	378	301	-43	345	237
1018	-163	80	35	-215	755
-558	555	246	75	387	706
	1400 -707 959 -743 1018 -558	1400 -590 -707 1109 959 -520 -743 378 1018 -163 -558 555	1400 -590 -619 -707 1109 57 959 -520 -482 -743 378 301 1018 -163 80 -558 555 246	1400     -590     -619     172       -707     1109     57     -121       959     -520     -482     46       -743     378     301     -43       1018     -163     80     35       -558     555     246     75	1400     -590     -619     172     155       -707     1109     57     -121     213       959     -520     -482     46     227       -743     378     301     -43     345       1018     -163     80     35     -215

<sup>\*</sup>Note: These percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding

<sup>\*\*</sup> Estimated value