# WEEKLY ELECTRICITY MARKET ANALYSIS

# 30 May – 05 June 2010

### Summary

The average weekly spot price in Queensland was relatively low at \$22/MWh with the lowest spot price of -\$99/MWh occurring at 2.30 am on 2 June. The weekly average spot price in New South Wales was \$31/MWh, \$34/MWh in Victoria and Tasmania and \$36/MWh in South Australia.

AUSTRALIAN ENERGY

REGULATOR

# **Spot market prices**

Figure 1 sets out the volume weighted average prices for the week 30 May to 5 June 2010 and the financial year to date across the NEM. It compares these prices with price outcomes from the previous week and year to date respectively.

#### Figure 1: Volume weighted average spot price by region (\$/MWh)

	Qld	NSW	VIC	SA	Tas
Average price for 30 May – 5 June 2010	22	31	34	36	34
% change from previous week*	18	13	13	15	-34
09/10 financial YTD	38	54	43	86	30
% change from 08/09 financial YTD**	5	25	-15	21	-40

\*The percentage change between last week's average spot price and the average price for the previous week. Calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

\*\*The percentage change between the average spot price for the current financial year to date and the average spot price over the similar period for the previous financial year. Percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

Longer term market trends are attached in Appendix  $A^1$ .

# **Financial markets**

Figures 2 to 9 show futures contract<sup>2</sup> prices traded on the Sydney Futures Exchange (SFE) as at close of trade on Monday 7 June 2010. Figure 2 shows the base futures contract prices for the next three calendar years, and the three year average. Also shown are percentage changes<sup>3</sup> compared to the previous week.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Monitoring the performance of the wholesale market is a key part of the AER's role and an overview of the market's performance in the long-term is provided on the AER website. Long-term statistics can be found there on, amongst other things, demand, spot prices, contract prices and frequency control ancillary services prices. To access this information go to

www.aer.gov.au -> Monitoring, reporting and enforcement -> Electricity market reports -> Long-term analysis. <sup>2</sup> Futures contracts on the SFE are listed by d-cyphaTrade (<u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u>). A futures contract is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Futures contracts on the SFE are listed by d-cyphaTrade (<u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u>). A futures contract is typically for one MW of electrical energy per hour based on a fixed load profile. A base load profile is defined as the base load period from midnight to midnight Monday to Sunday over the duration of the contract quarter. A peak load profile is defined as the peak-period from 7 am to 10 pm Monday to Friday (excluding Public holidays) over the duration of the contract quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding.

#### Figure 2: Base calendar year futures contract prices (\$/MWh)

	Q	LD	NSW		VIC		SA	
Calendar Year 2011	34*	1%	42	1%	39*	2%	43	0%
Calendar Year 2012	36*	0%	44*	1%	41*	2%	47	0%
Calendar Year 2013	58	0%	61	0%	65	0%	69	0%
Three year average	43	0%	49	1%	49	1%	53	0%

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

\* denotes trades in the product.

Figure 3 shows the \$300 cap contract price for the first quarter of 2011 and the 2011 calendar year and the percentage change<sup>4</sup> from the previous week.

#### Figure 3: \$300 cap contract prices (\$/MWh)

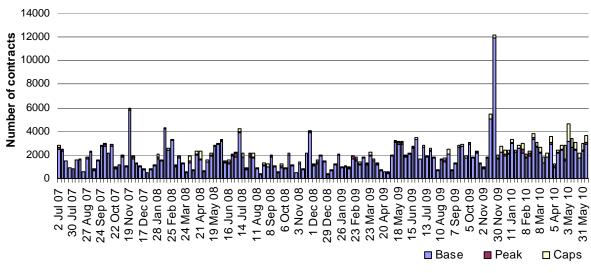
	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Q1 2011 (% Change)	20	0%	22	5%	27*	4%	40	0%
2011 (% Change)	9	0%	13	6%	11	6%	14	0%

Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

\* denotes trades in the product.

Figure 4 shows the weekly trading volumes for base, peak and cap contracts. The date represents the end of the trading week.

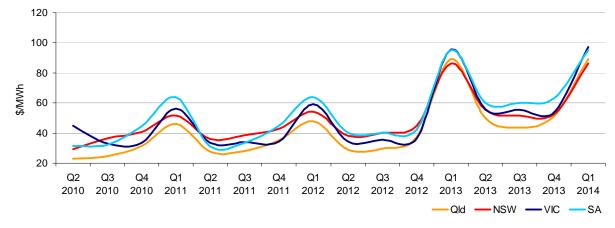
#### Figure 4: Number of exchange traded contracts per week



Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 5 shows the prices for base contracts for each quarter for the next four financial years.

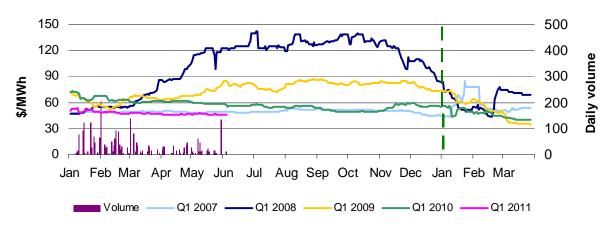
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Calculated on prices prior to rounding.





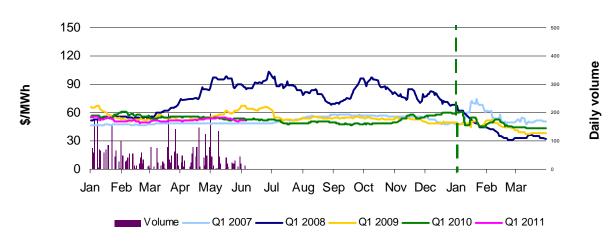
Figures 6-9 compare for each region the closing daily base contract prices for the first quarter of 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011. Also shown is the daily volume of Q1 2011 base contracts traded. The vertical dashed line signifies the start of the Q1 period for which the contracts are being purchased. To understand the diagrams, the dark-blue line demonstrates that throughout the middle of 2007, the market had an expectation of very high spot prices in the first quarter of 2008.





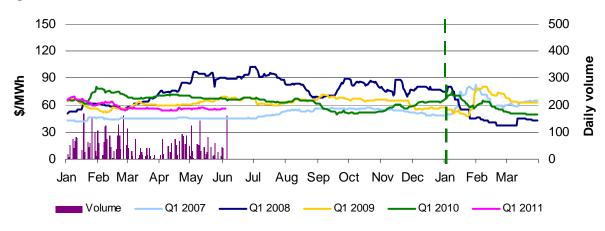
Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

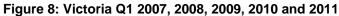
Figure 7: New South Wales Q1 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011



Source: d-cyphaTrade <u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u>

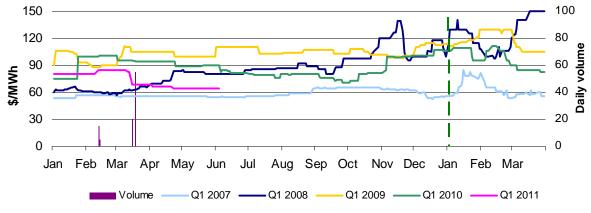
Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au





Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au





Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

\*The daily volume scale for South Australia is smaller than for other regions to reflect the lower liquidity in the market in South Australia.

\*\*This graph was modified on 23/7/2010 to correct an error in the original report.

#### Spot market forecasting variations

The AER is required under the National Electricity Rules to determine whether there is a significant variation between the forecast spot price published by the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO) and the actual spot price and, if there is a variation, state why the AER considers the significant price variation occurred. It is not unusual for there to be significant variations as demand forecasts vary and as participants react to changing market conditions. There were 208 trading intervals throughout the week where actual prices varied significantly from forecasts<sup>5</sup>. This compares to the weekly average in 2009 of 103 counts. Reasons for these variances are summarised in Figure  $10^6$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A trading interval is counted as having a variation if the actual price differs significantly from the forecast

price either four or 12 hours ahead. <sup>6</sup> The table summarises (as a percentage) the number of times when the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price four or 12 hours ahead and the major reason for that variation. The reasons are classified as availability (which means that there is a change in the total quantity or price offered for generation), demand forecast inaccuracy, changes to network capability or as a combination of factors (when there is not one dominant reason). An instance where both four and 12 hour ahead forecasts differ significantly from the actual price will be counted as two variations.

	Availability	Demand	Network	Combination
% of total above forecast	25	38	0	7
% of total below forecast	24	5	1	0

#### Figure 10: Reasons for variations between forecast and actual prices

# **Demand and bidding patterns**

The AER reviews demand, network limitations and generator bidding as part of its market monitoring to better understand the drivers behind price variations. Figure 11 shows the weekly change in total available capacity at various price levels during peak periods<sup>7</sup>. For example, in Queensland 620 MW less capacity was offered at prices under \$20/MWh this week compared to the previous week. Also included is the change in average demand during peak periods, for comparison.

Figure 11: Changes in available	generation	and average	demand	compared t	o the previous
week during peak periods					

MW	<\$20/MWh	Between \$20 and \$50/MWh	Total availability	Change in average demand
Qld	-620	-49	-549	-46
NSW	-98	297	74	-16
VIC	321	-324	-21	116
SA	15	26	18	93
TAS	121	132	295	-8
TOTAL	-261	82	-183	139

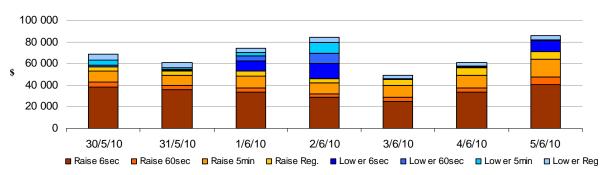
### Ancillary services market

The total cost of frequency control ancillary services (FCAS) on the mainland for the week was \$263 000 or less than one per cent of energy turnover on the mainland.

The total cost of FCAS in Tasmania for the week was \$221 000 or just over three per cent of energy turnover in Tasmania.

Figure 12 shows the daily breakdown of cost for each FCAS for the NEM.

Figure 12: Daily frequency control ancillary service cost



# Australian Energy Regulator June 2010

 $<sup>^{7}</sup>$  A peak period is defined as between 7 am and 10 pm on weekdays, which aligns with the SFE contract definition.

# **Detailed NEM Price**

# and Demand Trends

for Weekly Market Analysis 30 May - 5 June 2010

**AUSTRALIAN ENERGY** REGULATOR

# Table 1: Financial year to date spot market volume weighted average price

Financial year	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS
2009-10 (\$/MWh) (YTD)	38	54	43	86	30
2008-09 (\$/MWh) (YTD)	36	43	51	71	50
Change*	5%	25%	-15%	21%	-40%
2008-09 (\$/MWh)	36	43	49	69	62

#### Table 2: NEM turnover

Financial year	NEM Turnover** (\$, billion)	Energy (TWh)
2009-10 (YTD)	\$9.175	191
2008-09	\$9.413	208
2007-08	\$11.125	208

# Table 3: Recent monthly and quarterly spot market volume weighted average price and turnover

Volume weighted						Turnover
average (\$/MWh)	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	(\$, billion)
Feb-10	45	66	90	213	23	1.235
Mar-10	25	27	24	25	26	0.443
Apr-10	22	25	84	32	25	0.625
May-10	22	29	32	31	61	0.509
Jun-10 (MTD)	22	34	38	39	36	0.095
Q1 2010	46	52	67	134	27	3.014
Q1 2009	37	43	87	161	55	3.136
Change*	24%	20%	-23%	-17%	-52%	-3.89%

#### Table 4: ASX energy futures contract prices at end of 7 June

	QLD		NSW		VIC		SA	
Q1 2011	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak	Base	Peak
Price on 31 May (\$/MW)	46	80	51	87	55	102	64	100
Price on 07 Jun (\$/MW)	46	80	52	88	56	102	64	100
Open interest on 07 Jun	1827	122	3136	135	3536	20	45	0
Traded in the last week (MW)	145	0	80	15	256	0	0	0
Traded since 1 Jan 10 (MW)	2558	93	4276	125	4833	20	95	0
Settled price for Q1 10(\$/MW)	40	65	44	68	50	89	83	160

# Table 5: Changes to availability of low priced generation capacity offered to the market

-		-				
Comparison:	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS	NEM
April 10 with April 09						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	1050	-23	-169	118	158	1134
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	-673	895	289	-240	636	907
May 10 with May 09						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	1400	-590	-619	172	155	517
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	-707	1109	57	-121	213	551
June 10 with June 09 (MTD)						
MW Priced <\$20/MWh	820	-65	52	224	-24	1006
MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh	-815	870	-246	-50	281	39
*Noto, Those percentage change		منبه أمضلمانيه	1/10/0		a navvadina	

\*Note: These percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding

\*\* Estimated value