APA Group



BAN BAN SPRINGS SCRAPER STATION HAZARDOUS AREA DOSSIER



FYFE REFERENCE: 18756-5-HAD-005

APA REFERENCE: HAD DATA REPOSITORY/ ADP_1378_BBS

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Credential Exposure

PERSONNEL

Tony Bird from Fyfe Pty Ltd is a principal process engineer with over ten years of experience in hazardous area classifications of new and existing projects. His experience in the development of retrospective hazardous area classifications includes Palm Valley gas plant, Torrens Island power station, Pelican Point power station and numerous Santos facilities.

His experience covers oil and gas pipeline and facility projects during all stages of design from concept, feasibility, and FEED through to detailed design. He also has experience in procurement, construction supervision, commissioning and operations support of pipeline facilities.

Tony's responsibilities for this project included the examination of site, confirmation of installed equipment, and development of hazardous area classification and hazardous area mapping drawings.

Neville Green from Sitzler Pty Ltd is an electrical engineer with over ten years of experience in the design, construction, commissioning and inspection of installation in hazardous environment in the oil and gas industry. Neville has the following competencies in accordance to AS/NZS 4761(Refer attachments):

UTE NES 010 A Report on integrity of explosion protected equipment in hazardous areas UTE NES 107 Install explosion-protected equipment and wiring systems (Ex) UTE NES 707 Design electrical installations in hazardous areas (Ex)

Neville's role was to perform close inspection of all electrical equipment in accordance to AS/NZS 60079 series on site to verify installation. His role was also to review inspection sheets and provide recommendations for remedial actions to ensure compliance.

David Bourke from Fyfe Pty Ltd is the surveyor who completed three dimensional (3D) scanning and photography of the facilities. The 3D images were used by Fyfe drafters to update site arrangement drawings. The 3D scan data is retained by Fyfe for future use if required by APA Group.

METHODOLOGY

The Hazardous Area Verification Dossier is produced to ensure that the installation complies with the appropriate certification documents as well as with AS/NZS 2381.1 and any other relevant part of the AS/NZS 2381 and AS/NZS 60079 series. In addition equipment and installations where hazardous areas exist are required to comply with the applicable regulations of the applicable Australian State or Territory. It should be borne in mind that an installation can come under the jurisdiction of several authorities with different areas of responsibility, e.g. mining, electrical safety, handling and transport of flammable materials and occupational health and safety.



This dossier has been prepared in accordance with the following codes and standards:

- Dossiers AS 2381.1:2005 Electrical equipment for explosive gas atmospheres -Selection, installation and maintenance Part 1: General requirements
- Hazardous area AS/NZS 60079.10.1:2009 Explosive atmospheres: Classification of areas - Explosive gas atmospheres (IEC 60079-10-1, Ed. 1.0 (2008) MOD) (2009)
- AS/NZS 60079.17:2009: Explosive atmospheres Electrical installations inspection and maintenance (IEC 60079-17, Ed.4.0 (2007) MOD)

Note that a Hazardous Area Verification Dossier is a living document and should be updated by APA and / or its contractors. Any modifications to electrical equipment, including removing an instrument cover should be recorded and stored within the Dossier. Changes to the operation or equipment installed within the station will require a review of the hazardous area classification and may require revision of the classification, hazardous area mapping drawings, hazardous area equipment lists and associated certificates of conformity. An extract from AS 2381.1 (2005) is included to provide guidance to APA.

Equipment requires conformity to the following standards:

- AUS Ex
- IEC Ex

Previously AS / NZS Ex and FLP have been recognised certification standards for equipment in hazardous areas and may have been applicable at the time of construction / installation. Equipment that was identified as having any of the certification to show conformity to the above standards was deemed to be acceptable. Where no certification was available or certification was available to standards not recognised in Australia, a conformity assessment document (CAD) is required. The CAD shall be completed by a suitably qualified organisation and the associated residual risk shall be accepted by the head of APA. For new installations, equipment with the correct certificates of conformity should be used unless no item exists and then a CAD should be produced. No information on the date of installation/ of equipment purchase/manufacturer has been provided of the site. Therefore no checking has been undertaken to determine the currency of the certificate at the time of installation.

DISCLAIMER

Opportunities for improvements (OFI) are provided for items associated with hazardous area and general engineering. The scope of work for the project was to identify hazardous area and provide visual inspection of the equipment. The visual inspection did not include opening of equipment and the OFIs are limited to the level of inspection. General engineering OFIs are non-exhaustive and require APA to confirm the OFI and the recommendation.



Extract from AS 2381.1 (2005)

1.6 DOCUMENTATION

It is necessary to ensure that any installation complies with the appropriate certification documents as well as with this Standard and any other requirements specific to the plant on which the installation takes place.

To achieve this result, a verification dossier shall be prepared for every plant and shall be either kept on the premises or stored in another location in which case a document shall be left on the premises indicating who the owner or owners are and where that information is kept, so that when required, copies may be obtained. This dossier should contain the information detailed in the appropriate Parts of this series of Standards for the types of protection concerned.

Up-to-date information typically required is as follows:

- a) Where applicable a statement of the identity of the person(s) having legal ownership of the installation or parts thereof and where the verification dossier is located.
- b) The classification of hazardous areas and the Standards used for the classification.
- c) Equipment group and temperature class.
- d) Installation instructions.
- e) Documentation/certification for electrical equipment, including those items with special conditions, for example, equipment with certificate numbers that have the suffix 'X'.
- f) Descriptive system document for the intrinsically safe system.
- g) Documentation relating to the suitability of the equipment for the area and environment to which it will be exposed, e.g. T rating, Ex rating, IP rating, corrosion resistance.
- h) Documentation certifying that the equipment is rated for the voltages and frequency applied during normal operation.
- i) Manufacturer's/qualified person's declaration, e.g. tradesperson's documentation and inspector's inspection reports.
- j) Records sufficient to enable the explosion-protected equipment to be maintained in accordance with its type of protection (for example, list and location of equipment, spares, technical information).
- k) Records covering any maintenance, overhaul and repair of the equipment.
- I) Records of selection criteria for cable entry systems for compliance with the requirements for the particular explosion technique.
- m) Drawings and schedules relating to circuit identification (see Clause 3.8.16).
- n) In New Zealand, the Hazardous Area Statement of Periodic Verification on completion of a periodic inspection. (Refer to Appendix B).



Where alternative methods of equipment identification are used for inspection in accordance with Clause 4.3 then additional documentation to support the traceability of the equipment shall be provided.

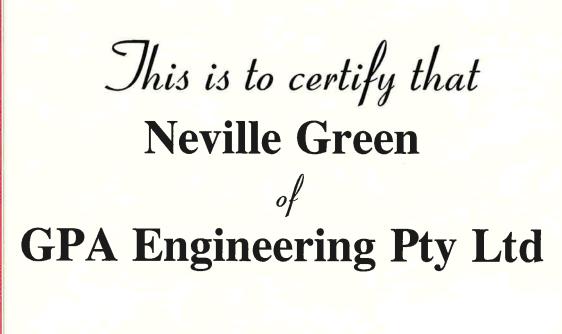
It shall be the responsibility of the person(s) having legal ownership of the installation or parts thereof to ensure that the relevant information is produced but the preparation of the document may be delegated to expert bodies/organizations. The dossier may be kept as hard copy or in electronic form.

1.7 QUALIFICATIONS OF PERSONNEL

The design, construction, maintenance, testing and inspection of installations covered by this Standard shall be carried out only by competent persons whose training has included instruction on the various types of protection and installation practices, relevant rules and regulations and on the general principles of area classification. The competency of the person shall be relevant to the type of work to be undertaken.

Appropriate continuing education or training should be undertaken by personnel on a regular basis.

Competency may be demonstrated in accordance with AS/NZS 4761, Competencies for working with electrical equipment for hazardous areas (EEHA), or equivalent training and assessment framework.



Completed the 3 day

Electrical Safety in Hazardous Areas

Training Course
26th to 28th February 2001

Signed:

CR Baker

Colin Baker CEng, MIEE, MInstMC, FIICA
Partner, Principal Consultant & H-Class Electrical Inspector

Certificate Number: 2001.02.26-28/05

This 24 hour short course is recognised by
The Institution of Engineers, Australia, for Continuing Professional Development (CPD) purposes

Explosion Protection Technology, 8 Kirkfell Court, Berwick, Victoria 3806, Australia



This is a Statement that

Neville Owain Green

has been assessed as having fulfilled the following requirements

UTE NES 010 A	Report on the integrity of explosion-protected equipment in hazardous areas
UTE NES 107 TA	Install explosion-protected equipment & wiring systems (Ex mixed)
UTE NES 107 WA	Install explosion-protected equipment & wiring systems (Ex n)
UTE NES 107 XA	Install explosion-protected equipment & wiring systems (Ex i)
UTE NES 107 YA	Install explosion-protected equipment & wiring systems (Ex e)
UTE NES 107 ZA	Install explosion-protected equipment & wiring systems (Ex d)
UTE NES 707 TA	Design electrical installations in hazardous areas (Ex mixed)
UTE NES 707 WA	Design electrical installations in hazardous areas (Ex n)
UTE NES 707 XA	Design electrical installations in hazardous areas (Ex i)
UTE NES 707 YA	Design electrical installations in hazardous areas (Éx e)
UTE NES 707 ZA	Design electrical installations in hazardous areas (Ex d)

in partial completion of the following qualification Certificate IV in Electrotechnology (Explosion-protection) UTE 4 07 99

> Prepared by Sarah Petrides Administration Assistant

Approved by Sam Zacha Managing Director

Date of Issue: 5 December 2007

National Provider Code 51160







This statement of attainment is recognised within the Australian Qualifications Framework

Certificate No.: 1089-1-07 Page 1 of 1



Table of Contents

- 1 Site Information
- 2 Hazardous Area Classification Report
- 3 Observation for Improvement (OFI)
- 4 Hazardous Area Mapping Drawings
- 5 Hazardous Area Equipment Register and Certificates of Conformity
- 6 Datasheets and Electrical Drawings
- 7 Calculations
- 8 Manufacturer's Data Report (MDR); Installation, Operating and Maintenance (IOM) Manual
- 9 Maintenance Register
- 10 Inspection Register
- 11 Overhaul, Repair, Modification and Replacement Register
- 12 Schedule of Equipment and Conditions Requiring Compliance Status Attention

Revision History:

Rev.	Status	Date	Prepared	Reviewed	Approved
Α	Preliminary issue for client's review	29-Sep-2011	AZP	TCB	
0	Original Issue	01-Nov-2011	AZP	TCB	EZG



1 Site Information

An inspection on the Ban Ban Springs scraper station site was performed on the 7th and 8th of September 2011 by Tony Bird, a principal process engineer from Fyfe, Neville Green, an electrical engineer from Sitzler and David Bourke, a surveyor from Fyfe.

A scraper station is provided at Ban Ban Springs at KP1378 along the length of the pipeline to allow cleaning and inspection of the pipeline. At Ban Ban Springs the gas comes from Helling scraper station and goes to Batchelor MLV. The station consists of DN300 above ground connections. A scraper receiver and launcher are installed along with a buried hydraulically actuated valve. The actuated valve includes electric solenoids to allow remote operation. Pig passage indicators are installed on the pipeline and scraper vessels.

The DN300 pipeline from Helling passes to an above ground scraper receiver, fitted with pig sig, DN 25 local vent, pressure indicator, quick opening closure and valving to allow operation. During normal operation gas bypasses the scrapers via underground pipe-work and flows through the actuated valve, the scraper vessels are closed, isolated from the pipeline and depressurised. A pipeline riser is fitted with pressure transmitter, pressure indicator, there is a buried valve with above ground pneumatic actuator.

There is a DN 200 vertical blowdown stack fitted with quick opening closure. The stack has buried connections and valves to the scraper receiver and launcher.

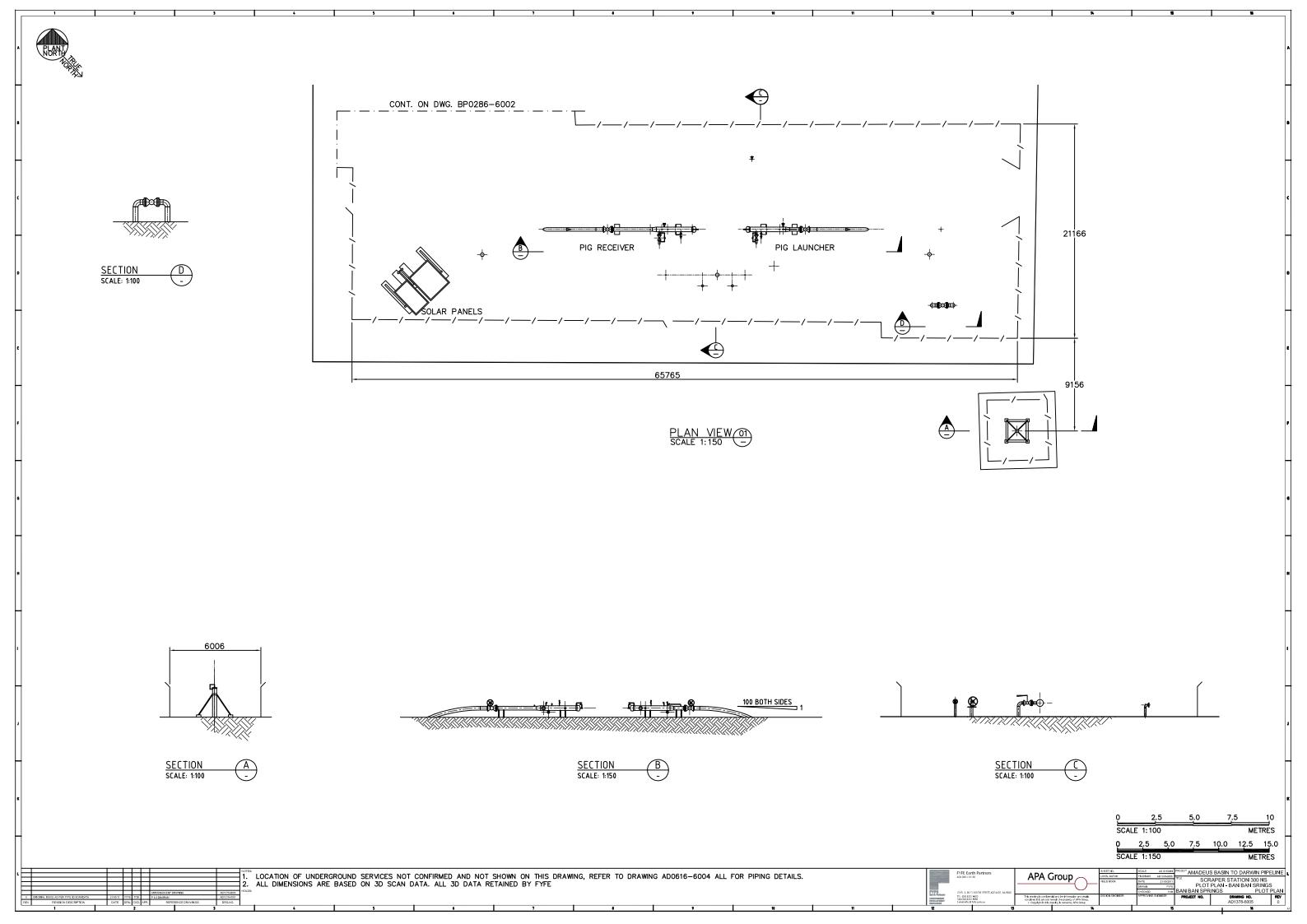
Downstream of the pipeline is fitted with with a temperature transmitter, pressure transmitter, and pressure indicator. The scraper launcher is fitted with DN 25 local vent, pressure indicator, and quick opening closure and valving. A pig sig is installed on the pipeline near scraper launcher.

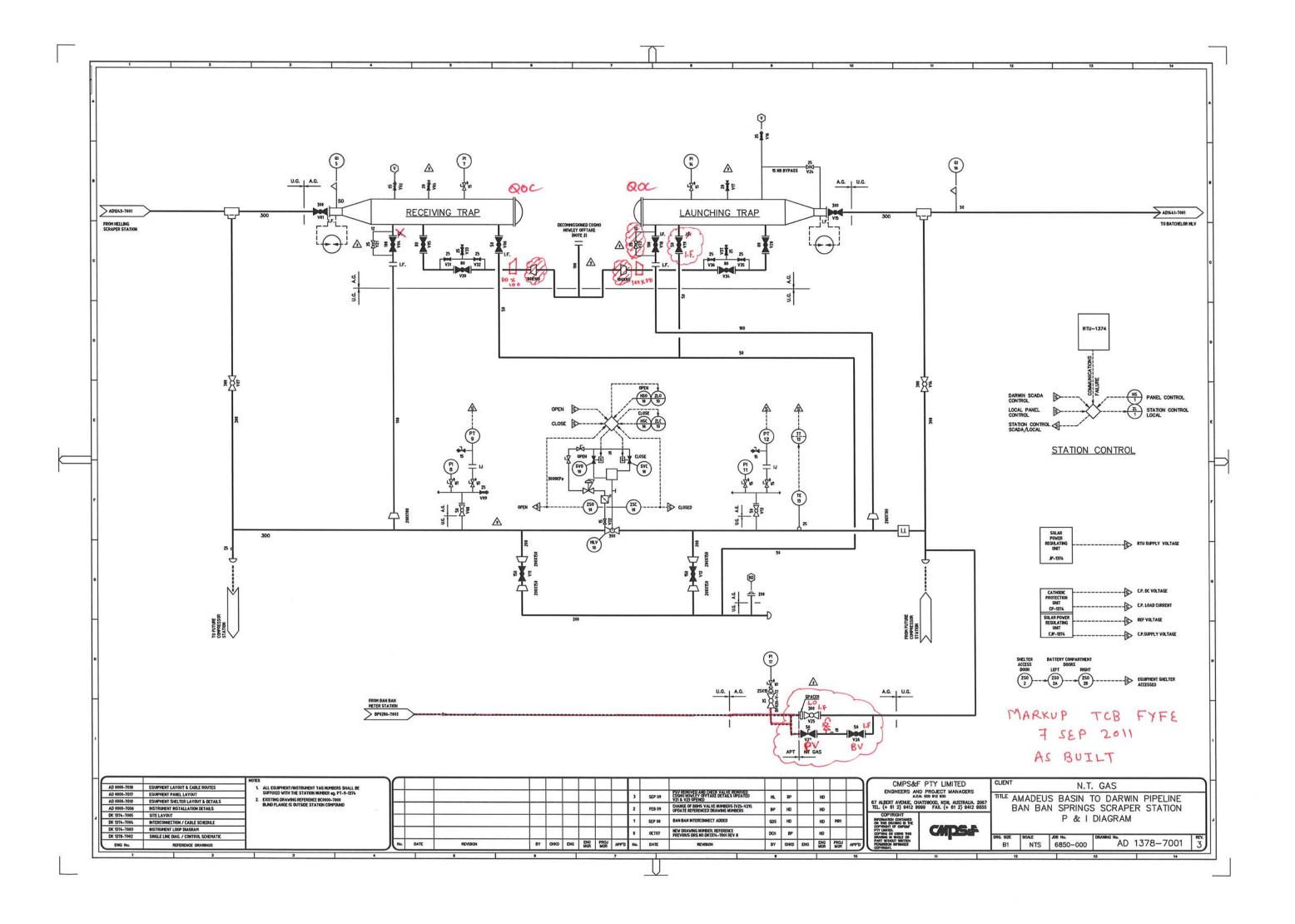
APA GROUP – AMADEUS BASIN TO DARWIN PIPELINE BAN BAN SPRINGS SCRAPER STATION HAZARDOUS AREA DOSSIER



The site arrangement drawings and P&IDs for Katherine meter station can be found overleaf.

Drawing Numbe	r Description	Revision
APA Group Arra	ngement Drawing	
Fyfe Updated Plot Plan		
AD 1378-6005	Scraper station 300 NS - Ban Ban Springs	0
P&ID		
AD 1378-7001	Ban Ban Springs Scraper Station	3







2 Hazardous Area Classification Report

This section contains the hazardous area classification report written for the Amadeus Basin to Darwin pipeline facilities.

APA Group



AMADEUS BASIN TO DARWIN PIPELINE HAZARDOUS AREA CLASSIFICATION



FYFE REFERENCE: 18756-4-HAD-001

APA REFERENCE: HAD DATA REPOSITORY/ADP_18756_HADC

Prepared by:	Tony Bird Principal Process Engineer - Fyfe	Date:	24-Nov-2011
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

2.1	INTROD	UCTION	3
2.	1.1 Obje	ective	3
2.		pe of Stations	
2.		lusions	
2.	1.4 Rev	ision History	5
	2.1.4.1	Revision A	
	2.1.4.2	Revision B	5
	2.1.4.3	Revision C	
	2.1.4.4	Revision D	6
	2.1.4.5	Revision E	
	2.1.4.6	Revision 0	
2.2	Method	ology	
2.3		ces	
2.3	3.1 Aus	tralian Standards	8
		rnational Standards	
2.4		Description and Operations	
		cess Description	
	2.4.1.1	Overview	
	2.4.1.2	Mereenie	
	2.4.1.3	Palm Valley	
	2.4.1.4	Palm Valley Alice Springs	
	2.4.1.5	Tylers Pass	
	2.4.1.6	Tennant Creek Metering Station	
	2.4.1.7	Elliott Meter Station	
	2.4.1.8	Daly Waters Scraper and Meter Station	
	2.4.1.9	Katherine Offtake	
	2.4.1.10		
	2.4.1.11		
	2.4.1.12	Darwin City Gate	16
	2.4.1.13	Channel Island	17
	2.4.1.14		
	2.4.1.15	Ban Ban Springs Scraper Station	18
	2.4.1.16	Warrego Scraper Station	19
	2.4.1.17		_
		Bachelor Mainline Valve	
		rating Conditions	
2.4	4.3 Ven	tilation	20
2.5	Properti	es of Hazardous Materials	21
2.	5.1 Gas	es Handled	21
2.	5.2 Liqu	ids Handled	
	2.5.2.1	Filter Separator Drains	
	2.5.2.2	Odorant	
2.6	EQUIPM	IENT SELECTION	24
2.7	CLASSI	FICATION	25
2.	7.1 Pipi	ng	25
	2.7.1.1	Process Piping	25
	2.7.1.2	Instrument Gas Piping	
	2.7.1.3	Fuel Gas Piping	
	2.7.1.4	Control Valves	
	2.7.1.5	Pressure Relief and Safety Relief Valves	
	2.7.1.6	Mainline Valves	27



2.7.1.7	Local Vent Point	28
2.7.1.8	Pine Creek Vent Stack	
2.7.1.9	Pipeline Blowdown	28
2.7.1.10	Low Velocity Vents	29
	per Vessels	
	cyclone and Filter Separators	
2.7.4 Slop	Tanks	30
	er Bath Heaters	
2.7.6 Cata	lytic Heater	31
2.7.7 Knoo	kout Pots	32
2.7.8 Gas	Chromatograph System	32
2.7.9 Wate	er Dew Point Analyser / Gas Sampler	33
2.7.10 Odoi	rant Injection System	34
2.7.10.1	Odorant Pipework	34
2.7.10.2	Odorant Storage Tank	35
	Odorant Injection Pumps	
	ınd Effect	
2.7.12 Vapo	our Barriers	37
APPENDIX A	HAZARDOUS AREA CLASSIFICATION DATA SHEET	38
APPENDIX B	HAZARDOUS AREA MAPPING DRAWINGS	44

Revision History:

Rev.	Status	Date	Prepared	Reviewed	QA
Α	Preliminary Issue	30/08/2010	YZW	TCB	
В	Revised to Incorporate Information from 2011 Part 1 Site Inspection	24/08/2011	TCB	RDK	
С	Revised to Incorporate Comments from Client	19/09/2011	TCB	RDK	
D	Revised to following 2011 Part 3 and Part 4 site inspections	26/09/2011	TCB	RDK	
Е	Revised following 2011 Part 2 site inspections	10/10/2011	TCB	RDK	
0	Original Issue	24/11/2011	ТСВ	RDK	EZG



2.1 INTRODUCTION

2.1.1 OBJECTIVE

The hazardous area classification covers the above ground gas regulating and metering stations, scraper stations and mainline valves in the Northern Territory Gas Network.

The pipeline and facilities were originally constructed in 1985 with the additional facilities added to supply new users and supply points. No hazardous area documentation was completed at the time of the construction as there were no Australian Standards for hazardous area classification in 1985. The selection, installation and maintenance of electrical equipment were covered by AS 1076 series (1977).

This report documents the results of a Hazardous Area Classification undertaken for the facilities mentioned in Section 2.4.

The interpretation and application of this classification should take into account that Hazardous Area Classifications are inherently "imprecise" and involve assumption based estimates, code interpretation and engineering judgement.



2.1.2 SCOPE OF STATIONS

The scope of stations covered by this hazardous area classification is shown below:

Station	Description	KP
Palm Valley	Meter Station	0000
Palm Valley Alice Springs	Meter Station	0000
Mereenie	Meter Station	0000*
Tylers Pass	Transfer Station	0045
Tanami Road	Scraper Station	0161
Aileron	Mainline valve	0241
Ti Tree	Scraper Station	0316
Barrow Creek	Mainline Valve	0401
Wauchope	Scraper Station	0458
Kelly Well	Mainline Valve	0546
Tennant Creek	Meter Station	0025†
Warrego	Scraper Station ONLY	0610
Morphett Creek	Mainline Valve	0660
Renner Springs	Scraper Station	0733
Fergusson	Mainline Valve	0791
Elliott Meter Station	Meter Station	0003‡
Daly Waters	Meter Station	0982
Newcastle Waters	Scraper Station	0844
Katherine Offtake	Scraper Station	0000**
Katherine	Meter Station	0005**
Larrimah	Mainline Valve	1053
Mataranka	Scraper Station ONLY	1108
Tindal	Mainline Valve	1209
Helling	Scraper Station	1243
Pine Creek	Meter Station	1317
Ban Ban Springs	Scraper Station	1378
Batchelor	Mainline Valve	1441
Acacia	Mainline Valve	1465
Berry Springs	Mainline Valve	1486
Darwin City Gate	Meter Station	1498
Channel Island	Meter Station	1510

^{*} On Mereenie to Tylers Pass Pipeline

- † On ADP to Tennant Creek Pipeline
- ‡ On ADP to Elliott Pipeline

^{**} On ADP to Katherine Pipeline



2.1.3 EXCLUSIONS

The following stations are excluded from this hazardous area classification

- Alice Springs facilities (owned and operated by Envestra),
- McArthur River Mine pipeline lateral facilities,
- Warrego compression facilities (scraper facilities are included),
- · Tenant Creek offtake.
- Helling scraper station training pipework,
- · Cosmo Howley facilities,
- Mt Todd facilities.
- · Weddell facilities.
- Mataranka meter station.

The hazardous area classification does not consider the hazardous area associated with equipment not included in the pipeline licence, e.g. gas plants at Mereenie and Palm Valley, and the gas reticulation facilities at Darwin.

2.1.4 REVISION HISTORY

2.1.4.1 Revision A

The hazardous area classification was raised and issued following the inspection of four sites on the Amadeus Basin to Darwin Pipeline in 2010, as listed below:

- Darwin City Gate Station
- · Channel Island Station
- Helling Scraper Station
- · Pine Creek Station

2.1.4.2 Revision B

Further inspection of sites was undertaken in August 2011 and the hazardous area classification updated to incorporate sources of hazardous release from the equipment at these sites. The additional sites inspected were:

- Mereenie Station
- Palm Valley Meter Station
- Palm Valley Interconnect / Alice Springs Meter Station
- Tylers Pass Station
- Tanami Road Scraper Station
- Aileron Valve Site
- Ti Tree Scraper Station

2.1.4.3 Revision C

The hazardous area classification updated to incorporate comments and recommendations from APA.



2.1.4.4 Revision D

Further inspection of sites was undertaken in September 2011 and the hazardous area classification updated to incorporate sources of hazardous release from the equipment at these sites. The additional sites inspected were:

- Katherine Meter Station
- Mataranka Scraper Station
- Ban Ban Springs Scraper Station
- · Batchelor Valve Site
- Berry Springs Valve Site

In addition there were some revisions to site descriptions for the stations included at revision to ensure consistency.

2.1.4.5 Revision E

Further inspection of sites was undertaken in October 2011 and the hazardous area classification updated to incorporate sources of hazardous release from the equipment at these sites. The additional sites inspected were:

- Wauchope Scraper Station
- Tennant Creek Meter Station
- Warrego Springs Scraper Station
- Renner Springs Scraper Station
- Elliott Meter Stations
- Newcastle Waters Scraper Station
- · Daly Waters Meter Station

2.1.4.6 Revision 0

· Original Issue for use.



2.2 METHODOLOGY

This Hazardous Area Classification has been carried out in accordance with the "source-by-source" guidance taken from AS/NZS 60079.10.1 (Standards Association of Australia and New Zealand), in association with IP Code Part 15 (Institute of Petroleum – UK) and API RP 505 (American Petroleum Institute – USA).

The potential leaks that can be anticipated in both normal and abnormal operations have been considered, such as the failure of a valve gland and the partial failure of a gasket flange. The application of explosion proof (Ex) equipment will make sure that ignition does not take place. The classification does not allow for catastrophic failure of pipework or equipment where the associated mechanical effects are almost certain to cause ignition.

The extent of Zone 0, 1 and 2 areas has been identified by investigating each relevant source or type of source.

Due to the imprecision inherent in hazardous area classification, the designation of small non-hazardous area within larger hazard areas has been avoided.

Natural boundaries have been used to define zone limits where reasonably practical. In some cases, where believed adequate, this has reduced the assigned area to some extent. In other cases, where there is no economic disadvantage, the zone areas have been extended to simplify their arrangement.

The equipment and pipework in the stations are installed in open outdoor (all sides of the compounds are open and the stations are not installed in natural depressions), therefore they are considered adequately ventilated. This classification assumes that all stations on the ADP covered by this report are well maintained at all times.



2.3 REFERENCES

2.3.1 AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS

AS/NZS Explosive atmospheres

60079.10.1:2009 Part 10.1: Classification of areas - Explosive gas

atmospheres

(IEC 60079-10-1, Ed.1.0(2008) MOD)

AS/NZS Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres 60079.20:2000 Part 20: Data for flammable gases and vapours,

relating to the use of electrical apparatus

2.3.2 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

IP 15 Model code of safe practice

Third Edition, 2005 Part 15: Area classification code for installations

handling flammable fluids

API RP 505 Classification of locations for electrical installations at

First Edition, 1997 petroleum facilities classified as Class I, Zone 0, Zone

1, and Zone 2



2.4 PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND OPERATIONS

2.4.1 PROCESS DESCRIPTION

2.4.1.1 Overview

The Amadeus Darwin Pipeline (ADP) was constructed to deliver gas from the Palm Valley and Mereenie gas plants in the south of the Northern Territory to Darwin in the north of the territory. Several offtakes have been added to supply users along the length of the pipeline. The pipeline is approximately 1,513 km long.

Currently, the majority of the gas is supplied to the ADP from Wadeye via the Bonaparte pipeline. The Bonaparte pipeline connects in to the ADP at Ban Ban Springs.

Typically drains and vents in the facilities are fitted with plugs or caps and therefore are not a source of release during normal operation. Drains are operated only when then the pipeline is depressured and do not require further consideration, vent points marked with BD on the P&IDs are assumed to be operated during routine operation and maintenance of the station and require consideration as a source of release.

2.4.1.2 Mereenie

Gas to the Mereenie station comes from the Santos operated Mereenie gas plant. Currently there is no contract for the supply of gas from Mereenie, however the station remains pressurised and can be returned to operation if required.

The station consists of DN 200 above ground connection to the Mereenie gas plant. Close to the connection point are temperature and pressure transmitters and high temperature and pressure trips and a station limit valve (SLV). The SLV is pneumatically actuated from instrument gas conditioned locally. The instrument gas system is provided with a local PSV that vents to atmosphere.

The gas then passes to two parallel filter separators. The filter separators are horizontal and fitted with quick opening closures to allow removal of the filter elements. The filter separators have been swapped with the filters originally installed at Palm Valley and this required some pipework modifications. The liquids removed from the gas are collected in a drain boot underneath the filter separator. The liquids are drained back to the Mereenie production facility. The filter separators are fitted with the following instrumentation; pressure indicator, differential pressure transmitter, level glasses, high level switches and a PSV.

From each filter separator the gas flows to a meter run. The flow meters are orifice meters that are fitted with flow conditioners, pressure transmitter, a low range and a high range differential pressure transmitter and a temperature transmitter. A blowdown point is provided on each meter run that can blow down the meter run and filter separator.

The pipework downstream of each meter run joins to a common line. There is a DN 20 blowdown point and an insertion sample probe installed to provide gas samples for the gas chromatograph and dew point analyser.

The gas then passes underground through a manual station limit valve to the Mereenie to Tylers Pass pipeline. There is a scraper launcher installed with quick opening closure, pressure indicator, blow down vent and associated valving for the launching of pigs.



2.4.1.3 Palm Valley

The Palm Valley metering station receives gas from the Magellan Petroleum operated Palm Valley gas plant.

The station consists of DN 300 above ground connection to the Palm Valley gas plant. Close to the connection point are temperature and pressure transmitters and high value trips and a station limit valve (SLV). The SLV is pneumatically actuated from instrument gas conditioned locally. The instrument gas system is provided with a local PSV that vents to atmosphere.

The gas then passes to two parallel filter separators. The filter separators are horizontal and fitted with quick opening closures to allow removal of the filter elements. The filter separators have been swapped with the filters originally installed at Mereenie; the filters are installed in the same location and have required minimal pipework modifications. The liquids removed from the gas are collected in a drain boot underneath the filter separator. Liquids are removed to temporary containers. The filter separators are fitted with the following instrumentation; pressure indicator, differential pressure transmitter, level glasses, high level switches and a PSV.

From each filter separator the gas passes to a meter run. The flow meters are orifice meters that are fitted with flow conditioners, pressure transmitter, a low range and a high range differential pressure transmitter and a temperature transmitter. A blowdown point is provided on each meter run that can blow down the meter run and filter separator.

The pipework downstream of each meter run joins to a common line. There is a DN 20 blowdown point and an insertion sample probe installed to provide gas samples for the gas chromatograph and dew point analyser.

The gas then passes underground through a manual station limit valve to the Palm Valley to Tylers Pass pipeline. The underground section of pipe is fitted with a blowdown point. A connection point and additional valve has been installed on the blowdown stack to provide gas to the Palm Valley to Alice Springs station. The connection point for the gas analyser has been relocated to this section of pipework to allow measurement of the gas that passes from the Amadeus Darwin Pipeline to the Alice Springs Pipeline. The pipework to the Palm Valley to Alice Springs Pipeline passes underground to a point adjacent to the Palm Valley to Alice Springs compound. There is a flanged connection to the compound fence line.

There is a scraper launcher installed with quick opening closure, pressure indicator, blow down vent and associated valving for the launching of pigs to the ADP.

2.4.1.4 Palm Valley Alice Springs

The Palm Valley Alice Springs site, also referred to as the Palm Valley Interconnect receives gas from either the Magellan operated Palm Valley gas plant or from the ADP via the Palm Valley metering station.

The gas supply from the ADP is fed to a skid. The skid has recently been modified by APA, although no information is available. From the existing P&IDs and inspection; the pipe from the Palm Valley station is DN 100. The pipe decreases to DN 80 on the skid. At the inlet to the skid there is a pressure transmitter and indicator. The gas passes to a flow meter with pressure and temperature correction. Isolation valves and a manual bypass are provided. The skid is supplied with two pressure control valves, the main one is electro-pneumatic and the stand-by one is pneumatic controlled and actuated. Downstream of the control valves is an actuated valve fitted with pressure pilots and solenoids. The instrument gas for the control valves is conditioned from the transmission gas. The instrument gas is fitted with dual pressure regulators, knock out pot, filter, a PSV and high and low pressure pilots that close the actuated valve. The vents from all two valve instrument manifolds are tubed to a location at the edge of the skid roof.



The line from the Palm Valley gas plant is DN 100 which increases to DN 200. The gas then passes to a restriction orifice (RO). Upstream of the RO is the DN 50 kicker line connection to the scraper launcher. Downstream of the RO is the connection from the ADP. Next there is a station limit valve (SLV) that isolates Palm Valley to Alice Springs pipeline from both gas feeds. The SLV is pneumatically actuated from instrument gas conditioned locally and closes when a low pressure is sensed in the pipeline.

The scraper launcher is fitted with a quick opening closure, a pressure indicator, pressure relief valve and valves to allow operation.

Parallel to the scraper launcher is a wall. The wall is 1.8 m away from the centre line of the scraper launcher. The impact of the wall on the hazardous zones will be to extend the size of the hazardous area zone (refer section 2.7.12).

2.4.1.5 Tylers Pass

At Tylers Pass the gas from Mereenie and Palm Valley are commingled and odorant is added. The DN 250 pipeline from Mereenie passes to an above ground scraper receiver, fitted with pig sig, vent, pressure indicator, quick opening closure and valving to allow operation. During normal operation the gas bypasses the scraper vessel via underground pipework. A pipeline riser is fitted with pressure transmitter, pressure indicator and high pressure trip. Downstream, there is a buried valve with above ground pneumatic actuator. The actuator is powered by instrument gas conditioned locally from the transmission gas.

The gas from Palm Valley is similar to the Mereenie connection but does not have a scraper receiver. The pipeline is DN 350 and includes a riser with pressure transmitter and pressure indicator upstream of a buried valve with above ground pneumatic actuator. The actuator is powered by instrument gas conditioned locally from the transmission gas.

There is a DN 200 vertical blowdown stack fitted with quick opening closure. The stack has buried connections and valves to the pipeline sections to Mereenie, Palm Valley and Tanami Road, as well as the scraper receiver.

Downstream of the two actuated valves the two pipeline sections join and are fitted with a temperature transmitter, pressure transmitter, pressure indicator, instrument gas offtake and odorant injection point.

The odorant injection package consists of an odorant storage pressure vessel, instrument gas conditioning and control and odorant dosing pumps. The storage vessel is fitted with a pressure relief valve, pressure indicator, two level glasses, a level transmitter and a continuous vent fitted with adsorption vapour filter. The vent from the tank is fitted with a cap so that the discharge point is vertically downwards. The instrument gas conditioning equipment comprises two regulators to reduce the pressure to 400 kPag. The tank blanket instrument gas is regulated to 15 kPag by a pressure regulator / over pressure shut off (OPSO) valve. The injection pump instrument gas is regulated to 400 kPag by a regulator. Control of the odorant injection pumps is by solenoid valves. The odorant dosing pumps suction is connected to the bottom of the odorant storage vessel. The discharge of each odorant dosing pump is fitted with a flow switch and pressure relief valve. The odorant injection point is fitted with an averaging chamber and a site flow indicator.

Note that there is no gas supply from Mereenie or Palm Valley and the gas flow through Tylers Pass is in the reverse direction. At the time of inspection the odorant plant was not operating.



2.4.1.6 Tennant Creek Metering Station

The Tennant Creek pressure reduction and metering station receives gas from ADP to Tennant Creek Pipeline, approximately 25 km long, and supplies the Tennant Creek power generation site. The Tennant Creek Station comprises of two filter separators, two water bath heaters, an atmospheric slop tank, control valves, pressure regulators, pressure relief valves, and the related pipework, instrumentation and valving.

The inlet to the station is DN 100 and consists of a scraper receiver vessel. The scraper vessel is fitted with local vent, PSV, pressure indicator and associated pipework and valving. The closure on the vessel is a blind flange.

The piping in parallel to the scraper receiver is fitted with a pressure transmitter, pressure gauge and a buried mainline valve. The valve has an aboveground gas over oil hydraulic actuator.

The gas then passes through two parallel filter separators. Upstream of both filter separators are temperature control valves that reduce the pressure to 5,200 kPag / 17°C [based on operating conditions at the time of the site visit]. The temperature control valves are provided with cascade control for pressure and temperature. The filter separators are fitted with a differential pressure transmitter, pressure indicator, high liquid level switches and high-high liquid level switches. The liquids are drained manually to an elevated slops tank. The slop tank is fitted with a liquid level glass and hose to allow emptying.

Gas from the filter separators is then heated by indirect fired water bath heaters to approximately 60 °C. The water bath heaters are operated as duty - standby, with the standby heater remaining 'hot' to allow quick change over, controlled by the actuated valves on the inlet to each heater.

The heated gases from heaters pass through two parallel regulator / meter runs. The regulator / meter runs are operated in duty - standby and each contains active - monitor pressure regulators. The meter skids are provided with two actuated valves that close on high pressure downstream of the regulators. Additional high pressure switches at the station outlet initiate a station ESD. Further over pressure protection is provided by a PSV at the station outlet. A meter is provided in each run. The meters are orifice meters with upstream flow conditioners, temperature transmitters, pressure transmitters and high and low range differential pressure transmitters. Each run is provided with a local blowdown point, pressure indicators and valving.

The station outlet is provided with a temperature indicator, temperature transmitter and low temperature switches. There is also provision for the installation of a future gas sampler. The connection to the Tennant Creek power generation site is DN 100.

Pipework downstream of the heater is fitted with insulation up to the station outlet.

Instrument gas is conditioned locally for each actuated valve and temperature control valve. Gas is conditioned at each water bath heater to provide fuel gas for the pilot and main burners. The fuel gas conditioning trains comprise of a pre-heat coil, strainer, primary pressure regulating valve, actuated ESD valves, secondary pressure regulating valve, meter and a temperature control valve.

A control system provides control and telemetry for the various process measurement parameters. The control system provides flow control and high pressure automatic shutdown functionality and allows remote operator shutdown. The control system is powered by single phase 230 VAC power supply, with back up batteries.



2.4.1.7 Elliott Meter Station

The Elliott Meter Station receives gas from a DN 50 lateral from the ADP. The lateral is approximately 4 km long and provides gas for the Elliott power generation site. The station consists of a scraper receiving vessel, dry gas filter, filter separator, knock out pot, two stages of pressure regulation, a catalytic heater, metering run, slop tank, atmospheric vent stack and the associated pipework, valves and instrumentation.

At the inlet to the station is a scraper receiving vessel. The scraper vessel is fitted with local vent, PSV, pressure indicator and associated pipework and valving. The closure on the vessel is a blind flange.

The main gas flow to the skid passes to an actuated valve. The gas is then filtered in a dry gas filter. The filter is horizontal and fitted with a quick opening closure, differential pressure gauge, PSV and vent.

The gas then passes to a temperature gauge and then two parallel pressure regulators that operate in duty and standby that reduce the gas pressure to 3,000 kPag.

The gas passes to a filter separator fitted with a differential pressure gauge with inductive high differential pressure switch, level gauge, pneumatic liquid level controller and control valve and high liquid level switch, pressure relief valve.

The gas from the filter separator passes to a knock out pot and then to a catalytic heater. The catalytic heater is decommissioned and has not operated for some time.

From the heater the gas passes to the second stage pressure regulators. The gas is reduced in pressure to 500 kPag in the parallel pressure regulators, operating in a duty-standby arrangement.

The gas is then metered in a rotary positive displacement meter that is corrected for temperature and pressure. Upstream of the meter is a second pressure relief valve.

Instrument gas for the site instrumentation and fuel gas for the catalytic heater are conditioned in an offtake from the outlet of the skid and distributed as required.

A control system provides control and telemetry for the various process measurement parameters. The control system provides flow control and high pressure automatic shutdown functionality and allows remote operator shutdown. The control system is powered by single phase 230 VAC power supply, with back up batteries.

2.4.1.8 Daly Waters Scraper and Meter Station

The Daly Waters Scraper and Meter Station is located at KP 0982 on the ADP and consists of a scraper receiver, scraper launcher and a filter, meter and pressure regulator station. The scraper part of the station is on the ADP and is the same as the scraper stations described in section 2.4.14. The meter part of station provides filtration and metering for the McArthur Mine River Pipeline. The meter station consists of gas over oil hydraulically actuated mainline, filter separators, metering, pressure regulation, a scraper launcher and associated pipework, valving and instrumentation.

The connection to the meter station is from the underground future compressor connection on the southern side (nominally upstream) of the scraper station. An above ground DN 350 blank flange has been provided for future connections. The connection to the meter station is DN 150 and consists of a ball valve with pressurising bypass and a downstream blank flange. The connection to the meter skid is by approximately 50 m of DN 150 welded pipe across the station.

The metering station is installed on two skid frames. The first comprises of an actuated valve, two dry gas filters, two meters, pressure control valves, instrument gas conditioning system and a scraper launcher.



The actuated valve is gas over oil actuated. Downstream of the actuated valve are two dry gas filters. Each dry gas filter is fitted with a differential pressure transmitter, manual vent and a drain. The gas from each filter passes to a meter run that comprises of a flow conditioner, orifice plate and thermowells. One of the meter runs is not fitted with instruments. The other is fitted with pressure transmitter, differential pressure transmitter and temperature transmitter.

2.4.1.9 Katherine Offtake

The Katherine Offtake is installed on the ADP at approximately KP 1,221. The site consists of a take-off from the mainline. The offtake is fitted with a DN 100 buried valve. The valve is manual operated and has above ground gear box, maintenance ports and a cavity bleed. The valve has DN 50 risers either side of the valve, fitted with manual valves. A scraper launcher is installed at the site. The scraper vessel is fitted with pressure indicator, PSV and local vent. An above ground DN 100 valve with DN 50 bypass is also provided at the station. The valve may be a plug valve, a ball valve or a globe valve in accordance with the P&ID, details drawing or site photographs respectively.

2.4.1.10 Katherine Meter / Regulating Station

The Katherine Meter/Regulating Station includes two filter separator, two water bath heaters, a slop tank, main line valve, control valves, pressure relief valves and the related pipework, instrumentation and valving.

The inlet to the station is DN 100 and consists of a buried station limit valve (MLV 11) with above ground actuator, maintenance ports and cavity bleed. A scraper receiver vessel is installed in parallel to MLV 11. The scraper vessel is fitted with a local vent, PSV, pressure indicator and associated pipework and valving. The closure on the vessel is a blind flange.

The following instrumentation is installed at the inlet; pressure indicator, a pressure transmitter and a temperature indicator.

The gas then passes through two parallel filter separators. Upstream of both filter separators are temperature control valves that reduce the pressure to 4,400 kPag / 16°C [based on operating conditions at the site visit]. The temperature control valves are provided with cascade control for pressure and temperature. One valve is fitted with a pneumatic controller to continue supply during outage of the electronic control system. The filter separators are fitted with differential pressure transmitter, pressure indicator, high liquid level switches and high-high liquid level switches. The liquids are drained manually to an elevated slops tank. The slop tank is fitted with a liquid level glass and a hose to allow emptying. Gas from filter separators is then heated by indirect fired water bath heaters up to approximately 60 °C. The water bath heaters are operated as duty - standby, with the standby heater remaining 'hot' to allow quick change over of the that is controlled by actuated valves on the inlet to each heater.

The heated gases from the heaters pass through two parallel regulator / meter runs. The regulator / meter runs are operated in duty - standby and each contains active - monitor pressure regulators. The meter skids are provided with two actuated valves that close on high pressure downstream of the regulators. Additional high pressure switches at the station outlet provide a station ESD. Further over pressure protection is provided by a PSV at the station outlet. A meter is provided in each run. The meters are orifice meters with upstream flow conditioners, temperature transmitters, pressure transmitters and high and low range differential pressure transmitters. Each run is provided with a local blowdown point, pressure indicators and valving.



The station outlet is provided with a temperature indicator, temperature transmitter and low temperature switches. There is also provision for the installation of a future gas sampler. The connection to the Katherine power generation site is DN 100.

Instrument gas is conditioned locally for each actuated valve and temperature control valve. Gas is conditioned at each water bath heater to provide fuel gas for the pilot and main burners. The fuel gas conditioning trains comprise of pre-heat coil, strainer, primary pressure regulating valve, actuated ESD valves, secondary pressure regulating valve, meter and temperature control valve.

The gas released in emergency directs to the vent stack that discharges to atmosphere and the liquid removed from the gas flows to the slop tank. The maximum PSV set point is 3,200 kPag and the temperature limit is set at 60 °C in the station.

A control system provides control and telemetry for the various process measurement parameters. The control system provides flow control and high pressure automatic shutdown functionality and allows remote operator shutdown. The control system is powered by single phase 230 VAC power supply, with back up batteries.

2.4.1.11 Pine Creek

The Pine Creek pressure reduction and metering station receives gas from ADP to supply the Pine Creek power generation site. The Pine Creek Station comprises of a dry gas filter vessel, a filter separator, a knockout pot, two water bath heaters, an atmospheric slop tank, control valves, pressure relief valves, and the related pipework, instrumentation and valving.

The Pine Creek station is located close to the ADP and a mainline valve is located within the station. The inlet connection to the station has two DN 80 manual valves. One valve is fitted with an insulation flange and a surge arrestor, the second is fitted with a pressurising bypass. Downstream of the manual valves is an actuated valve that is also fitted with a pressurising bypass. The gas then passes to a dry filter vessel that is fitted with a pressure indicator, PSV, a vent valve, pressurising line and a bypass line to allow maintenance of the filter. From the filter, the gas passes to a duty standby temperature control valve that drops the gas pressure from 7,800 to 4,200 kPag and a temperature of 16°C [based on observations during the site visit]. The gas then passes to a filter separator that is fitted with level gauge, level controller, level control valve, high level switch, pressure indicator, PSV, vent valve and differential pressure transmitter. In parallel to the filter separator is a knock out pot to allow maintenance on the filter separator. The knock out pot is fitted with level gauge, pressure indicator, PSV, vent valve and drain valve.

Gas from filter separator / knock out pot is then heated by indirect fired water bath heaters up to approximately 60 °C. The water bath heaters are operated as duty - standby, with the standby heater remaining "hot" to allow quick change over of the that is controlled by actuated valves on the inlet to each heater.

The heated gas then passes to parallel pressure control valves. The valves are operated as duty and standby. The valves are pneumatically controlled. Over pressure protection is provided by a PSV downstream of the pressure control valves. Gas metering is by a single orifice meter fitted with a pressure transmitter; high and low range differential pressure transmitters and a temperature transmitter. A bypass is provided around the meter for maintenance.

Metered gas then passes to a second knock out pot fitted with a drain valve, PSV and level gauge. The piping from the knock out pot contains a temperature transmitter, temperature indicator, high pressure switches and a pressure transmitter. A double block and bleed valving arrangement is provided. The connection to the Pine Creek power generation site is via an underground pipework and the above ground flange is provided with an insulation



gasket. A spare flange is provided at the connection point for a future connection to the Pine Creek power generation site, the flange is fitted with a blind flange, insulation gasket and a surge arrestor.

Liquids collected from the dry filter, filter separator and knock out pots is sent to an elevated slops tank. The slops tank is fitted with a safety relief valve (SRV, pressure vacuum vent valve, flame arrestor, pressure indicator, high liquid level switch and hose for emptying.

Vents and PSV discharges from the dry filter, filter separator and knock out pots and vents from instrument manifolds and pneumatic controllers are sent to a local vent stack. The vent stack is fitted with a flame arrestor.

Instrument gas is conditioned centrally for the site from a connection from the outlet knock out pot.

Gas is conditioned at each water bath heater to provide fuel gas for the pilot and main burners. The fuel gas conditioning trains comprise of pre-heat coil, strainer, primary pressure regulating valve, actuated ESD valves, secondary pressure regulating valve, meter and temperature control valve. A control system provides control and telemetry for the various process measurement parameters. The control system provides flow control and high pressure automatic shutdown functionality and allows remote operator shutdown. The control system is powered by single phase 230 VAC power supply, with back up batteries.

2.4.1.12 Darwin City Gate

Darwin City Gate receives gas from the ADP. Gas flows to three locations, Wickham Point, Channel Island and Trunk Package Offtake Station (TPOTS). The Wickham Point (Corroco Philips, Darwin LNG plant) pipeline can be reversed to ensure gas supply to Darwin/Channel Island. The gas supply to Wickham point is fitted with an actuated valve. The gas supply to Channel Island and TPOTS is filtered, reduced in pressure to 5,800 kPag and the gas composition and moisture dew point is analysed. The gas to TPOTS is regulated to a 850 kPag and metered.

The Darwin City Gate Station comprises of scraper vessels, a multicyclone, two filter separators, an atmospheric slop tank, gas chromatograph system, moisture analyser, control valves, pressure regulator, pressure relief valves, blowdown stack and the related pipework. Liquids (condensate, water and compressor lube oil) removed from the gas is stored in the slop tank for batch treatment.

The station consists of DN 300 above ground connection. A scraper receiver is installed with buried hydraulically actuated valve. The actuated valve includes electric solenoids to allow remote operation. During normal operation gas bypasses the scrapers and flows through the actuated valve, the scraper vessels are closed and isolated from the pipeline. At the station inlet, the pipeline divides in two, with one supplying gas to Weddell interconnect and one supplying to the City Gate station. The main line is installed with DN20 blowdown, temperature transmitter and pressure transmitter. The line then divides in to two, the normal flow is through the multi-cyclone to remove solids. The multicyclone is fitted with a PSV with a set point of 9,650 kPag. Both parallel streams include a temperature control valve and a filter separator. The filter separators are horizontal and fitted with quick opening closures to allow removal of the filter elements. The liquids removed from the gas are collected in a drain boot underneath the filter separator and flow under level control to a slop tank. The filter separators are fitted with the following instrumentation and connections; pressure indicator, differential pressure transmitter, level glasses, high level switches, high high level switches, local drains and level controllers. The



temperature and level control valves are pneumatically controlled and actuated. Local instrument gas conditioning skid is provided with PSV to provide over pressure protection.

Common line of the outlet from the filter separators is installed with temperature indicators, temperature transmitter, pressure indicators, and pressure transmitters. The connection point for the gas chromatograph and dew point analyser has been installed to this section of pipework to allow analysis of the gas. The gas chromatograph and dew point analyser are installed in a shelter adjacent to the filter skid. The chromatograph receives a sample of the transmission gas at a pressure of approximately 140 kPag from an insertion regulator installed in the pipe. The carrier and calibration gases are stored in gas bottles and regulated for use at 140 kPag. The chromatograph vents gas to exhaust vents above the analyser shelter roof. The mainline then passes through a mainline valve. Downstream of the mainline valve is installed with pressure indicator and transmitter before the pipeline directed to Channel Island meter station.

A separate offtake to TPOTS passes gas to a DN 50 pressure regulation and metering skid. The skid has duty and standby arrangement with each containing active and monitor pressure regulators and turbine meters. A high pressure trip is provided that closes an actuated valve at the inlet. The meter runs, with one serving as duty run and other as standby run. The gas is then directed to Berrimah Road.

A control system provides measurement and telemetry for the various process instruments. The control system allows remote operator shutdown. The control system is powered by single phase 230 VAC power supply, with back up batteries.

2.4.1.13 Channel Island

Channel Island regulating and metering station receives gas from Darwin City Gate meter station. The Channel Island Regulating Meter Station consists of two water bath heaters, solids filter, four filter separators, slam shut valves, active and monitor regulators, meters, pressure relief valves, local vent points and the associated valving and pipework.

The gas passes to a solids filter. The filter is fitted with a pressure indicator, differential pressure transmitter, local vent point and local drain. The filter has a quick opening closure and a bypass, with manual valving. The filtered gas is then heated to approximately 60°C in two parallel water bath heaters. One water bath heater is operating and the other is in hot-standby. Actuated valves at the heater inlets control the gas flow.

The combined outlet line from the water heaters as a high temperature switch, temperature indicator and temperature transmitter. The line then passes to one of two filter, regulation and metering runs to supply gas to either Unit 1 or Unit 7 at the Channel Island Power Generation Site.

The Unit 1 filter, regulation and metering run comprises of two parallel runs each containing actuated valve, active-monitor pressure regulators, filter separators and meters. The actuated valves are both normally open and are closed on either signal from the control system or high pressure downstream of the regulators. The pressure regulators are self acting and externally sensed. The gas of each regulator pair flows to the corresponding filter separator. The filter separators are horizontal and fitted with quick opening closures to allow removal of the filter elements. The liquids removed from the gas are collected in a drain boot underneath the filter separator. No slops tank is installed at site at liquids are drained from the filter separators manually. The filter separators are fitted with the following instrumentation and connections; pressure indicator, differential pressure transmitter, level glasses, high-high level switches, local drains and level controllers. The filtered gas is metered in orifice meters, each meter is fitted with flow conditioner, pressure transmitter, high and low range differential pressure transmitters and temperature transmitters. Additional overpressure protection is provided by a PSV. The combined outlet from the Unit



1 regulation, filter and metering runs is fitted with low pressure switch and high pressure switches that all initiate an ESD, and a pressure transmitter, pressure indicator, temperature transmitter, temperature indicator, low temperature switch connection for future gas analysis and an isolation valve.

The Unit 7 filter, regulation and metering run comprises of two parallel runs each consisting of filter separator, pressure regulators, metering and associated instrumentation and valving. There is an actuated valve at the inlet before a split to two filters. The filters are fitted with pressure indicator and differential pressure transmitter. Downstream of each filter is an actuated valve. The valves are normally open and are closed on signal from the control system or high pressure downstream of the pressure regulators. Metering is provided by a Coriolis meter and a AVT turbine meter. The primary duty meter is the Coriolis meter, but the turbine meter can be operated in series or parallel. Both meters are provided with temperature and pressure correction. Downstream of the meters the combined outlet has a PSV, local manual vent, temperature transmitter and pressure transmitter.

Instrument gas is conditioned locally for each actuated valve.

A control system provides measurement and telemetry for the various process instruments. The control system allows remote operator shutdown. The control system is powered by single phase 230 VAC power supply, with back up batteries.

2.4.1.14 Scraper Stations

The scraper stations are provided along the length of the pipeline to allow cleaning and inspection of the pipeline. The scrapers stations are installed at Tanami Road, Ti Tree, Wauchope, Renner Springs, Newcastle Waters, Helling and Ban Ban Springs. Additionally scraper vessels are included at some of the stations along the pipeline. A scraper receiver and launcher are installed at each site along with a buried hydraulically actuated valve. The actuated valve includes electric solenoids to allow remote operation. During normal operation gas bypasses the scrapers and flows through the actuated valve, the scraper vessels are closed, isolated from the pipeline and depressured.

The pipeline is provided with buried isolation valves. A pressure transmitter and indicator are installed on a pipe riser either side of the actuated valve. A temperature transmitter is installed downstream of the actuated valve.

The scraper vessels are fitted with quick opening closures, a DN 25 local vent, a pressure gauge and connections with valves to allow operation. The vessels also include connections for pressure relief valves that have been removed on some / all scraper vessels. Pig passage indicators are installed on the pipeline and scraper vessels.

There is also a pipeline vent installed at the site within a separate compound. During normal operation the vent is closed with a quick opening closure.

2.4.1.15 Ban Ban Springs Scraper Station

The scraper station at Ban Ban Springs also includes an off take connection to Cosmo-Howley and a supply connection from the Wadeye pipeline. The off take to Cosmo Howley is a blind flange on a pipeline riser. The pipeline is decommissioned and the meter station has been removed. The connection from the Wadeye pipeline is underground pipework from the Ban Ban Springs meter station. The pipeline connections is to the upstream connection for a future compressor. There is an above ground valve with bypass installed adjacent to the connection.



At the Helling scraper station there are pipework and vents that are used for training The training pipework is not connected to the station pipework during normal operation of the pipeline and the training pipework is unpressurised. No records have been provided for the training pipework and it is not included in the hazardous area classification.

2.4.1.16 Warrego Scraper Station

The scraper station at Warrego is also the site of a compressor. The compressor is connected to underground connections either side of the mainline valve. An actuated valve with manual bypass / pressuring line is installed at each connection. The actuated valves are provided with an instrument gas connection from the Warrego compressor site.

The remainder of the Warrego compressor site is not considered within this hazardous area classification.

2.4.1.17 Mainline Valves

There are several mainline valve sites located at Aileron, Barrow Creek, Kelly Well, Morphett Creek, Fergusson, Larrimah, Tindal, Acacia and Berry Springs. The data used for classifying the mainline valves' hazardous area is obtained solely from the Aileron site. Each of the sites is assumed to be identical and comprises of a buried valve with an above ground bypass and vent points with no instrumentation installed on the mainline valve. The buried valve has a manual actuator and gear box, injection ports and cavity bleed extended above ground. This is shown in the photograph below.





2.4.1.18 Bachelor Mainline Valve

The Batchelor mainline valve site is located at KP 1441 between Ban Ban Springs and Darwin City Gate. The Batchelor Mainline valve site is similar to other mainline valve sites but the mainline valve has an actuator, similar to the scraper stations. The mainline valve consists of a DN300 underground valve with an above ground actuator, maintenance ports and cavity bleed. The valve has an above ground DN100 bypass. Pressure transmitters are fitted either side of the valve. The site also has a control room.

2.4.2 OPERATING CONDITIONS

The maximum operating pressures and temperatures at the stations are summarised in Table 1.

Table 1 Operating pressures and temperatures

Temperature	Pressure (Process)	Pressure	Pressure
		(Fuel gas)	(Instrument gas)
Max. (°C)	Max. (kPag)	Max. (kPag)	Max. (kPag)
60	9,650	≤ 650	770

2.4.3 VENTILATION

Each of the sites is in the open air and is considered to have good ventilation. Some equipment is installed in open-sided shelters. These are not considered to have any impact on ventilation.



2.5 PROPERTIES OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

2.5.1 GASES HANDLED

The gas processed through the regulating and metering stations contains mainly methane (typically 87 mol%) and nitrogen (about 8 mol%), along with small quantities of hydrocarbons (C2+) and carbon dioxide (totally < 5 mol%). The specific gravity of the gas is 0.62, which is lighter than air (SG=1.0). It is classified as a Category G(i) fluid in accordance with IP15 Section 1 (Table 1.2 – fluid categories) and as a Group IIA in accordance to AS/NZS 60079.20 section 4.6. The composition of the gas is shown in Table 2.

Note that the gas composition in the pipeline can vary from the typical figures shown in Table 2. However, methane will remain the predominant component and the properties of the gas will remain the same and will be the same as methane. Australian standard AS 4564 (AG 865) Specification for general purpose natural gas, provides information of the allowable properties of natural gas. Similarly, APA will have a Sales / Shippping Agreement for the injection of gas into the pipeline that should be observed. The limitations are summarised in Table 3.

Note that on release from high pressure, the gas will be cooled due to Joule-Thomson cooling. At lower temperatures the gas is less dense and the dispersion in air will be slightly impacted, but the flammable range is reduced. Similarly, for higher temperatures the flammable range is increased, but the dispersion is increased. At the dilute concentrations at the lower explosive limit, the gas-air mixture temperature will be close to ambient temperature therefore, there will be no additional consideration for temperature effects.

Table 2 Typical Gas Composition

Component	Symbol	mol%
Methane	CH₄	87.0
Ethane	C ₂ H ₆	2.6
Propane	C₃H ₈	0.8
i-Butane	C ₄ H ₁₀	0.1
n-Butane	C ₄ H ₁₀	0.2
i-Pentane	C ₅ H ₁₂	0.07
n-Pentane	C ₅ H ₁₂	0.05
n-Hexane	C ₆ H ₁₄	0.07
n-Heptane	C ₇ H ₁₆	0.02
n-Octane	C ₈ H ₁₈	0.004
n-Nonane	C ₉ H ₂₀	0.004
Carbon Dioxide	CO ₂	0.95
Nitrogen	N ₂	8.2
Total	100	
Specific Gravity (r	0.62	



Table 3 Gas specification limits

Characteristic	APA Schedule 4 Limits	AS 5654 Limits
HHV	Minimum 33.0 MJ/Sm ³	-
	Maximum 42.0 MJ/Sm ³	
Wobbe Index	Minimum 44.0 MJ/Sm ³	Minimum 46.0 MJ/m ³
	Maximum 51.0 MJ/Sm ³	Maximum 52.0 MJ/ ^{m3}
Oxygen	Maximum 0.2 mol%	Maximum 0.2 mol%
Hydrogen Sulphide	Maximum 10.0 ppmw	Maximum 5.7 mg/m ³
Total Sulphur	Maximum 50 mg/Sm ³	Maximum 50 mg/ ^{m3}
Water Content	Maximum 80 mg/Sm ³	Maximum – Dewpoint 0°C at the highest MAOP in the relevant transmission system (in any case, no more than 112.0 mg/m³)
Cricondentherm	Maximum 10.0°C	
Hydrocarbon Dewpoint		Maximum 2.0°C at 3,500 kPa
Total inert gases	Maximum 12.0 mol%	Maximum 7.0 mol%
Nitrogen	Maximum 11.0 mol%	-
CO ₂	Maximum 7.5 mol%	-
Mercury	Maximum 0.2 mg/Sm ³	
Methanol	Maximum 1.0 mg/Sm ³	
Glycols	Maximum 1.0 mg/Sm ³	
Radioactivity	Maximum 8,000 Bq/Sm ³	
Notes		m³ refers to dry gas at standard conditions (15°C and 101.325 kPa)

The chromatograph used for gas composition analysis requires carrier and calibration gases. The carrier gas (helium) is not flammable, while the calibration gas (mainly methane) is classified as a Category G(i) fluid with similar compositions as process gas.



2.5.2 LIQUIDS HANDLED

2.5.2.1 Filter Separator Drains

The liquids handled at the facilities may consists of condensate, compressor lubrication oil or water, which is removed from the gas by the filter separators. The condensate is considered to be flammable liquid and based on hexane is considered to be a group IIA liquid in accordance to AS/NZS 60079.20. The compressor lube oil used in the stations is combustible, but not flammable, with a typical flash point (closed cup) over 60 °C. Therefore, it is treated as a non-hazardous material for the purpose of the hazardous area classification. Water is considered to be non-hazardous liquid.

2.5.2.2 Odorant

Odorant is injected into the pipeline at Tylers Pass. The odorant is SpotLeak 1005 and is a flammable liquid. It consists of Thiophene, Propanethiol and methyl as per the product specification. The odorant is classified as group IIA in accordance to AS/NZS 60079.20 and category C fluid in accordance with IP15 Section 1 (Table 1.2 – fluid categories).



2.6 EQUIPMENT SELECTION

The general requirements for selection, installation and maintenance of explosion proof (Ex) electrical equipment are described in AS/NZS 2381.1:2005.

To ensure the Ex electrical equipment performs satisfactorily, without the risk of ignition, the data shown in Table 3 must be used as area specification requirements.

Table 4 Gas Group and Temperature Class

Performance Criterion	Requirement	Reference
Ambient temperature	0 - 50 °C	Bureau of Meteorology
Auto-ignition temperature (Methane)	537 °C	AS/NZS 60079.20
Apparatus Group	IIA	AS/NZS 60079.20
Temperature Class	T1 / T3	AS/NZS 60079.20

The recommendations on equipment group and temperature class should be regarded as **minimum** requirements. Equipment selection must take into account local conditions, such as the presence of hot surfaces close by and electrical equipment design.



2.7 CLASSIFICATION

2.7.1 PIPING

2.7.1.1 Process Piping

Welded piping at the stations is designed and constructed to ANSI/ASME B 31.3 and is not considered as a source of release. However, the possible release of flammable material occurs at flanges, valves and fittings due to the possible leakage from a gasket or seal. A majority of process gas service pipework installed in the stations is flanged. The screwed connections are limited to the small bore piping with a nominal size less than DN25. The screwed piping has tapered threads with similar leakage integrity to the flanged connections. The piping in the facilities is a permanent fixture and not subject to vibration.

All flanges and infrequently used valves are considered to be well maintained and located in an adequately ventilated area in the gas regulating and metering stations. Leakage of the flammable material at connection points is considered abnormal and the quantity of the hazardous material released is considered minor. Consequently, they are regarded as sources of *Secondary* grade release and a hazardous Zone 2 within a sphere area with 2 m radius from the potential leakage points is claimed around the piping with flanges or threaded joints, meters or regulators and valves other than relief valve in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.6.2.4 for high pressure gas transmission system.

As a worst case the liquid piping is assumed to carry condensate which is a flammable liquid in accordance with AS/AZS 60079.10.1 clause ZA 5.2.8 that claims a hazardous area of Zone 2 of 1.5m in all directions of potential release points. However the liquid drain lines may contain sufficient quantities of dissolved and entrained. Since this hazardous area classification must account for a number of installations with a range of process conditions, liquid piping is classified as gas piping.

All process drains and vents used infrequently for maintenance or start-ups are normally plugged. Similarly, the sample points are taken on an infrequent or as required basis (maximum once every six months). To simplify hazardous area management, the classification for process gas piping will be assigned to the uncommonly operated process drains, vents and sample points, meaning a Zone 2 area of radius 2 m is declared around those potential leakage points.

The hazard zones adopted for the process piping, flanges, joints, valves and fittings are summarised below:

Zone 2 2 m radius from the edge of the process piping routes, including infrequently used process drains, vents and sample points

2.7.1.2 Instrument Gas Piping

The instrument gas pipework is fabricated from screwed pipe and tube with compression fittings. Similar to process gas piping, the instrument gas piping has potential leakage points at connection points. The leakage is considered abnormal with minor quantities of flammable material. Hence, they are regarded as sources of *Secondary* grade release and the associated hazardous area zone will be classified as Zone 2.

According to AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.4.2.3c, for the lighter-than-air flammable gas operating with a pressure between 700 and 2,000 kPag, a hazardous Zone 2 within a sphere area with 1 m radius from the potential leakage points is assigned to the piping with flanged and screwed joints.

The hazard zone adopted for instrument gas piping is summarised below:

Zone 2 1 m radius from the edge of the instrument gas piping routes



2.7.1.3 Fuel Gas Piping

Fuel gas piping is fabricated with screwed connections, except those pipes with a nominal diameter less than DN25 and with flanges for larger diameters. The screwed piping has tapered threads with similar leakage integrity to flanged connections. The leakage is considered abnormal with the presence of minor quantities of flammable material. Hence, they are regarded as sources of *Secondary* grade release and the associated hazardous area zone will be classified as Zone 2.

According to AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.4.2.3c, for the lighter-than-air flammable gas operating with a pressure between 100 and 700 kPag, a hazardous Zone 2 within a sphere area with 0.5 m radius from the potential leakage points is declaimed around the piping with flanged and screwed connections.

The hazard zone adopted for fuel gas piping is summarised below:

Zone 2 0.5 m radius from the edge of the fuel gas piping routes

2.7.1.4 Control Valves

There are several shut down valves, pressure / temperature control valves and level control valves installed in the stations. Similar to process piping, the process connections of control and actuated valves are considered well maintained and leakage is considered abnormal. Therefore connection points are considered the same as process pining as described in Sections 2.7.1.1, 2.7.1.2 and 2.7.1.3.

In addition, the control valves are in regular use and leakage is more likely due to wear on the packing. An additional *Primary* grade of release (Zone 1) with a nominal hazard radius of 0.3 m around the glands is claimed in accordance with IP15 Section 5.4.5.1.

Control valves will release minor amounts of flammable gas with a small continuous bleed from the positioners or exhausts at a low discharge velocity in normal operation. It contributes a *Continuous* grade of release and in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 clause ZA 6.6.2.5, a Zone 1 area with a 0.5m radius will be claimed. A larger region that represents infrequent higher gas velocities that may exist surrounding the Zone 1 area due to abnormal operation or failure of the valves. A Zone 2 area within 1 m radius in all directions is assigned to the low velocity vents.

The additional hazard zones adopted for the control valves are summarised below:

Zone 1 0.5 m radius around the control valve positioners and exhausts

0.3 m radius around the control and actuated valve glands

Zone 2 1 m radius around the control valve positioners and exhausts

2.7.1.5 Pressure Relief and Safety Relief Valves

Pressure relief valves (PSVs) and safety relief valves (SRVs) are mounted on the multicyclone, filters, process gas piping, fuel gas and instrument pipework to provide the protection against operational overpressure for the piping and equipment.

Note that SRVs in Pine Creek Station piped to the vent stack do not contribute to the extent of the hazardous classification except as discussed under Section 2.7.1.1 for process piping.

PSVs and SRVs venting directly to atmosphere are normally treated as a *Secondary* grade of release due to no action on normal operating conditions, and as a result the associated hazard zone will be classified as Zone 2. In accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.6.2.9, a Zone 2 area is assigned within 6 m diameter cylinder with its axis on the line



of discharge from 1 m behind the points of discharge to a distance 8 m in front of the points of discharge.

The seats on the PSVs and SRVs will be metal to metal and tight shut-off, which will contribute to a small leakage at the vent tips during the normal operation. In line with the specification described in IP15 Section 5.4.4.5, a Zone 2 area of nominal 1 m radius should be placed around the end of the discharge point to account for any small leakages. It is recommended to upgrade the *Secondary* grade of release to a *Primary* grade of release accounting for the presence of the flammable material in the normal operating. Hence, an additional Zone 1 area with a nominal hazard radius of 1 m is claimed around the PSV and SRV discharge points to account for the minor leak through the valve seats.

The hazard zones of the PSVs and RSVs are considered to be the same due to lack of the discharge rates, which actually affect the extending zone of hazardous area.

The hazard zones adopted for the PSVs and RSVs are summarised below:

Zone 1 1 m radius from the vent tips

Zone 2 6 m laterally, 8 m above and 1 m below the discharge points

2.7.1.6 Mainline Valves

Some of the actuated mainline valves (MLV) installed at the scraper stations as shown in the following photographs include an enclosure containing the solenoids and a hand pump for the valve. The solenoids vent to a location outside of the enclosure, however the tubing connections to the solenoid are a *Secondary* source of release. The enclosure has minimal ventilation and released gas can accumulate within the enclosure. Therefore a Zone 1 hazardous area is claimed within the enclosure.

Body bleeds valves maintenance ports and instrument gas connections from the buried valve are brought above grade. These provide potential leak sources and are treated the same as process piping connections as per section 2.7.1.1.

The hazard zone adopted for the actuated valve enclosures is summarised below:

Zone 1 Within the solenoid valve enclosure

Zone 2 2m radius from point of discharge





2.7.1.7 Local Vent Point

There are several local vent points installed in the facilities to allow the purging of gas from the stations following isolation. Each manual vent generally consists of a ball valve to control blow down rate. The ball valve provides high integrity isolation and wear is not considered on the valves. Hence, no leak is taken into account during the normal operation.

The hazardous area classification for those points is considered to be the same as PSVs and RSVs due to the similar operation which happens only during the period of system depressurisation. Therefore, they are treated as a *Secondary* grade of release and a Zone 2 area within 6 m diameter cylinder with its axis on the line of discharge from 1 m behind the points of discharge to a distance 8 m in front of the points of discharge are declared in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.6.2.9.

Note: Majority of the vents are fitted with a cap and have a hole drilled in the vent pipe.

The hazard zone adopted for the local vent points is summarised below:

Zone 2 6 m laterally, 8 m above and 1 m below the discharge points

2.7.1.8 Pine Creek Vent Stack

There is a vent stack installed in the Pine Creek Station. Gas released from the PSVs, instrument manifold vents and vented instrument gas from the pneumatic controllers is sent to the vent stack. During normal operation, there is minimal flow from the vent stack from the pneumatic controllers. The vent stack is fitted with a flame arrester that offers protection against fire and explosion from outside sources of ignition. The flame arrestor is fitted with a cover to prevent rain ingress but also acts to direct gas downwards. and will increase the diameter of the hazardous area.

The hazardous area is increased to a Zone 2 area within 12 m diameter cylinder and 6 m below the discharge point is claimed, compared with 8 m distance stated for vertical up discharge.

Furthermore, minor leakage of flammable mixture may occur through the PSV seats under normal operation as analysed in Section 2.7.1.5. As a result, it contributes to a *Primary* grade of release and an additional Zone 1 hazardous area with a nominal radius of 1 m is claimed around the vent stack discharge point to account for any small leakages from safety relief valve seats.

The continuous bleed from the pneumatic controllers also vents through the vent stack. As per Section 2.7.1.4, a 0.5 m Zone 1 hazardous area is claimed. This is within the hazardous area claimed for leakage through PSV seats.

The pipework to the vent stack is flanged and will generally be at close to atmospheric pressure. However for continuity the claimed hazardous area will be claimed to be as for process pipework, refer section 2.7.1.2.

The hazard zones adopted for the vent stack are summarised below:

Zone 1 1 m radius from the vent tip

Zone 2 12 m laterally, 6 m below and 8 m above the vent tip

2.7.1.9 Pipeline Blowdown

There are pipeline blowdown points at the scraper stations and meter stations. The vents are approximately 2.4 m tall, discharge vertically upwards and are fitted with quick opening closures. Pipeline blowdowns have the potential to release large volumes of gas to atmosphere and to obtain a representative hazardous area zone it would be required to



undertake plume analysis based on the blowdown conditions. An estimate of the extent of the plume from previous experience for pipeline blowdown vents is a cylinder with a radius of 15 m and a length of 30 m extending in the direction of the discharge and 1 m below the discharge point to account for the localised turbulence at the vent tip. Pipeline blowdowns are a done infrequently and therefore a *Secondary* release that results in a Zone 2 hazardous area. The discharge is vertically upwards and therefore no ground effect would occur.

During normal operation a quick opening closure in the closed position is considered to provide similar containment as a pipe flange or fitting. Therefore the associated release would be *Secondary* providing a Zone 2 hazardous area of 2 m as per AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.4.2.4.

Zone 2 A cylinder of radius 15 m extending 30 m vertically upwards and 1 m downwards from the point of discharge

HOLD The exact shape of the hazardous area zone should be determined using plume dispersion modelling based on the blowdown operation and conditions.

2.7.1.10 Low Velocity Vents

There are numerous pressure relief valves installed on instrument gas systems, for example on the station limit valves. The relief from these pressure relief valves are similar to low velocity vents in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 ZA.6.6.2.8 that has an associated Zone 1 hazardous area of 0.5 m in all directions surrounded by a Zone 2 hazardous area of 1.0 m from the point of discharge. The pressure relief valves will not typically be relieving gas and the release will be *Secondary*, therefore the Zone 1 area is not appropriate. Therefore a Zone 2 hazardous area of 1 m radius from the point of discharge is claimed.

The hazard zone adopted for the instrument gas relief and vent points is summarised below:

Zone 2 Radius of 1 m extending in all directions from the point of discharge

2.7.2 SCRAPER VESSELS

The scraper vessels shall be operated such that it is normally isolated from the pipeline. There are no regular pigging operations. It is expected that the scraper vessels are opened at approximately yearly intervals and the small quantities of flammable gas may occur at the closures. Accordingly, they are treated as sources of *Secondary* grade release and a hazardous Zone 2 within a radius of 3 m centred at the closure is claimed as indentified in AS/NZS 60079.10.1 ZA.6.6.2.2b for the equipment located at an adequately ventilated area.

The scraper vessels are enclosed vessels containing nozzle connections with piping, valves and fittings, which are also potential release sources. These are classified as piping as per section 2.7.1.1.

The hazard zone adopted for the pig receivers and launchers is summarised below:

Zone 2 3 m radius in all directions from quick opening closure
As per section 2.7.1.1 for piping for remainder of the vessel



2.7.3 MULTICYCLONE AND FILTER SEPARATORS

Similar to receiving traps, the multicyclone and filter separators have quick opening closures that are operated at approximately yearly intervals under normal operation. The hazard zone assigned to the receiving traps in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 ZA.6.6.2.2b is also applicable to the filter coalescers, resulting in a hazardous Zone 2 area within 3 m radius around the discharge points is claimed.

Since the multicyclone and filter coalescers are enclosed vessels which handle process gas and liquids removed from the gas, the nozzle connections with piping, valves and fittings are also potential release points. To simplify hazardous area management, the classification for process gas piping will be applied to the vessels meaning a Zone 2 area of radius 2 m will be declared from the shell of the vessels.

The hazard zone adopted for the multicyclone and filter coalescers is summarised below:

Zone 2 3 m radius around the quick opening closures and 2 m radius from the edge of the vessels

2.7.4 SLOP TANKS

The slop tank installed at some stations are above ground storage tank used to collect condensate, compressor lube oil and water from the filter separators. The liquids in the tank are treated as a flammable fluid. The capacity of the tanks are approximately 1 kL. The tanks are provided with a vent that discharges to atmosphere. During the short period of the drainage from the filter coalescers to slop tank, the liquids may form a flammable mist and additionally the gas may break through into the drain tank. The freely vented tank allows vapour/air mixtures to be released during the normal operation.

Therefore, the slop tank will contain flammable vapours and a range of hazard zones is required. As such, it is likely that a small amount of flammable gas mixture would continuously exist in the tank and within close proximity of the tank vent, surrounded by a larger region that may sometimes exist due to occasional higher gas quantities and an even larger region that represents very infrequent high gas quantities.

The slop tank installed at the Pine Creek Station has a pressure vacuum vent set at 2 kPa pressure / vacuum. The vapour or released gas is directed to atmosphere though the vent that installed in conjunction with an inline flame arrester and a cap. The flame arrester is required to provide protection against internal fire and explosion from outside sources of ignition. The vented gas will be discharged vertical downwards to the surrounding equipment or pipework due to the installation of the cap. However, the additional extent zones are not claimed considering the relatively low operating pressure in the tank.

In accordance with API RP 505 Section 8.2.1, a Zone 0 area within 0.5 m radius, a Zone 1 area within 1.5 m radius and a Zone 2 area within 3 m radius of the vent point are declared. It is also stated in API RP 505 Section 8.2.1, a Zone 0 area should be claimed inside the tank above the liquid level due to the possibility of the continuous presence of the flammable mixture and a Zone 2 area with radius of 3 m should be placed around the shell of the equipment.

The hazard zones adopted for the slop tanks in the stations are summarised below:

- **Zone 0** Inside the tanks above the liquid level and 0.5 m radius from the tank discharge points
- **Zone 1** 1.5 m radius from the tank discharge points
- **Zone 2** 3 m radius around the shell of the tanks and from the tank discharge points



2.7.5 WATER BATH HEATERS

The indirect fired water bath heaters are fitted in some stations to heat the high pressure gas up to a temperature of 60 °C prior to pressure reduction, which prevents hydrate formation that may occur due to the Joule-Thomson effect when the temperature drops. The water bath heater consists of an insulated shell, removable process coils, removable fire tubes, stack burners, fuel gas conditioning train and control system.

During normal operation, a flame is projected into a submerged "fire-tube" located at the bottom of a horizontal cylindrical shelf. Energy is transferred through the tube wall to the surrounding bath fluid water. By means of natural convection, the water then transfers the required amount of energy into a series of process coils located at the top of the heater shell.

The water bath burners are continuously flaming and provided with burner elements to ensure that the flame is maintained. On loss of flame the fuel gas supply is shut down. Therefore it no hazardous area zones are claimed from the stacks.

The process tube within the water bath is fully welded with no potential points for release and would not normally provide a hazardous area. If there was a history of failure of the process coils leading to corrosion or erosion of the tubes, then a hazardous area should be claimed on the vent of the water bath heater. APA has not indicated that there have been failures of the process coils. Further, the maximum operating temperature of the water bath heaters is 95°C, the pH and the nitrate content of the water in the baths is checked frequently and APA has confirmed that the water bath heaters are treated with oxygen scavenger. Therefore no hazardous area is claimed from the water bath vent.

The potential release points on the vessels are process connections to the heaters. The classification for process piping will be applied to the process connections resulting in a *Secondary* grade of release and a related Zone 2 area with 2 m radius from the connection points in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.4.2.4.

The hazard zone adopted for the water bath heaters is summarised below:

Zone 2 2 m radius from the high pressure gas connections of the vessel.

2.7.6 CATALYTIC HEATER

A catalytic heater is installed at the Elliott meter station. The heater consists of a section of pipe contained in a compartment. The inside of the compartment is surrounded by heating elements that heat the gas by radiant heat. The heat is generated by the combustion of gas in catalytic elements. The manufacturer's information indicates that the catalytic elements ensure that the gas is combusted at a lower temperature. The heating unit is approved for installation in hazardous areas and has Factory Mutual certification.

The pipework has no additional source of release and will be classified the same as the process pipework as described in section 2.7.1.1 and a 2 m Zone 2 hazardous area is claimed from the outside of the of the heater.

Additionally, there is a possibility of fuel gas not being combusted inside the heater. The manufacturer's literature indicates that there is a protection to prevent uncombusted gas being released. However the configuration of the heater is not well defined and to be conservative a primary grade of release is claimed. There is minimal ventilation in the compartment and the claimed zone is increased from Zone 1 to Zone 0 within the compartment.



The heater compartment is not considered to be gas tight and an additional hazardous area zone is claimed that will surround the heater compartment. The release will be a primary grade of release. The heater has good ventilation and a Zone 1 hazardous area is claimed. The released gas will be fuel gas and will be close to atmospheric pressure. In accordance with section 2.7.1.3 the extent of the hazardous area will be 0.5 m from the outside of the box.

The hazard zone adopted for the catalytic heater is summarised below:

Zone 0 Inside the heater compartment

Zone 1 0.5 m from the edges of the heater box

Zone 2 2 m radius from the high pressure gas connections of the vessel

2.7.7 KNOCKOUT POTS

The knockout pots are enclosed vessels which do not contribute to the hazardous area classification. However, the nozzle connections with piping, valves and fittings on the vessels are potential release points where small amounts of flammable mixture may present. To simplify hazardous area management, the classification for process gas piping will be applied to the vessels meaning a Zone 2 area of radius 2 m will be declared from the shell of the vessels.

The hazard zone adopted for the knockout pots is summarised below:

Zone 2 2 m radius from the edge of the vessels

2.7.8 GAS CHROMATOGRAPH SYSTEM

Gas chromatograph (GC) system is a specific analyser to determine natural gas stream composition and anticipated concentration of the selected components.

The chromatograph system comprises of several components: the analyser, sample tubing, process vents, pressure control valve, pressure safety valve, carrier gas cylinders and tubing, calibration gas cylinder and tubing. The chromatograph system is located under a shelter with open sides, therefore it is considered as being adequately ventilated.

The process tubing and analyser contain gas at approximately 140 kPag. The tubing will be well maintained and minor release of the flammable gas may occur at the connections due to leakage, and as a result the grade of release is considered to be *Secondary*. Therefore, a Zone 2 hazardous area with 0.5 m radius is assigned around the whole chromatography system to cover the process tubing potential leakage points according to AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.4.2.3c, for the lighter-than-air flammable gas operating at a pressure between 100 and 700 kPag.

The carrier gas is helium that is a non-hazardous material and therefore the carrier gas cylinders and tubing do not contribute to the hazardous zone.

The calibration gas comprises mainly methane and stores in a gas cylinder with an approximate volume of less than 10 L. AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.4.2.6d states that cylinder located in ventilated area, whether in storage or installed for use, is not associated with a hazardous zone when the gas capacity is less than 30 m³. Therefore, no hazardous zone is claimed around the calibration gas cylinder. The calibration gas tubing is at the same operating pressure as the process tubing and will have the same Zone 2 hazardous with 0.5 m radius around the calibration gas tubing connections.

The chromatograph system has several vent points that release the sample line contents at low velocity during the normal operation. The amount of the released gas will be small and the discharge rate will be slow and readily dispersed. Consequently, they are regarded as sources of *Primary* grade release and a hazard Zone 1 within a sphere area with 0.5 m

APA GROUP – AMADEUS BASIN TO DARWIN PIPELINE HAZARDOUS AREA CLASSIFICATION



radius is declared from the vent tips in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.6.2.8 for the low velocity vents in adequately ventilated area.

In addition, a larger region that represents infrequent higher gas quantities may exist surrounded the Zone 1 area due to the failure of pressure regulator or PSV. It results a *Secondary* grade of release and an additional Zone 2 area with 1 m radius is considered around the vents in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.6.2.8.

The pressure relief valve will be activated in emergency. To simplify the hazardous area arrangement, it is treated the same as a vent as described above.

The hazard zones adopted for the chromatograph system are summarised below:

Zone 1 0.5 m radius from the vent tips

Zone 2 0.5 m radius around the gas chromatograph system, excluding the cylinders

1.0 m radius around the vent tips

2.7.9 WATER DEW POINT ANALYSER / GAS SAMPLER

The water dew point analyser uses a chilled mirror to determine the dew point of the gas. The analysers receive gas from the sampler as shown in the photographs below. The gas sampler consists of an insertion regulator installed in the pipework, a heated capillary tube a sample cylinder, solenoid valve, further regulators and pressure relief valves. A solenoid valve is installed inside a box with a removable cover. The box prevents ventilation and therefore the declared hazardous area zone is increased to Zone 1 for the interior of the box.

The water dew point analyser comprises of several components: the analyser, sample tubing, process vents, pressure control valve, pressure safety valve, gas cylinders and tubing, calibration gas cylinder and tubing. The analyser system is located under a shelter with open sides, therefore it is considered as being adequately ventilated.

The process tubing and analyser contain gas at approximately 140 kPag. The tubing will be well maintained and minor release of the flammable gas may occur at the connections due to leakage, and as a result the grade of release is considered to be *Secondary*. Therefore, a Zone 2 hazardous area with 0.5 m radius is assigned around the whole analyser system to cover the process tubing potential leakage points according to AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.4.2.3c, for the lighter-than-air flammable gas operating at a pressure between 100 and 700 kPag.

The water dew point analyser and gas sampler have local vents that will frequently vent gas at low velocity to atmosphere during the normal operation. The amount of the released gas will be small and the discharge rate will be slow due to the characterisation of the systems. Consequently, they are regarded as sources of *Primary* grade release and a hazard Zone 1 within a sphere area with 0.5 m radius is declared from the vent tips in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.6.6.2.8 for the low velocity vents in adequately ventilated area.







The hazard zone adopted for the water dew point analyser / gas sampler is summarised below:

Zone 1 0.5 m radius from the vent tips

Inside the sampler box

Zone 2 0.5 m radius around the water dew point analyser system

1.0 m radius around the vent tips

2.7.10 ODORANT INJECTION SYSTEM

2.7.10.1 Odorant Pipework

A majority of the odorant pipework is tubing fitted with compression fittings, these are considered to be well maintained and infrequently operated. This provides a *Secondary* source of release and a Zone 2 hazardous area. In accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.5.2.8 the associated hazardous area is 1.5 m in all directions down to ground level.

Zone 2 1.5 m in all directions extending down to ground level



2.7.10.2 Odorant Storage Tank

The odorant storage tank is a pressure vessel supplied with a natural gas blanket and a pressure relief valve.

AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.5.2.1.2c describes the hazardous area associated with the above ground vent on a storage tank as Zone 1 within 1.5 m radius in all directions from point of discharge and Zone 2 within the cylindrical volume below the Zone 1 area. This is applicable for a vent on a storage vessel. There will be a constant release from the vent however the volume of release is small and is considered to be a *Primary* and a Zone 1 area is claimed.

The connections on the pressure vessel will have the same Zone 2 hazardous area as the odorant pipework.

The tank pressure relief valve will provide a *Secondary* release. This will result in a Zone 2 hazardous area. The extent of the hazardous area will be as the Zone 1 area for the vent, but without the additional Zone 2 area.

Zone 1 1.5 m in all directions from vent tip

Zone 2 Cylindrical volume below the Zone 1 area

1.5 m in all directions extending down to ground level for tank connections

2.7.10.3 Odorant Injection Pumps

The odorant injection pumps are pneumatically powered from instrument gas that is derived from the transmission gas. During operation of pumps there will be a continuous vent of gas. There will be a *Continuous* release from the pump discharge through a bug screen located on the pump, refer photograph below. The minimum diameter of the instrument gas is small. It is reasonable to assume that the solenoid valve has a reduced bore, and a typical size is 1/8" (3.2 mm). Based on Table C9(a) from IP15 for a G(i) gas, a pressure of 5 bar(a) (400 kPag) and a 5 mm hole the hazard radius is <1 m. Therefore a hazardous radius of 0.5 m is claimed around the pump.

The pump is a high integrity positive displacement pump capable of developing high discharge pressures to the odorant, therefore it is assumed that any hazardous area associated with leakage from the pump seals would be small and within the hazardous zone associated with the gas vent.



Zone 1 0.5 m radius from the pump



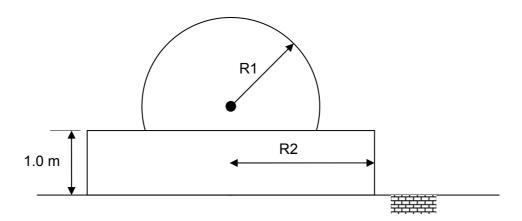
2.7.11 GROUND EFFECT

IP 15 Section 5.5 states that the determination of the full three dimensional envelope of the hazardous area zone shall consider the location of the release. The shape factor depends on height and orientation of the release. The key factors are:

- 1. For sources of release that are higher from grade than the hazardous radius, there is no impact due to ground effect.
- 2. For sources of release that are higher than 1 m from grade but less than the hazardous radius, there is a ground effect, up to 1 m above grade.
- 3. For sources of release that are 1 m or less from grade, there is a ground effect up to 1 m above grade.

The main process pipework has a hazardous area of radius 2 m, and is located less than 2 m above grade. The direction of release from flanged joints and screwed fittings could be in any direction, therefore ground effects are to be considered. Other hazardous area zones will be sufficiently above grade so that there is no ground effect, or the direction of release will be upwards and therefore ground effect is negligible.

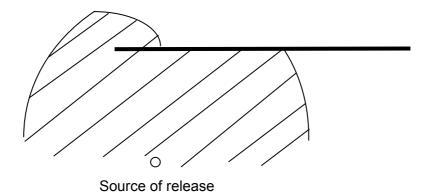
The ground effect increases the hazardous radius in accordance with IP 15 Table C9(b). A majority of the pipework in the facilities is to be located less than 1 m above grade. Interpolation of IP 15 Table C9(b) shows that the hazardous area for ground effect is 0.5 m larger than the hazardous area radius defined above, from the figure below, R2 = R1 + 0.5. Therefore the hazardous area at grade for gas pipework at transmission pressure will be 2.5 m to a height of 1 m.





2.7.12 VAPOUR BARRIERS

At Palm Valley Alice Springs and Mereenie the hazardous area zone impacts on a wall and the control hut, respectively. At these locations the hazardous area zone will extend around the barrier as shown in the diagram below. This is in accordance with AS/NZS 60079.10.1 Clause ZA.2 for measurements of distances.



Page 37



APPENDIX A HAZARDOUS AREA CLASSIFICATION DATA SHEET

Part I: Flammable material list and characteristics

Part II: List of sources of release

Part I - Sheet 1 of 1

Flammable material list and characteristics

Amadeus Basin to Darwin Pipeline

Surface facilities



Revision:	0			
Author:	ТСВ			
Checked:	RDK			
QA:	EZG			
Date:	24/11/2011			

Material	Phase	ADG Class	IP 15 Fluid Category	Boiling Point °C	ASTM D86 5%(vol) Point of Stabilised Liquid at Atmospheric Pressure	Relative Density Of Fluid Vapour (Air SG=1) Liquid (Water SG=1)	Flash Point of Stabilised Liquid at Atmospheric Pressure	Vapour LEL (Vol %) In Air	Vapour UEL (Vol %) In Air	Ignition Temperature °C	Temperature Class	Equipment Group	Source Of Data
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Process gas and calibration gas (mixture)	Vapour	2.1	G(i)	-162	-	0.62	Gas	4.4 (Methane)	17 (Methane)	537 (Methane)	T1	IIA	AS/NZS 60079.20
Odorant (tetrahydrothiophene and tertiary butyl mercaptan)	Liquid	3	С	82	-	0.939 (liquid) 3.06 (vapour)	-8	1.1*	12.1*	224	T3*	IIA	AS/NZS 60079.20 MSDS
Condensate	Liquid	3	С	69 [†]	-	2.97 [†]	-21 [†]	1.0 [†]	8.4 [†]	233 [†]	T3 [†]	IIA	AS/NZS 60079.20

^{*} Values obtained for Tetrahydrothiophene

[†] Based on Hexane

Part II - Sheet 1 of 4

List of sources of release

Amadeus Basin to Darwin Pipeline

Surface facilities



Revision:	0			
Author:	ТСВ			
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QA:	EZG			
Date:	24/11/2011			

F	Process Equipme	ent Item	Flammable	Operating Conditions	Description of Flammable	Ventilation	Source Of R	telease	Dis	tance From So	urce To	Equipment Group and	Section
No.	Description	Location	Material	Pressure and Temperature	Material Containment		Description	Grade*	Boundary of Zone 0	Boundary of Zone 1	Boundary of Zone 2	Temperature Class	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Process piping		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Closed system with flanges, piping joints and valves	Natural (open air)	Flanges, joints, valve seals, drains and vents	S	N/A	N/A	2 m radius from the edge of piping routes	IIA, T1	2.7.1.1
2	Instrument gas piping		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	<u><</u> 770 kPag <u><</u> 60 °C	Closed system with flanges, piping joints and valves	Natural (open air)	Flanges, joints, valve seals, drains and vents	S	N/A	N/A	1 m radius from the edge of piping routes	IIA, T1	2.7.1.2
3	Fuel gas piping	Amadeus	Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 700 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Closed system with flanges, piping joints and valves	Natural (open air)	Flanges, joints, valve seals, drains and vents	S	N/A	N/A	0.5 m radius from the edge of piping routes	IIA, T1	2.7.1.3
4	Control valves	Basin to Darwin Pipeline surface facilities	Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Valves with packed gland / positioner / exhaust	Natural (open air)	Valve glands, positioners and connections	C&P&S	N/A	0.5 m radius around control valve positioners and exhaust	1 m radius around control valve positioners and exhausts;	IIA, T1	2.7.1.4
5	Pressure relief and safety relief valves		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Valves and piping discharging vertically upwards	Natural (open air)	Pipe vent to atmosphere	C&P	N/A	1 m radius from vent tips	6 m laterally, 8 m above and 1 m below discharge points	IIA, T1	2.7.1.5
6	Mainline valves		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Closed system with flanges, piping joints and valves	Natural (open air)	Connections and valve seals	S	N/A	Within solenoid valve enclosure	As Piping	IIA, T1	2.7.1.6
7	Local Vent Points		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Valves and piping discharging vertically upwards	Natural (open air)	Pipe vent to atmosphere	S	N/A	N/A	6 m laterally, 8 m above and 1 m below discharge points	IIA, T1	2.7.1.7

* C – Continuous; S – Secondary; P – Primary

Part II - Sheet 2 of 4

List of sources of release

Amadeus Basin to Darwin Pipeline

Surface facilities



Revision:	0			
Author:	TCB			
Checked:	RDK			
QA:	EZG			
Date:	24/11/2011			

Pi	rocess Equipme	ent Item	Flammable	Operating Conditions	Description of		Source Of	Release		Distance From	Source To	Equipment	
No.	Description	Location	Material	Pressure and Temperature	Flammable Material Containment	Ventilation	Description	Grade*	Boundary of Zone 0	Boundary of Zone 1	Boundary of Zone 2	Group and Temperature Class	Section
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
8	Pine Creek vent stack	Pine Creek	Vap. Cat "G(i)"	Atmospheric pressure Ambient temperature	Valves and piping discharging vertically upwards	Natural (open air)	Pipe vent to atmosphere	P&S	N/A	1 m radius from the vent tip	12 m laterally, 6 m below and 8 m above vent tip	IIA, T1	2.7.1.8
9	Pipeline blowdown		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Valves and piping discharging vertically upwards	Natural (open air)	Pipe vent to atmosphere	S	N/A	N/A	A cylinder of radius 15 m extending 30 m vertically upwards and 1 m downwards from discharge point HOLD – To be confirmed	IIA, T1	2.7.1.9
10	Low velocity vents	Amadeus Basin to	Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Valves and piping discharging vertically upwards	Natural (open air)	Pipe vent to atmosphere	S	N/A	N/A	Radius of 1 m extending in all directions from the point of discharge	IIA, T1	2.7.1.10
11	Scraper vessels	Darwin Pipeline surface facilities	Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Enclosed system with closures	Natural (open air)	Flanges, joints, valve seals, drains and vents	S	N/A	N/A	3 radius in all directions from quick opening closure As per section 2.7.1.1 for piping for remainder of the vessel	IIA, T1	2.7.2
12	Multicyclone and filter separators		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Enclosed vessels with quick opening closures	Natural (open air)	Flanges, joints, valve seals, drains and vents	S	N/A	N/A	3 m radius around the closures and 2 m radius from the edge of the vessels	IIA, T1	2.7.3
			Liq. Cat "C"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Liquid drain pipework	Natural (open air)	Piping connections	S	N/A	N/A	2 m in all directions down to ground level	IIA, T3	2.7.1.1

* C – Continuous; S – Secondary; P – Primary

Part II - Sheet 3 of 4

List of sources of release

Amadeus Basin to Darwin Pipeline

Surface facilities



Revision:	0			
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	Process Equipme	nt Item	Flammable	Operating Conditions	Description of Flammable		Source	Of Release	Dis	tance From Sοι	ırce To	Equipment Group and	Section
No.	Description	Location	Material	Pressure and Temperature	Material Containment	Ventilation	Description	Grade*	Boundary of Zone 0	Boundary of Zone 1	Boundary of Zone 2	Temperature Class	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
13	Slop tanks		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	Atmospheric pressure Ambient temperature	Open vessels	Natural (open air)	Piping connections and vents	C&P&S	Inside the tank above liquid level and 0.5 m radius from tank discharge points	1.5 m radius from tank discharge points	3 m radius from around shell of tanks and from tank discharge points	IIA, T1	2.7.4
14	Water bath heaters		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,900 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Enclosed vessels	Natural (open air)	Piping connections	S	N/A	N/A	2 m radius from high pressure gas connections of vessel	IIA, T1	2.7.5
15	Catalytic heater	Amadeus Basin to Darwin	Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,900 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Enclosed vessels	Natural (open air)	Piping connections	S	Inside the heater compartment	0.5 m from the edge of the heater compartment	2 m radius from high pressure gas connections of vessel	IIA, T1	2.7.6
16	Knockout pots	Pipeline surface facilities	Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,900 kPag ≤ 38 °C	Enclosed vessels	Natural (open air)	Piping connections	S	N/A	N/A	2 m radius from edge of vessels	IIA, T1	2.7.7
17	Gas chromatograph systems		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 140 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Closed tubing systems with joints and vents	Shelter with open sides (open air)	Tubing joints, drains and vents	P&S	N/A	0.5 m radius from vent tips	0.5 m radius around system, excluding cylinders 1.0 m radius around vent tips	IIA, T1	2.7.8
18	Water dew point analysers / gas samplers		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 140 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Closed tubing systems with joints and vents	Shelter with open sides (open air)	Tubing joints, drains and vents	P&S	N/A	0.5 m radius from vent tips Inside sampler box	0.5 m radius around the system, 1.0 m radius around vent tips	IIA, T1	2.7.9

Part II - Sheet 4 of 4

List of sources of release

Amadeus Basin to Darwin Pipeline

Surface facilities



Revision:	0			
Author:	ТСВ			
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QA:	EZG			
Date:	24/11/2011			

	Process Equipme	nt Item	Flammable	Operating Conditions	Description of Flammable		Source	Source Of Release		ance From Sou	irce To	Equipment Group and	
No	Description	Location	Material	Pressure and Temperature	Material Containment	Ventilation	Description	Grade*	Boundary of Zone 0	Boundary of Zone 1	Boundary of Zone 2	Temperature Class	Section
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
19	Odorant injection system pipework		Vap. Cat "C"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Closed system with flanges, piping joints and valves	Natural (open air)	Flanges, joints, valve seals, drains and vents	S	N/A	N/A	1.5 m in all directions down to ground level	IIA, T3	2.7.10.1
			Vap. Cat "C"	15 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Enclosed vessel	Shelter with open sides (open air)	Connection s	S	N/A	N/A	1.5 m in all directions down to ground level	IIA, T3	2.7.10.2
20	Odorant injection system storage tanks	Tylers Pass odorant injection			Blanket gas vent		Pipe vent to atmosphere	Р		Radius of 1.5 m in all directions from vent tip	Within cylindrical volume below Zone 1		
	otorago tamo	station			Pressure relief valve and piping discharging vertically upwards		Pipe vent to atmosphere	S		N/A	Radius of 1.5 m in all directions from vent tip		
21	Odorant injection system pumps		Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 400 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Pneumatic pump instrument gas exhaust	Shelter with open sides (open air)	Piping connections and vents	С	N/A	N/A	Radius of 0.5 m	IIA, T1	2.7.10.3
22	Ground effect	Amadeus Basin to Darwin Pipeline surface facilities	Vap. Cat "G(i)"	≤ 9,650 kPag ≤ 60 °C	Closed system with flanges, piping joints and valves	Natural (open air)	Flanges, joints, valve seals, drains and vents	S	N/A	N/A	2.5 m laterally and extending to 1 m above grade for all process piping less than 2 m above grade	N/A	2.7.12



APPENDIX B HAZARDOUS AREA MAPPING DRAWINGS

For hazardous area mapping drawings, refer to Section 4 of the Hazardous Area Dossiers for each site.



3 Observation for Improvement (OFI)

OFI No.	Description	Proposed Remedy				
	No cable ID.	Fit pressure transmitter with cable ID.				
AD 1378-OFI-1	Cable has no blue sheath insulation.	Repair as description.				
Pressure transmitter	Prevent flammable gas transmission.	Install conduit seal.				
AD 1378-PT-9	Confirm with vendor (MTL/Rosemount) details of Earthing requirements associated with surge device.	Repair as description.				
AD 1378-OFI-2	JB/limit switches have no labels.	Fit limit switches with ID's.				
Valve Limit Switch (Open)	Cable sheath damaged (UV).	Replace equipment.				
AD 1378-ZSO-10	Multi-core cable has no conduit seal.	Install conduit seal.				
	Nil Hazardous area certification detail to Australian Standards available.	Replace the equipment or get certificate of conformity as per Australian Standards.				
	JB/limit switches have no labels.	Fit limit switches with ID's.				
AD 1378-OFI-3 Valve Limit	Cable sheath damaged (UV).	Replace equipment.				
Switch (Closed) AD 1378-ZSC-10	Multi-core cable has no conduit seal.	Install conduit seal.				
	Nil Hazardous area certification detail to Australian Standards available.	Replace the equipment or get certificate of conformity as per Australian Standards.				
AD 1378-OFI-4	Conduit and Equipment have no ID's.	Fit conduit and equipment with ID tags.				
Solenoid Valve (open)	Corrosion evident at conduit and valves. Poor condition overall.	Replace equipment.				
AD 1378-SVO-10	Nil Hazardous area certification detail to Australian Standards available.	Replace the equipment or get certificate of conformity as per Australian Standards.				



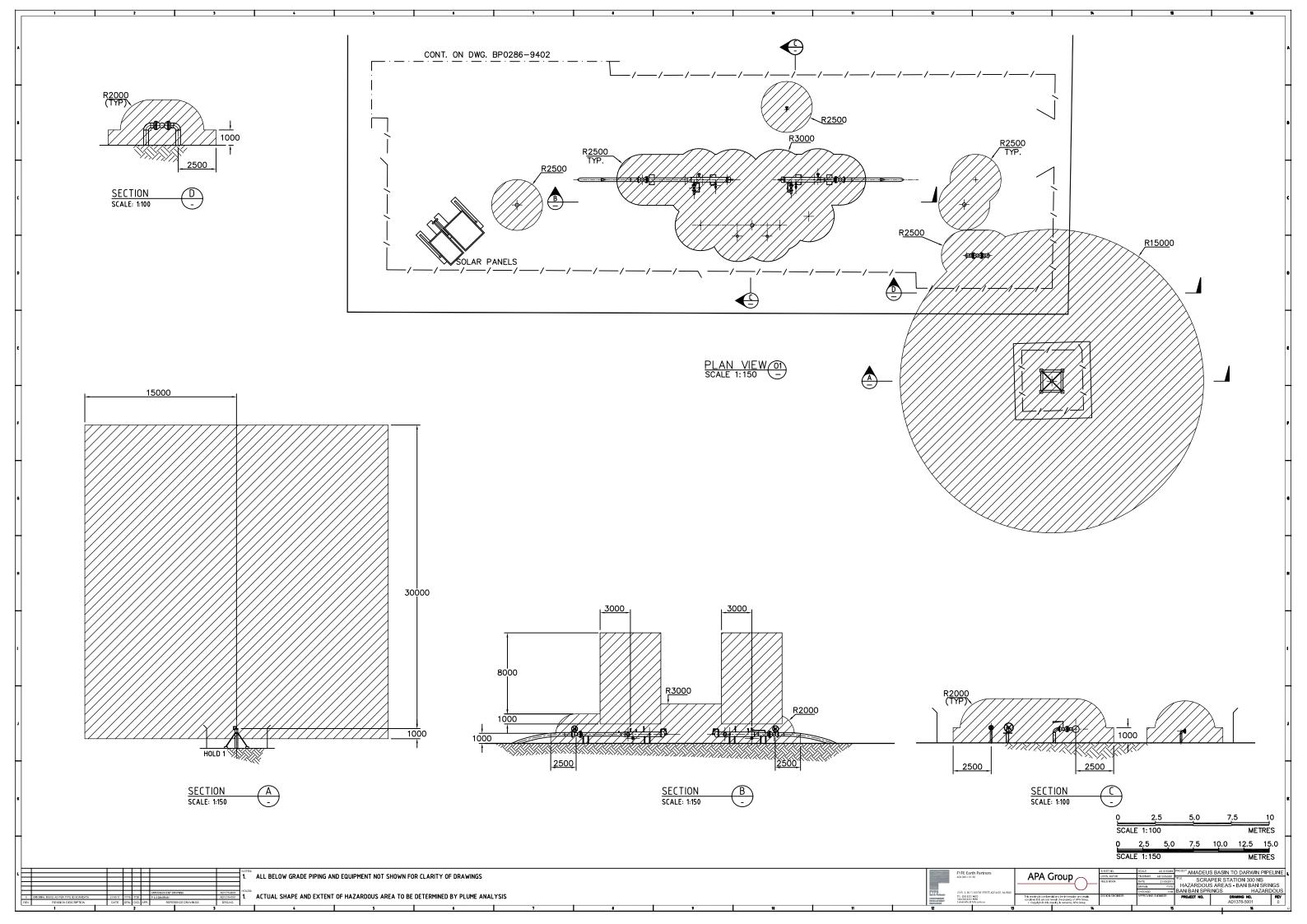
OFI No.	Description	Proposed Remedy				
AD 1378-OFI-5	Conduit and Equipment have no ID's.	Fit conduit and equipment with ID tags.				
Solenoid Valve (closed)	Corrosion evident at conduit and valves. Poor condition overall.	Replace equipment.				
AD 1378-SVC-10	Nil Hazardous area certification detail to Australian Standards available.	Replace the equipment or get certificate of conformity as per Australian Standards.				
AD 1378-OFI-6	Cable has no ID tag.	Fit cable with ID tags.				
Pressure transmitter	No seal conduit below transmitter.	Install conduit seal.				
AD 1378-PT-12	Sheath to cable is damaged.	Replace equipment, suggest blue heat shrink.				
	No cable ID tag.	Attach ID tag to cable.				
AD 1378-OFI-7 Temperature Element	No seal conduit below transmitter.	Install conduit seal.				
	On cable at RTO with exposed armour cable.	Re-terminate.				
AD 1378-TE-13	Sun cover has sharp edges.	Remove sharp edges.				
	Cable gland is loose.	Tighten as described.				
AD 1378-OFI-8 Hazardous Area	The actual extent of the hazardous area is unknown and a typical hazardous area zone has been applied based on Fyfe's experience. Plume dispersion analysis should be undertaken to determine the extents of the hazardous area.	Conduct plume dispersion calculations.				
	The hazardous area from the vent will extend outside of the fenced compound.	Recommend temporary exclusion zone during pipeline blow downs.				
AD 1378-OFI-9 Cable Conduits	Open cable conduits.	Fill conduits with suitable sealing material (expanding foam).				



4 Hazardous Area Mapping Drawings

This section contains the hazardous area mapping drawings.

Drawing Number	Description	Revision
AD 1378-5001	Scraper Station 300 NS – Ban Ban Springs Hazardous Area	0





5 Hazardous Area Equipment Register and Certificates of Conformity

This section contains the hazardous area equipment register and associated certificates of conformity.



Ban Ban Springs Scrapper Station Hazardous Area Equipment Register

olour Code Notes:
rotection and Certification Details obtained from manufacturer and related equipment from similar sites.
otection and Certification details are not available.

APA Group	

Doc No.: 18756-5-70-005	
Rev: 0	
Date: 01-Nov-2011	

Tog	P&ID No.	Location	Instrument Type	Manufacturar	Model	Serial No.	Hazard Area	Haz	z Area Classification		Ex Protection	Certification
Tag	PAID NO.	Location	instrument Type	Manufacturer	iviodei	Seriai No.	Drawing No.	Zone	Gas Group	Temp.	Ex Protection	Certification
BAN BAN SPRINGS SCRAPPE	R STATION P&ID (AD1:	378-7001-3)										
AD1378-PT-9	AD1378-7001-3	Upstream of mainline valve AD1378-MLV-10	Pressure transmitter	Rosemount	305ITG4A2B21BB4M5TI	RS 1016636	AD1378-5001	2	IIA	T1		
AD1378-ZSO-10	AD1378-7001-3	Mainline valve AD1378-MLV-10	Valve limit switch (open)	Limitorque			AD1378-5001	2	IIA	T1	d?	Ex 1249x?
AD1378-ZSC-10	AD1378-7001-3	Mainline valve AD1378-MLV-10	Valve limit switch (closed)	Limitorque			AD1378-5001	2	IIA	T1	d?	Ex 1249x?
AD1378-SVO-10	AD1378-7001-3	Mainline valve AD1378-MLV-10	Solenoid valve (open)	Skinner	X52HLB22501		AD1378-5001	2	IIA	T1		YTSX.E23267?
AD1378SVC-10	AD1378-7001-3	Mainline valve AD1378-MLV-10	Solenoid valve (close)	Skinner	X52HLB22501		AD1378-5001	2	IIA	T1		YTSX.E23267?
AD1378-PT-12	AD1378-7001-3	Downstream of mainline valve AD1378-MLV-10	Pressure transmitter	Yokogawa	EJX330A-ED84N-014EF/SO2/X2	91H322619 809	AD1378-5001	2	IIA	T1	i IIC T4	IEC Ex CSA 05.0005
AD1378-TE-13	AD1378-7001-3	Downstream of mainline valve AD1378-MLV-10	Temperature element / transmitter	Yokogawa	YTA110 A4DB/SU2	G2K?02004039	AD1378-5001	2	IIA	T1	i IIC T5	IEC Ex KEM 09.0032x/09.0032
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Ban Ban Springs Scrapper Station Hazardous Area Equipment Register

Colour Code Notes:	
Protection and Certification Details obtained from manufacturer and related equipment from similar sites.	S.
Protection and Certification details are not available.	
	APA Group
	7117 Gloup
Doc No.: 18756-5-70-005	
Rev: 0	
Date: 01-Nov-2011	

Tag	P&ID No.	Location	Instrument Type	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No. Hazard Are		Haz	Haz Area Classification		Ex Protection	Certification
ray	PAID NO.	Location	instrument Type	Manufacturer	Wiodei	Serial No.	Drawing No.	Zone	Gas Group	Temp.	LX PTOLECTION	Gertification
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										1		
										1		



Ban Ban Springs Scrapper Station Hazardous Area Equipment Register

Colour Code Notes:		
Protection and Certification Details obtained from manufacturer and related equipment from similar site	es.	
Protection and Certification details are not available.		
		APA Group
		<u> </u>
Doc No.: 18756-5-70-005		
Rev: 0		
Date: 01-Nov-2011		

Tag	P&ID No. Location Instrument Type Manufacturer Model Serial No.		Serial No. Hazard Area Drawing No.		Haz	Area Classific	cation	Ex Protection	Certification			
Tay	Faid No.	Location	instrument Type	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Drawing No.	Zone	Gas Group	Temp.	EX PIOLECTION	Certification
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EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

Certificate of Conformity

Certificate No:

AUS Ex 1249X

Issue 0:

Original Issue 17/7/1991

Issue 5:

30/05/2003 (Revalidation)

Date of Expiry:

30/05/2013

Certificate Holder:

Fisher-Rosemount Pty Ltd

471 Mountain Highway

BAYSWATER Victoria 3153

Electrical Equipment:

Model 3051-series Pressure Transmitter and Model 3001-series Hydrostatic Pressure

Transmitter, including optional Fieldbus/Profibus outputs, LCD indicator and T1 Transient-

protection Terminal Board.

Type of Protection:

Ex ia

Ex n

Marking Code:

Ex ia IIC T4 ($T_{amb} = 70$ °C) / T5 IP66 (for non-Fieldbus)

Ex ia IIC T4 ($T_{amb} = 60$ °C) / T5 IP66 (for Foundation Fieldbus/Profibus)

Ex n IIC $T4(T_{amb} = 70 \, ^{\circ}C) / T5 \, IP66$

AUS Ex 1249X

Manufactured By:

Rosemount Inc

8200 Market Boulevard

Chanhassen MN 55317 USA

Emerson Process Management

1-10236261-00/

PDC No.:....

Rev: O Date

ORDER NUMBERS

Customer: 626923

Emorgon 7

20,52856

Issued by:



919 Londonderry Road Londonderry NSW 2753 Phone: (02) 4724 4900 Fax: (02) 4724 4999 C

Accreditation by the Joint Accreditation System of Australia and New Zealand, Acc No. Z2221100AS

STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

9

Page 1 of

EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

This certificate is granted subject to the conditions as set out in Standards Australia Miscellaneous Publication MP 69 and the Procedures (Doc Q7134) of the scheme.

The electrical equipment and any acceptable variation to it specified in the schedule to this certificate and the identified documents, was found to comply with the following standards:

AS 2380.1-1989 Electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Explosion-protection techniques - General requirements (incorporating Amendment 1)

AS 2380.7-1987 Electrical Equipment for explosive atmospheres - Explosion-protection techniques - Intrinsic safety 'i'

AS 2380.9-1991 Electrical Equipment for Explosive atmospheres - Explosion-protection Techniques - Non-sparking Apparatus - Type of protection 'n'

AS 1939-1990 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures of electrical equipment (IP Code)

This certificate does not ensure compliance with electrical safety requirements and performance other than those included in the Standards listed above.

The equipment listed has successfully met the examination and test requirements as recorded in

Test Report No.: LOSC 11812; 16864; 16910 and TestSafe 20320, 21599 and 22468

File Reference: TestSafe 94/5985-TSA 0007

Signed for and on behalf of issuing authority
Laboratory Systems Manager

TestSafe Australia

Position 30/05/2003

Date of issue

Ex 1249X-5

This certificate and schedule may not be reproduced except in full.

This certificate is not transferable and remains the property of Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services and must be returned in the event of its being revoked or not renewed.

Issued by:



919 Londonderry Road Londonderry NSW 2753 Phone: (02) 4724 4900 Fax: (02) 4724 4999



Accreditation by the Joint Accreditation System of Australia and New Zealand, Acc No. Z2221100AS

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9

Page 2 of

EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

Schedule

Certificate No: AUS Ex

1249X

sue:

Date of Issue:

30/05/2003

Certified Equipment:

The range of transmitters is designed to convert signals from a pressure transducer into an electrical signal. The electronics provide an analogue 4-20 mA output with HART, or optionally a d.c. output for low power applications or Foundation Fieldbus, or Profibus output for Fieldbus applications. The transmitter is intended for connection to separately certified apparatus having a source of potential not exceeding 30 Volts d.c. and a short circuit current not exceeding 200 mA for the low power and analog/HART output or 300 mA for the Fieldbus output.

The equipment may be manufactured in a number of combinations from the ranges of optional boards according to the configurations, and they are tabulated in the following tables.

(a) Foundation Fieldbus/Profibus Transmitter Configuration							
Ref.	Description	Drawing No.					
Any one of t	he following terminal boards:						
Ter.e	Standard 3051 Fieldbus	03031-0467					
Ter.f	Transient Protection 3051 Fieldbus (T1 Option)	03031-0486					
Micro-board	assembly:						
Micro.a1	3051 Fieldbus Analog	03031-0477					
Micro.a2	3051 Fieldbus Digital	03031-0481					
Optional LC	D Indicator assembly:						
Dis.c	CCA, Vortex Shrouded, LCD Board, 2 Line	08800-7611					
Any one of t	he sensor boards can be used: (Refer to Sensor Board Lis	st below)					

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919 Londonderry Road Londonderry NSW 2753 Phone: (02) 4724 4900 Fax: (02) 4724 4999



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Page 3 of

EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

Ex 1249X-5

Certified Equipment: (Continued)

Addendum to Certificate No.....

(b) Low Power Transmitter Configuration							
Ref	Description	Drawing No.					
Any one of t	he following terminal boards can be used:						
Ter.a	Potted Low Power Terminal Block Assembly	03031-0607					
Ter.b	Transient Protection Terminal Brd, 3-Wire (T1 Option)	03031-0506					
Microboard	assembly:						
Micro.b	Low Power Microboard Conformal Coated	03031-0275					
Optional LC	D Indicator assembly:						
Dis.a	Coated CCA Meter/LCD Board	03031-0162					
Any one of t	he sensor boards can be used: (Refer to Sensor Board List be	elow)					

(c) Analog/HART Transmitter Configuration				
Ref.	Description	Drawing No.		
Any one of the following terminal boards can be used:				
Ter.c	4-20mA Standard Terminal Block Assembly	03031-0657		
Ter.d	Standard Transient Protection Terminal Block Assembly (T1 Option)	03031-0665		
Microboard Assembly:				
Micro.c	Micro Brd 5, Coated & Spot Potted, 3051/3001 & Probar	03031-0584		
Optional LCD Indicator assembly:				
Dis.b	Shrouded/Spot-Potted/Labelled LCD Board, 2 Line	03031-0591		
Any one of the sensor boards can be used: (Refer to Sensor Board List below)				

Sensor Boards List			
Ref.	Description	Drawing No.	
Sen.a	Low Cost Sensor Card Conformal Coated	03031-0283	
Sen.b	Sensor Board 3, Uncoated, 3051C	03031-0587	
Sen.c	Sensor Board IV Coated, 3051C	03031-0817	
Sen.d	AP Sensor Card Conformal Coated	03031-2011	
Sen.e	Sensor Board, Coated, 3051T	03031-0923	
Sen.f	Sensor Taconite, Coated, 3051/2088	03031-0929	

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STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

4 9 Page of

EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

Addendum to Certificate No... Ex 1249X-5

Variations Permitted By Issue 5:

The complete range of the equipment has been classified as documented in the Certified Equipment.

Conditions of Certification relating to Variations Permitted by Issue 5:

- 1. It is a condition of manufacture that the 3051 or 3001 pressure transmitters that do not include the transient protection on the terminal board assembly must be capable of withstanding a test voltage of not less than 500 Volts, 48 Hz to 62 Hz applied between input terminals and case for a period not less than 1 minute.
- 2. It is a condition of safe use that the following parameters are to be taken into account for Intrinsic Safety applications:

(a) Foundation Fieldbus/Profibus Transmitter Configuration					
Entity Parameters	Withorw	ithout transient protected T1 o	ption		
Ui		30 V			
li li		300 mA			
Pi		1.3 W			
Ci	·	0 μF			
Li		0 μΗ			

(b) Low Power Transmitter Configuration				
Entity Parameters	Without transient protected T1 option	With transient protected T1 option		
Ui	30 V	30 V		
Ii.	200 mA	200 mA		
Pi	0.9 W	0.9 W		
Ci	0.042 μF	0.042 μF		
Li	10 μΗ	0.75 mH		

(c) Analog/HART Transmitter Configuration			
Entity Parameters	Without transient protected T1 option	With transient protected T1 option	
Ui	30 V	30 V	
Ii	200 mA	160 mA	
Pi	0.9 W	0.9 W	
Ci	0.01 μF	0.01 μF	
Li	10 μΗ	1.05 mH	

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5 9° Page of

EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

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Addendum to Certificate No... Ex 1249X-5

Conditions of Certification relating to Variations Permitted by Issue 5: (continued)

- 3. It is a condition of safe use that the apparatus may only be used with a passive current limited power source for Intrinsic Safety applications. The power source parameters must be such that $Po \le (Uo \times Io) / 4$.
- 4. It is a condition of safe use that for models using transient protection in the terminal assembly (T1 transient protection models) the apparatus enclosure is to be electrically bonded to the protective earth. The conductor used for the connection shall be equivalent to a copper conductor of 4 mm² minimum cross-sectional area.
- 5. It is a condition of safe use that the Fieldbus option is to be supplied from a voltage source not exceeding 35.0 V dc for Non-Sparking applications. The Low Power and Analog/HART options are to be supplied from a voltage source not exceeding 55 V dc for Non-sparking applications
- 6. It is a condition of safe use that where the equipment is installed such that there is an unused conduit entry, the entry must be sealed with a suitable blanking plug to maintain the minimum degree of protection of IP66 for Non-Sparking applications.
- 7. It is a condition of safe use that upon completion of commissioning the apparatus with a label plate with more than one marking on it, the irrelevant marking code(s) shall be permanently scribed off.

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EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

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Addendum to Certificate No... Ex 1249X-5

Drawings Relating to Variations Permitted by Issue 5

Document No.	Document Litle	Sheets	Issue	Date :
00268-0031	Index of I.S. Barrier System for MOD.268 Smart Family	1 to 7	M	08/04/1993
	Interface			
03031-0059	Label, Nameplate / Customer Tag	1 to 16	AY	17/12/2001
03031-0060	Label, Approvals, 3051C	1 to 8	BG	04/04/2002
03031-0087	Schematic Diagram, 3051/3001 CENELEC I.S. Approval	1 of 1	AC	10/10/1997
03031-0160	Schematic Diagram, Meter/LCD Board	1 of 1	H	07/05/1990
03031-0161	Printed Wiring Board LCD/Meter Board	1 to 4	U	05/08/1996
03031-0162	Coated CCA Meter/LCD Board	1 of 1	AC	22/11/1999
03031-0272	Schematic Diagram 3051C Low Power	1 of 2	AA	17/02/1999
03031-0273	Printed Wiring Board Low Power Microboard	1 to 4	J	06/08/1996
03031-0275	Circuit Card Assy Low Power Microboard Conformal Coated	1 to 3	AB	10/11/1999
03031-0280	Schematic Diagram Low Cost Sensor BRD	1 of 1	F	12/01/1995
03031-0281	Printed Wiring Board Low Cost Sensor Card	1 to 4	G	06/08/1996
03031-0283	Circuit Card Assy Low Cost Sensor Card Conformal Coated	1 of 1	F	21/03/1991
03031-0464	Schematic Drawing Standard Terminal Block, 3051 Fieldbus	1 of 1	AA	20/03/1998
03031-0467	Terminal Block Assy, Standard 3051 Fieldbus	1 to 2	AC	12/1998
03031-0475	3051 Fieldbus Analog Electronics	1 to 2	AC	12/1998
03031-0476	Printed Wiring Board - Fieldbus Analog	1 to 3	AC	10/06/1998
03031-0477	Circuit Card Assy 3051 Fieldbus Analog	1 to 2	AH	29/05/2001
03031-0479	3051 Fieldbus Digital Electronics	1 of 1	AB	12/1998
03031-0480	Printed Wiring Board - 3051 Fieldbus Digital	1 to 3	AC	12/1998
03031-0481	Circuit Card Assy - 3051 Fieldbus Digital	1 to 3	AD	01/2000
03031-0483	Schematic Drawing Transient Terminal Block, 3051 Fieldbus	1 of 1	ĄΒ	22/02/2001
03031-0484	Printed Wiring Board Transient Protection 3051 Fieldbus	1 to 3	AC	22/02/2001
03031-0486	Terminal Block Assy, Transient Protection, 3051 Fieldbus	1 to 2	AC	12/1998
03031-0488	Ass'y Output Electronics, Fieldbus	1 of 1	AG	29/05/2001
03031-0504	Schematic Diagram Terminal Block 3-wire Configuration	1 of 1	С	21/05/1991
03031-0505	Printed Wiring Board Terminal Board, 3-Wire Configuration	1 to 2	E	23/06/1995
03031-0506	Circuit Card Assy, Transient Protection Terminal BRD, 3-Wire	1 to 3	AA	24/08/1998

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Addendum to Certificate No...Ex 1249X-5

Drawings Relating to Variations Permitted by Issue 5 (Continued)

Document	Document Title	Sheets	Issue	Date
No.		1 4 0	A C	10/09/2001
03031-0519	3051P Label, Nameplate / Customer Tag	1 to 8	AG	10/08/2001
03031-0520	Label, Approvals, 3051P	1 to 8	AJ	06/01/2000
03031-0521	Label, Nameplate / Customer Tag 3051C-Low Power	1 to 7	AH	15/02/2001
03031-0535	Label, Nameplate / Customer Tag 3051P-Low Power	1 to 3	F	19/05/1995
03031-0581	Schematic Drawing Micro Board #5 3051C	1 to 3	AD	01/03/2002
03031-0582	Printed Wiring Board, Micro BRD 5, 3051C	1 to 3	AD	17/07/2000
03031-0584	Shrouded Assembly Micro BRD 5, Coated & Spot Potted,	1 to 4	AK	04/03/2002
	3051/3001 & Probar			
03031-0585	Schematic Sensor Board 3	1 to 2	В	13/11/1995
03031-0586	Printed Wiring Board Sensor Board 3 3051C	1 to 4	AA	08/10/1997
03031-0587	Circuit Card Assy Sensor Board 3, Uncoated, 3051C	1 to 2	AC	25/06/1998
03031-0589	Schematic Diagram 160 Segment LCD Board	1 to 1	A	31/01/1995
03031-0590	Printed Wiring Board LCD Board, 2 Line	1 to 4	AA	30/11/1998
03031-0591	Circuit Card Assembly Shrouded/Spot-Potted/labeled LCD	1 to 3	AF	19/06/2000
	Board, 2 Line			
03031-0604	Schematic Diagram 3051C Low Power Terminal Block	1 of 1	A	12/02/1996
03031-0605	Printed Wiring Board, Low Power, Terminal, Block, 3051C	1 to 3	A	12/02/1996
03031-0607	Potted Low Power Terminal Block Assembly	1 of 1	AC	15/11/2001
03031-0655	Schematic Diagram 4-20mA Standard Terminal Block	1 of 1	AB	15/10/2001
03031-0656	Printed Wiring Board, Standard 4-20mA, Terminal Block,	1 to 3	AD	20/06/2000
	3051C			
03031-0657	4-20mA Standard Terminal Block Assembly	1 to 2	AF	15/11/2001
03031-0663	Schematic Diagram Standard Trans. Protection Terminal Block	1 of 1	AB	10/2001
03031-0664	Printed Wiring Board, Transient Protection Standard, Term.	1 to 3	AC	07/08/1997
	Block, 3051C		·	
03031-0665	Standard Transient Protection Terminal Block Assembly	1 to 2	AD	15/11/2001
03031-0687	Schematic Diagram, 3051 Fieldbus CENELEC I.S. Approval	1 of 1	AB	16/08/2001
03031-0815	Schematic Sensor Board IV	1 to 2	AE	13/01/1999
03031-0816	Printed Wiring Board Sensor Board IV, 3051C	1 to 3	AE	11/06/1998

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Addendum to Certificate No... Ex 1249X-5

Drawings Relating to Variations Permitted by Issue 5 (Continued)

Document	Document Title	Sheets	Issue	Date no di
No.			4 7 7	12/01/1000
03031-0817	Circuit Card Assy Sensor Board IV Coated, 3051C	1 to 2	AH	13/01/1999
03031-0920	Schematic Sensor, 3051T	1 to 2	G	13/12/1995
03031-0921	Printed Wiring Board, Sensor Board 3051T	1 to 3	C	25/02/1997
03031-0923	Circuit Card Assy Sensor Board Coated, 3051T	1 of 1	AA	07/10/1997
03031-0926	Schematic Sensor, 3051TAC	1 to 3	AE	01/04/2001
03031-0927	Printed Wiring Board Sensor Taconite, 3051/2088	1 to 3	AF	25/05/2001
03031-0929	Circuit Card Assembly Sensor Taconite, Coated, 3051/2088	1 of 1	AJ	01/04/2001
03031-1017	Approval Drawing For Module Housing Ass'y, Intrinsically	1 to 6	AH	30/11/2000
	Safe			
03031-1022	Model 3051C/L/P/H, 3001C/S Intrinsically Safe and Type N	1 to 10	AG	28/05/2003
	Configuration, SAA			
03031-1026	SAA LS. Index For 3051 and 3001	1 to 4	AB	26/04/1999
03031-2008	Schematic Diagram AP Sensor Brd	1 of 1	L_	23/09/1996
03031-2009	Printed Wiring Board AP Sensor Card	1 to 4	K	23/09/1996
03031-2011	Circuit Card Assy AP Sensor Card Conformal Coated	1 of 1	AA	07/10/1997
03031-2041	3051T Sensor Board Standoff	1 of 1	AC	05/09/2000
08800-7609	Schematic Diagram, Vortex LCD Board	1 of 1	AA	15/10/1997
08800-7610	Printed Wiring Board, LCD 2 Line	1 to 3	AA	15/10/1997
08800-7611	CCA, Vortex, Shrouded, LCD Board, 2 Line	1 to 2	AE	06/07/2000

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CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY INFORMATION IS CONTAINED HEREIN AND MUST BE HANDLED ACCORDINGLY REVISIONS APP'D DATE CHG. NO. DESCRIPTION REV RTC1002910 UPDATE ENTITY PARAMETERS J.D.J. 12/2/97 AA FIELDBUS AND RTC1006448 J.D.J. 4/26/99 AB PROFIBUS

SAA ENTITY CONCEPT APPROVALS

3051C 3001C 3051L 3001CL 3051P 3001CH 3051H 3001S 3051CA 3051T

OUTPUT CODE A (4-20 mA HART) SEE SHEETS 2 OUTPUT CODE M (LOW POWER) SEE SHEETS 3 OUTPUT CODE F / W (FIELDBUS, PROFIBUS) SEE SHEETS 4

TestSafe Australia
This drawing forms part of certification documents under Certificate Number
AUS Ex. L. L. L. B. 9. X. L. B. 5. Australian augusta Supplementary
Certification

THE ROSEMOUNT PRESSURE TRANSMITTERS LISTED ABOVE ARE INTRINSICALLY SAFE WHEN USED IN THE CURCUIT WITH SAA APPROVED BARRIERS WHICH MEET THE LIST ENTITY PERAMETERS.

TO ASSURE AN INTRINSICALLY SAFE SYSTEM, THE TRANSMITTER AND BARRIER MUST BE WIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRIER MANUFACTURER'S FIELD WIRING INSTRUCTIONS AND THE APPLICABLE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM.

CAD Maintained, (MICROSTATION)

		ROSEMOUNT MEASUREMENT Rosemount Inc.
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS IN INCHES [mm], REMOVE ALL BURRS AND	CONTRACT NO.	FISHER-ROSEMOUNT 12001 Technology Drive Eden Prairie, MN 55344 USA
SHARP EDGES, MACHINE SURFACE FINISH 125	DR. Mike Dobe 12/30/91	SAA I.S. INDEX FOR
-TOLERANCE- .X ± .1 [2,5]	CHK'D	3051 & 3001
.XX ± .02 (0.5)	APP'D. GLEN MONZO 5/8/92	
.XXX ± .010 [0,25] FRACTIONS ANGLES ± 1/32		SIZE FSCM NO DWG NO. 03031-1026
DO NOT SCALE PRINT	APP'D. GOVT.	SCALE N/A WT. SHEET 1 OF 4

	<u> </u>			
	REVI	SIONS		
REV	DESCRIPTION	CHG. NO.	APP'D	DATE
AB		RTC1006448		

OUTPUT CODE "A" (4-20MA / HART) SAA ENTITY CONCEPT APPROVALS

THE ROSEMOUNT PRESSURE TRANSMITTERS LISTED BELOW ARE INTRINSICALLY SAFE WHEN USED IN THE CIRCUIT WITH SAA APPROVED BARRIERS WHICH MEET THE LISTED ENTITY PARAMETERS.

APPROVED TRANSMITTERS

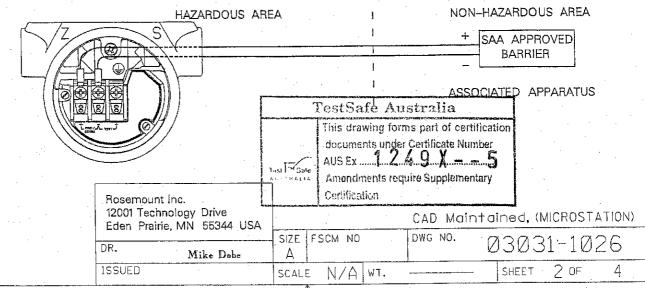
3051C 3051H 3001C 3001S 3051L 3051T 3001CL 3051P 3051CA 3001CH

ENTITY PARAMETER FOR Ex ia IIC T5 CLASS I, ZONE 0 PROTECTION:

APPARATUS PARAMETER	BARRIER PARAMETER
Vmax = 30V lmax = 200mA Pmax = 0.9W	Voc IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 30V ISC IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 200mA Voc * ISC IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 0.9W
$Ci = 0.01 \mu F$ $Li = 10 \mu H$	Ca IS GREATER THAN 0.01 MICROFARADS La IS GREATER THAN 10 MICROHENRIES
FOR TI OPTION ONLY	
lmax = 160mA Li = 1.05mH	Isc IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 160mA La IS GREATER THAN 1.05 MILLIHENRIES

THE ENTITY CONCEPT ALLOWS INTERCONNECTION OF INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPARATUS NOT SPECIFICALLY EXAMINED IN COMBINATION AS A SYSTEM.

TO ASSURE AN INTRINSICALLY SAFE SYSTEM THE TRANSMITTER AND BARRIER MUST BE WIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRIER MANUFACTURERS FIELD WIRING INSTRUCTIONS AND THE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM SHOWN BELOW.



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REVISIONS

REV DESCRIPTION CHG. NO. APP'D DATE.

AB RTC1006448

OUTPUT CODE "M" (LOW POWER) SAA ENTITY CONCEPT APPROVALS

THE ROSEMOUNT LOW POWER CONFIGURED PRESSURE TRANSMITTERS LISTED BELOW ARE SAA APPROVED AS INTRINSICALLY SAFE WHEN USED IN THE CIRCUIT WITH SAA APPROVED BARRIERS WHICH MEET THE LISTED ENTITY PARAMETERS.

APPROVED TRANSMITTERS WITH LOW POWER CONFIGURATION

3051C

3051T 3051CA

3051L

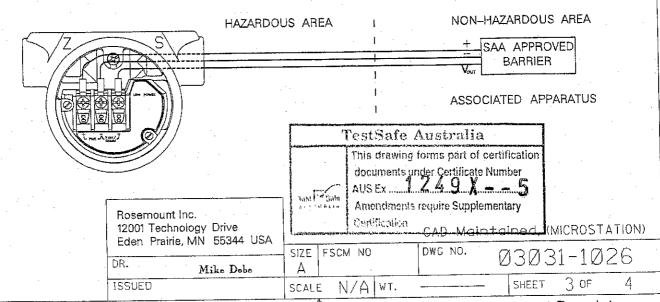
3051P 3051H

ENTITY PARAMETER FOR Ex ia IIC T5 CLASS I, ZONE 0 PROTECTION:

APPARATUS PARAMETER	BARRIER PARAMETER
Vmax = 30V Imax = 200mA Pmax = 0.9W $Ci = 0.042\mu F$ $Li = 10\mu H$	Voc IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 30V ISC IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 200mA Voc * ISC IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 0.9W Ca IS GREATER THAN 0.042 MICROFARADS La IS GREATER THAN 10 MICROHENRIES
FOR TI OPTION ONLY Li = 0.75mH	La IS GREATER THAN 0.75 MILLIHENRIES

THE ENTITY CONCEPT ALLOWS INTERCONNECTION OF INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPARATUS NOT SPECIFICALLY EXAMINED IN COMBINATION AS A SYSTEM.

TO ASSURE AN INTRINSICALLY SAFE SYSTEM THE TRANSMITTER AND BARRIER MUST BE WIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRIER MANUFACTURERS FIELD WIRING INSTRUCTIONS AND THE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM SHOWN BELOW.



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	. N	V				
			REVISIONS			·
REV		DESCRIPTION		CHG. NO.	APP'D	DATE
AB				RTC1006448		

OUTPUT CODE F/W (FIELDBUS, PROFIBUS) SAA ENTITY CONCEPT APPROVALS

THE ROSEMOUNT PRESSURE TRANSMITTERS LISTED BELOW ARE INTRINSICALLY SAFE WHEN USED IN THE CIRCUIT WITH SAA APPROVED BARRIERS WHICH MEET THE LISTED ENTITY PARAMETERS.

APPROVED TRANSMITTERS

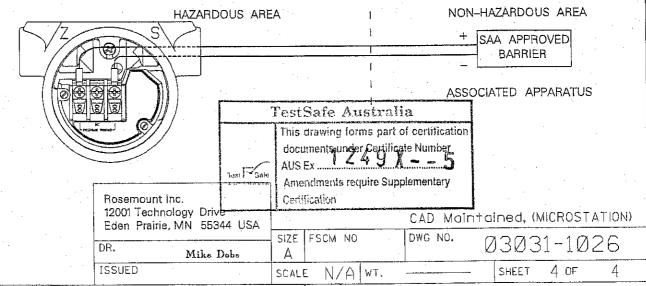
3051C 3051H 3001C 3001S 3051L 3051T 3001CL 3051P 3051CA 3001CH

ENTITY PARAMETER FOR Ex is IIC T5 CLASS I, ZONE 0 PROTECTION:

APPARATUS PARAMETER	BARRIER PARAMETER
Vmax = 30V Imax = 300mA Pmax = 1.3W $Ci = 0 \mu F$ $Li = 0\mu H$	Voc IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 30V ISC IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 300mA Voc * ISC 4 Ca IS GREATER THAN 0 MICROFARADS La IS GREATER THAN 0 MICROHENRIES

THE ENTITY CONCEPT ALLOWS INTERCONNECTION OF INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPARATUS NOT SPECIFICALLY EXAMINED IN COMBINATION AS A SYSTEM.

TO ASSURE AN INTRINSICALLY SAFE SYSTEM THE TRANSMITTER AND BARRIER MUST BE WIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BARRIER MANUFACTURERS FIELD WIRING INSTRUCTIONS AND THE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM SHOWN BELOW.



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YTSX.E23267 Valves, Electric for Use in Hazardous Locations

Page Bottom

Valves, Electric for Use in Hazardous Locations

See General Information for Valves, Electric for Use in Hazardous Locations

PARKER HANNIFIN CORP FLUID CONTROL DIV

E23267

95 EDGEWOOD AVE NEW BRITAIN, CT 06051 USA

Safety valves, Class I, Groups A, B, C and D; Class II, Groups E, F and GTypes 7121K, 7221G, 7321G, 7321H, 7321K, 71215, 71235, 72218, 73212, 73216, 73218 followed by an alphanumeric suffix up to 15 characters. Some sizes and ratings are not suitable for use in all Classes and Groups indicated above.

General purpose, Class I, Groups A, B, C and D; Class II, Groups E, F and G. Types U033X5152, U133X5192 followed by an arbitrary alpha-Table 7, 1331, 713 7033TVN2GZ01. Some sizes and ratings are not suitable for use in all Classes and Groups indicated above.

Safety valves, Class I, Groups C and D; Class II, Groups E, F and G. Types XL2, 4L2 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B or M and a number).

Types XL2, 4L2 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by a number or letter X and a number followed by letter C). Types 4L2P, XL2P followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC or HC. Types 4LG2, XLG2 (with suffix H or L followed by B and a number or followed by a number and

Type XL62P followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC or HC.

Types XR2, 4R2 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B, M or W and a number).

Types XR2H, 4R2H (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B or W and a number).

Types 4R2, 4R2H, XR2, XR2H (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by a number or letter X and a number followed by letter C).

Types 4R2P, 4R2HP, XR2P, XR2HP followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC or HC.

Type X52 (with suffix B, D, H or L, followed by B, E, M or W and a number).

Type X5B, X5D, X5H or X5L with numerical suffix followed by C or CB.

Type X52P followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC or HC, with or without the letter "B".

Types X5D57390, X5H65100, X5H37910C, X5L37910C, X5H57390C, X5L57390, X5H64010C, X5L64010C, X5H70430C, X5L70430C, X5H72330C, X5H72730C, X5L72330C, X5L72730C.

Safety valves, Class I, Groups C and D. Types XLB2L110C, XLB27B100C, XLB2L740C.

Types XLG2, XLG20, XLG2G, XLG2R, XLG2T followed by a numerical suffix, followed by the letter C.

General purpose valves, Class I, Groups C and D; Class II, Groups E, F and G. Type U133X5192 followed by an arbitrary alpha-numeric suffix.

Types XL1, 4L1, XLP1, 4LP1, XL3, 4L3, XL3A, 4L3A, XLP3, 4LP3, XL5, 4L5, XL5A, 4L5A, XLP5, 4LP5, XL6, 4L6, XL6A, 4L6A (with suffix B, D, H or L, followed by B, H, M or R and a number).

Types XL1, 4L1, XLP1, 4LP1, XL2, 4L2, XL3, 4L3, XL3A, 4L3A, XLP3, 4LP3, XL5, 4L5, XL5A, 4L5A, XLP5, 4LP5, XL6, 4L6, XL6A, 4L6A (with suffix B, D, H or L, followed by a number or letter X and a number followed by letters C or CR).

Types 4L1P, 4L2P, 4L3P, 4L5P, 4L6P, 4LP2P, 4LP3P, 4LP5P, XL1P, XL2P, XL3P, XL5P, XL6P, XLP1P, XLP3P, XLP5P followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC, or HC, with or without the letter R.

Types XL2, 4L2 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by R and a number).

1

Types XLA26, 4LA26 (with suffix H followed by B and a number, or followed by a number and letter C).

Type XLG2 (with suffix B, H or L followed by R and a number or followed by a number and letters CR).

Types XLB1, 4LB1 (with suffix H followed by B and a number, or followed by a number and letter C).

Types 4R1P, 4R2P, 4R2HP, 4RP1P, XR1P, XR2P, XR2HP, XRP1P followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC or HC.

Types 4LB2, XLB2 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B and a number or followed by a number and letter C, CS or CPS).

Types 4LB26, XLB26 (with suffix B, H or L followed by B and a number or followed by a number and letter C or CS).

Types 4LB27, XLB27 (with suffix B followed by letter B and a number).

Type XLB27B followed by a number, followed by suffix CG.

Types 4LD2, XLD2 (with suffix B, H or L followed by B and a number or followed by a number and letter C).

Type 4LG1, 4LH2, XLG1, XLH2 (with suffix B, H or L followed by B and a number, or followed by a number and letter C).

Types XL61P, XLH2P followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC or HC.

Type XH935 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B, M or R and a number or with suffix B, D, H or L followed by an insignificant alphanumerical suffix followed by A, C or R).

Type XH935P followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC or HC, with or without the letter A or R.

Type XH935 (with suffix R followed by BM, MM or RM and a number).

Type XQ5 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by a number and letter C followed by A, AR or R).

Types XQ53, Q53A (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B or W and a number).

Types XR1, 4R1, XRP1, 4RP1 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B, H, M, R or W and a number).

Types XQ53P, XQ53AP followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC or FC, with or without letters A, R or AR.

Types XR1, 4R1, XRP1, 4RP1, XR2, 4R2 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by a number or letter X and a number followed by letters C or CR).

Types XRP1LX38 and 4RP1LX38.

Types XR2, 4R2 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by R and a number).

Types X5 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by a number followed by C followed by E, G, GB, GR, R, T, TA, TAB, TAR, TB, TBR OR TR).

Types X5H71900, X5J71900, X5H8130CT, X5L8130CT, X5R71900, X53HM1100, X53LM1100, X53HM2100 and X53LM2100.

Type X10 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by a number followed by letters C, CG or CT).

Types X11, X12, X13, X15, X16, X18, X116, X126, X136, X156, X166, X186 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B or W and a number).

Types X11, X12, X13, X15, X16, X18, X116, X126, X136, X156, X166, X186 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by a number or letter X and a number followed by letter C).

Types X11P through X18P, followed by a number, followed by the suffix EC, FC, GC or HC.

Types X51, X51A, X53, X53A, X54, X54A, X55, X55A, X56, X57 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by B, E, M, R or W and a number).

Types X51P, X51AP, X52P, X52AP, X53P, X53AP, X54P, X55P, X56P, X57P followed by a number, followed by the suffix DC, FC, GC or HC, with or without letters A, B, E, R, AB, AR, or BR.

Type X52 (with suffix B, D, H or L followed by R and a number).

Types X52RBM1100, X52RBM2100; Types X53R, X53AR, X54R, XH935R followed by BM, MM or RM and a number; Types X5R, XH935R suffixed BM, followed by a number, followed by A, R, T, TA, TR or TAR .

General purpose valves, Class I, Groups C and D; Class II, Groups E and F. Types XLB2, 4LB2, XLB26, 4LB26 (with suffix H followed by a number and letters CV or CVS).

Types XLE1, XLE2, 4LE1, 4LE2 (with suffix H followed by letter B and a number, or followed by a number and letter C).

General purpose valves, Class I, Group D; Class II, Groups E and F. Types 4LK2, XLK2 (with suffix H followed by letter B and a number, or followed by a number and letters CR).

(R)

清

General purpose valves, Class I, Groups C and D; Class II, Group E.	. Types XLF1, 4LF1, XLF2, 4LF2 (with suffix H followed by letter B and	d a
number).	•	

Type 713X7.

Types 716X2, 716Z2, 716Z4.

Last Updated on 2007-10-11

Questions?

Notice of Disclaimer

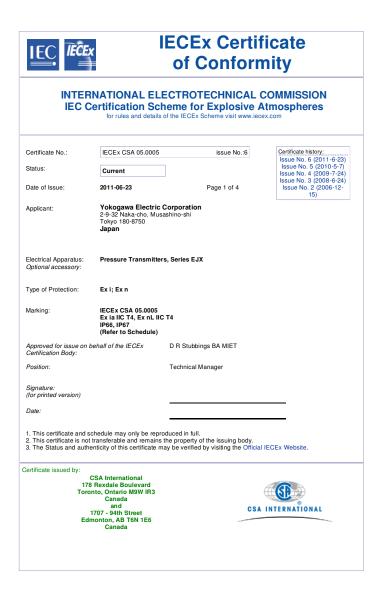
Page Top

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IECEx Certificate of Conformity

Certificate No.:

IECEx CSA 05.0005

Date of Issue:

2011-06-23

Issue No.: 6 Page 2 of 4

Manufacturer:

Yokogawa Electric Corporation 2-9-32 Naka-cho, Musashino-shi Tokyo 180-8750 Japan

Manufacturing location(s): Yokogawa Electric Corporation 155 Takamuro-cho, Kofu-shi Yamanashi-ken, 400-8558 Japan

This certificate is issued as verification that a sample(s), representative of production, was assessed and tested and found to comply with the IEC Standard list below and that the manufacturer's quality system, relating to the Ex products covered by this certificate, was assessed and found to comply with the IECEx Quality system requirements. This certificate is granted subject to the conditions as set out in IECEx Scheme Rules, IECEx 02 and Operational Documents as amended.

STANDARDS:
The electrical apparatus and any acceptable variations to it specified in the schedule of this certificate and the identified documents, was found to comply with the following standards:

IEC 60079-0 : 2000 Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 0: General requirements

Edition: 3.1

IEC 60079-11: 1999 Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 11: Intrinsic safety 'T E-Hitm' 4

IEC 60079-15 : 2001 Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 15: Type of protection 'n' Edition: 2

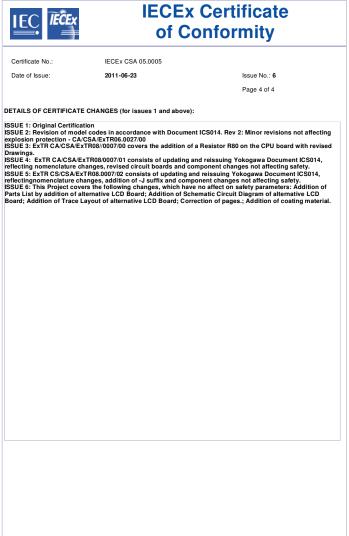
This Certificate **does not** indicate compliance with electrical safety and performance requirements other than those expressly included in the Standards listed above.

TEST & ASSESSMENT REPORTS:
A sample(s) of the equipment listed has successfully met the examination and test requirements as recorded in

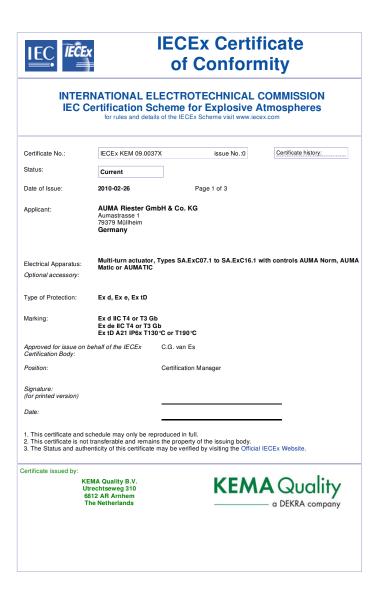
IECEX ATR: CA/CSA/EXTR08/0007/01 CA/CSA/EXTR08.0007/02 CA/CSA/EXTR08.0007/03

File Reference: 172608-2136152 (1626032) 172608-2267020 (1626032) 172608-2380376(1626032)





Annexe: IECEx CSA 05.0005_ICS014.pdf





IECEx Certificate of Conformity

Certificate No.: IECEx KEM 09.0037X

2010-02-26 Date of Issue:

Issue No.: 0 Page 2 of 3

Manufacturer:

AUMA Riester GmbH & Co. KG

Aumastrasse 1 79379 Müllheim Germany

Manufacturing location(s):

This certificate is issued as verification that a sample(s), representative of production, was assessed and tested and found to comply with the IEC Standard list below and that the manufacturer's quality system, relating to the Ex products covered by this certificate, was assessed and found to comply with the IECEx Quality system requirements. This certificate is granted subject to the conditions as set out in IECEx Scheme Rules, IECEx 02 and Operational Documents as amended.

STANDARDS:
The electrical apparatus and any acceptable variations to it specified in the schedule of this certificate and the identified documents, was found to comply with the following standards:

IEC 60079-0 : 2007-10 Explosive atmospheres - Part 0:Equipment - General requirements

IEC 60079-1: 2007-04 Explosive atmospheres - Part 1: Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures "d"

Edition: 6

IEC 60079-7: 2006-07 Explosive atmospheres - Part 7: Equipment protection by increased safety "e"

EIEC 61241-0 : 2004 Electrical apparatus for use in the presence of combustible dust - Part 0: General

IEC 61241-1: 2004 Electrical apparatus for use in the presence of combustible dust - Part 1: Protection by enclosures "tD"

This Certificate **does not** indicate compliance with electrical safety and performance requirements other than those expressly included in the Standards listed above.

TEST & ASSESSMENT REPORTS:
A sample(s) of the equipment listed has successfully met the examination and test requirements as recorded in

Test Report: NL/KEM/ExTR09.0039/00

Quality Assessment Report:

NL/KEM/QAR09.0013/00

IEC IECEX		Ex Certificate f Conformity
Certificate No.:	IECEx KEM 09.0037X	
Date of Issue:	2010-02-26	Issue No.: 0 Page 3 of 3
	Sc	chedule
EQUIPMENT: Equipment and systems co	overed by this certificate are as t	iollows:
See Annexe		
CONDITIONS OF CERTIF	ICATION: YES as shown below	w:
The flame path length on the dimensions of the	is other than required by IE he flameproof joints.	C 60079-1. Contact the manufacturer for information

Annexe: Annexe to IECEx KEM 09.0037X Iss 0.pdf

STANDARDS ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter

STANDARDS HOUSE, 80 ARTHUR STREET, NORTH SYDNEY, N.S.W.

CERTIFICATE FOR EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

No. Ex 764

This certifies that the equipment described hereunder has been examined and tested in accordance with the requirements of the Australian standard(s) specified herein, and such equipment has been found to comply with these requirements.

This certificate may be withdrawn at any time if in the opinion of SAA Committee P/3, Certification of Electrical Equipment for Hazardous Locations, the relevant standard has been altered or revised to a degree that the equipment is no longer considered suitable for installation in the hazardous location stated, or if the certificate holder has breached any of the terms or conditions under which this certificate was issued.

Description of Equipment

Cable Glands, Type E1FX

Drawing No(s)

MP707/A(5); MP804(3); MP805(3); MP806(4); MP807(3); MP808(3); MP810(3); MP811(3);

MP812(3); MP813(3); MP814(3); MP816(3);

MP817(2); MP819(4); MP820(3); MP855(3); MP888(2); MP889(2); MP928(1); MP932(1);

MP963(1); MP964(1)

Isaue numbers are in brackets

Certification Conditions

Remarks

VERIFIED COPY OF ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE

Date 27:5.05

Issued By....

Hazardous Location

Class I Zones 1 & 2 Class II Divisions 1 & 2

Type of Protection

Ex d IIC

Certificate Holder

Pirelli Cables Australia Ltd

Aires Road

MINTO NSW 2566

Manufacturer

CMP (UK) Limited

5t Peters

Newcastle-on-Tyne

NE6 1BE UK

Test Report No(s)

LOSC TR NO: 2080

Australian Standard(s)

AS 1828-1981

AS 2236-1985

AS 1939_1981 SAA File Reference

P/3: 85117/M126

Effective Date

1986-01-01

Date of Issue

1986-06-10

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ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE

Director—Administration & Approvals
Standards Association of Australia

Standards Association of Australia

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER



HEAD OFFICE: STANDARDS HOUSE, 80 ARTHUR STREET, NORTH SYDNEY, N.S.W.

Meil: P.O. BOX 458, NORTH SYDNEY, N.S.W. 2060 Telephone: 929 6022 Telegrams: Austandard North Sydney Telex: 26514

Your reference:

Our reference:

JKErr

P/3: 85117

1986-06-10

Pirelli Cables Australia Ltd Aires Road

MINTO NSW 2566:2

Attention: Mr P R Edmonds

Dear Sir,

Reference: CERTIFICATION FOR EXPLOSION-PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

We have pleasure in forwarding the enclosed certificate of compliance:

Certificate No: Ex 764

Date of Issue: 1986-06-10

We would remind you of the undertaking that you have entered into in signing the application; that is, not to make any modifications whatsoever to the equipment before applying to and obtaining from the Association, a supplementary certificate covering such modification. Further, the Association reserves the right to cancel any certificate issued to you if in the opinion of SAA Committee P/3, the relevant standard(s) has been altered to a degree that the equipment is no longer considered suitable for installation in the hazardous location, or if the certificate holder has breached any of the terms or conditions under which the certificate was issued.

Australian
Member:
RYTERNATIONAL
ORGANIZATION
FOR
STANDARDIZATION
data
INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

Yours faithfully,

Jx formby

VERIFIED COPY
ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE

Executive Officer:

COMMITTEE P/3 - CERTIFICATION OF EXPLOSION-

PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

VERIFIED COPY OF ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE

Date 2)-5.02

Issued By....

STANDARDS ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter

STANDARDS HOUSE, 80 ARTHUR STREET, NORTH SYDNEY, N.S.W.

SUPPLEMENTARY CERTIFICATE FOR EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

No. Ex 764-1

This certifies that the equipment described hereunder has been examined and tested in accordance with the requirements of the Australian standard(s) specified herein, and such equipment has been found to comply with these requirements.

This certificate may be withdrawn at any time if in the opinion of SAA Committee P/3. Certification of Electrical Equipment for Hazardous Locations, the relevant standard has been aftered or revised to a degree that the equipment is no longer or conditions under which this certificate was issued.

Description of Modification

CMP Cable Glands, Type El FX

This supplementary certificate has been issued consequent to publication of Amendment 1 of AS 1828-1984

Hazardous Location
Class I Zone 1
Class II Divs. I & 2
Type of Protection

Ex d IIC IP54 IP56D DIP

Certificate Holder
Pirelli Cables Australia Ltd
Airds Road
MINTO NSW 2566

Manufacturer \

CMP (UK) Limited St Peters Newcastle on Tyne NE6 1BE UK

Test Report No(s)

LOSC TR NO 2080A, 2422

Australian Standard(s)

AS 1828-1984 with Amendment 1 SAA File Reference

P/3: 86168/M132

Effective Date

1986-09-10

Date of Issue 1986-10-13

Drawing No(s)

MP 707/A Issue 6

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Date 27 - 5.02

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CERTIFICATE FOR EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

No. Ex 764 (Issue 2)

This certifies that the equipment described hereunder has been examined and tested in accordance with the requirements of the Australian standard(s) specified herein, and such equipment has been found to comply with these requirements.

This certificate may be withdrawn at any time if in the opinion of SAA Committee P/3, Certification of Electrical Equipment for Hazardous Locations, the relevant standard has been altered or revised to a degree that the equipment is no longer considered suitable for installation in the hazardous location stated, or if the certificate holder has breached any of the terms or conditions under which this certificate was issued.

Hazardous Location Description of Equipment Clase 1 Zones 1 & 2 Cable Glands, Type E1FX Class II Divisions 1 & 2 Type of Protection Ex 9 IIC DIP Certificate Holder Pirelli Cables Australia Ltd Aires Road DINIM NSW 2566 Manufacturer Drawing No(s) CMP (UK) Limited MP707/A(5); MP804(3); MP805(3); MP806(4); 5t Peters MP807(3); MP808(3); MP810(3); MP811(3); Newcastle-on-Tyne MP812(3); MP813(3); MP814(3); MP816(3); NE6 1BE UNITED KINGDOM MP817(2); MP819(4); MP820(3); MP855(3); MP888(2); MP889(2); MP928(1); MP932(1); MP963(1); MP964(1). Test Report No(s) (Issue numbers are in brackets) LOSC TR NO: 2080 **Certification Conditions** Australian Standard(s) AS 1828-1984 AS 2236-1985 AS 1939-1981 SAA File Reference P/3: 85117/M126 VERIFIED COPY OF Remarks ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE **Effective Date** Date 27.5.02 1985-01-01 Issued By..... Date of Issue 1986-06-10

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original certificate

Director—Administration & Approvals
Standards Association of Australia





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EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

Certificate of Conformity

Certificate No:

AUS Ex 764

Issue 0:

Original Issue 1/1/1986

Issue 3:

12/8/1998

Date of Expiry:

12/8/2008

Certificate Holder:

CMP Products

Glasshouse Street

ST PETERS

Newcastle upon Tyne NE6 1BE UK

Electrical Equipment:

CMP Cable Glands Types A2F, E1FW, E2FW and E1FX

Type of Protection:

Ex d II IP66 Class I Zone 1

DIP IP66 Class II

Marking Code:

Ex d II IP66 DIP

AUS Ex 764

Manufactured By:

CMP Products

Glasshouse Street

ST PETERS

Newcastle upon Tyne NE6 IBE UK

VERIFIED COPY OF ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE

Date 27.5.02

Issued By.....

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE

Issued by:



Londonderry Occupational Safety Centre

919 Londonderry Road LONDONDERRY NSW 2753 Phone: (02) 4724 4900

Fax: (02) 4724 4999



STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services Pty Limited A.C.N. 050 611 642....

EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

Ex 764-3

This certificate is granted subject to the conditions as set out in Standards Australia Miscellaneous Publication MP 69 and the Procedures (Doc 07134) of the scheme.

The electrical equipment and any acceptable variation to it specified in the schedule to this certificate and the identified documents, was found to comply with the following standards:

AS 1828-1985

Electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Cable glands

(incorporating Amendment 1)

AS 2380.1-1989 Electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Explosion-protection techniques - General requirements

AS 2380.2-1991 Electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Explosion-protection techniques - Flameproof enclosure 'd'

(incorporating Amendment 1)

AS 2236-1994

Electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Dust-excluding Ignition-proof (DIP) enclosures

AS 1939-1990 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures of electrical equipment (IP Code)

The equipment listed has successfully met the examination and test requirements as recorded in

Test Report No:

LOSC 17721

File Reference:

LOSC 85/0237

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This certificate is not transferable and remains the property of Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services and must be returned in the event of its being revoked or not renewed.

Issued by:



Londonderry Occupational Safety Centre

919 Londonderry Road LONDONDERRY NSW 2753 Phone: (02) 4724 4900 Fax: (02) 4724 4999

Explosion Protected Electrical Equipment

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

Schedule

Certificate No: AUS Ex

764

Issue:

Date of Issue:

12/8/1998

Certified Equipment:

The range of CMP Cable Glands are manufactured from brass, stainless steel or mild steel, and may be plated with various protective coatings such as nickel, cadmium or rinc. The range, as summarised in Table 1, incorporates a neoprene seal within the gland body to achieve the explosion protection properties.

For DIP applications a entry thread seal is utilised between the gland and enclosure.

Table 1: Summary of Cable Glands

Gland Type	Cable Dype
Justich the he arithmet and property of the second	Unarmoured
The same of the sa	. SWA
de lagrade mande en frante en frante de la constante de la con	Lead Covered SWA
PROPERTY A Character and the control of the control	Braided

Schedule of Variations

Variations Permitted by Issue 3:

- Re-validation of the Certificate of Conformity.
- 2. A change to the name of the Certificate Holder and Manufacturer.
- 3. Inclusion of gland Types A2F, E1FW and E2FW as previously covered by Certificates of Conformity AUS Ex 712 and AUS Ex 713.

Issued by:



Londonderry Occupational Safety Centre

919 Londonderry Road LONDONDERRY NSW 2753 Phone: (02) 4724 4900 Fax: (02) 4724 4999



STANDARDS AUSTRALIA

4

EXPLOSION PROTECTED ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Administered by: Standards Australia Quality Assurance Services

Addendum to Certificate No. Ex 764-3

Drawing Schedule

Drawing No	Dispuigation	Issue	Date
GA001	Type A2F Arrangement for Unarmoured Cables	01	2/3/98
GA002	Type EIFW Arrangement for SWA Cables	01	2/3/98
GA003	Type E2FW Arrangement for Lead Covered SWA Cables	01	2/3/98
GA004	Type E1FX Arrangement for Braided Cables	01	2/3/98
SCH0001	Item 1	01	3/3 /98
∫ SCH0002	Inner Seal	01	3/3/98
SCH0003	Skid Washer	01	3/3/98
SCH0004	Compression Nut	01	3/3/98
SCH0005	Entry Thread Seal	01	3/3/98
SCH0006	Material Specifications	01	3/3/98
SCH0007	Tolerances	01	4/3/98
SCH0008	Item 1	01	4/3/98
SCH0009	Inner Seal	01	4/3/98
SCH0010	Skid Washer	01	4/3/98
SCH0011	Screwed Bush	01	4/3/98
SCH0012	Item 1	01	4/3/98
SCI10013	Skid Washer	01	4/3/98
SCH0014	Main Item	01	5/3/98
SCH0015	Outer Seal	01	5/3/98
SCH0016	Weather-Proofing 'O'-Ring	01	5/3/98
SCH0017	Ferrule	01	5/3/98
SCH0018	Outer Seal Nut	01	5/3/98
SCH0019	Star Washer	01	6/3/98
SCH0020	Main Item	01	6/3/98
SCH0021	Sleeve	01	6/3/98
SK3625	Australian Certification Parts List	01	2/3/98
SK3626	Australian Certification Drawings Reference Chart	01	2/3/98

Issued by:



Londonderry Occupational Safety Centre

919 Londonderry Road LONDONDERRY NSW 2753 Phone: (02) 4724 4900 Fax: (02) 4724 4999





6 Datasheets and Electrical Drawings

Documentation in relation to this section is to be included and maintained by APA Group.



7 Calculations

Documentation in relation to this section is to be included and maintained by APA Group.

Calculations need to be confirmed for equipment installed in hazardous areas. These include heat dissipation calculation for Ex e and intrinsically safe barrier assessment for Ex i, which are relevant for the ADP sites.

This section contains sample calculation sheet for intrinsically safe barrier assessment and extracts from AS 2381.6-1993 and AS 2381.7-1989.

Intrinsically Safe Barrier Assessment Sheet



			•		
Document No:				Prepared By:	
Site				Checked:	
Loop Description:	:			QA:	
				Approved:	
Loop Drawing Number:				Date:	
	`				
Hazardous Area:					
	H. A. Report:			Area Class:	
н.	A. Drawing No.:			Gas Group:	
		<u> </u>	7	emperature Class:	
				· <u> </u>	
Reneater	Power Supply / Barrier			Sensor	
negeute.	······			:	
Cable Screens shall be					
connected to intrinsically safe earth					
at the Intrinsically			LL. 4	$\overline{}$	
Safe Barrier end.	I.S. Earth		ible 1		
	•		D1		
I.S. Device details (Hazardous A	rea) [Note 2]				
Tag:	:			Max Voltage Um:	V
Type of instrument:				O/C Voltage Uo:	V
Manufacturer:				S/C Current Io:	mA
Model Number:	:			Power Po:	mW
Serial No:				Allowable Cap. Co:	uF
Certificate Number:				Allowable Ind. Lo:	mH
Certifying Authority:				L/Ro:	uH/Ohm
Protection Type:					
Cables:					
Cable 1:	_ C	Cable 2:	_	Total Cable:	
Tag:		Tag:			
Capacitance:		citance:	uF/m	Capacitance:	uFuF
Inductance:		ictance:	mH/m	Inductance:	mH
L/R _C :	mH/Ohm	L/R _c :	mH/Ohm	Max L/Rc	mH/Ohm
Length(D1):	_m Len g	gth(D2):	m		
I.C. American Bergerature (Here	A				
I.S. Apparatus Parameters (Haza	rdous Area):				
Tom				O/C Voltage Ui:	V
Tag: Type of instrument:			-	S/C Current li:	mA
Manufacturer:			4	Power Pi:	mW
Model Number:			-		uF
Serial No:			-	Capacitance Ci:	mH
Certificate Number:			-	Inductance Li:	
Certifying Authority			-		
Protection Type:					
Trotection Type.					
Checks:				PASS/FAIL/NA	
	1 Uo <=	= Ui	<=		
	2 lo <=		<=		
	3 Po <=		<=		
	<u> </u>				
ĺ	4 Ci+C _{Cable}	e <= Co	<=		
	41 UITUCable	·			
		<= L0	<=		
	6 Li+L _{Cable}		<=		
	6 Li+L _{Cable}	₹			
	6 Li+L _{Cable}	₹	<		
Conclusion: The circuit IS Loc	6 Li+L _{Cable} OF 7 L/R _{Cable}	₹			

Notes

- $1- Calculation is based on AS.NZS\ 2381.1:2005, AS2381.7-1989\ \&\ AS/NZS\ 60079.25:2004 for a single power supply loop in an intrinsically safe system.$
- $\ensuremath{\text{2-}}$ The I.S. Barrier is an integral part of the discrete input wireless transmitter.
- 3- The above calculation, check and conclusion are also applicable to wireless transmitter LSL and LSLL level switch I.S. circuits used for pump 1161C/D, 1162C/D, 1163C/D and 1164C/D sealoil pots.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{4-}}$ The level switch in this I.S. Circuit is classified as simple device.

Accessed by Fyfe Pty Ltd on 19 Sep 2011

APPENDIX A

DETERMINATION OF EXTERNAL CIRCUIT PARAMETERS FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SYSTEMS

(This Appendix forms an integral part of this Standard.)

- **A1 CERTIFICATION METHODS.** As specified in Clause 1.4, intrinsically safe electrical equipment may be certified under one of three categories as follows:
- (a) Self-contained equipment. Since this equipment has no external cabling, there are no external parameters to be specified, and hence, such equipment will not be considered further in this Appendix.
- (b) Entity concept equipment.
- (c) Integrated systems.

A2 PARAMETERS TO BE DEFINED.

- **A2.1 Entity concept equipment.** For certified entity concept equipment the following parameters should be defined:
- (a) Associated electrical equipment.
 - (i) Maximum open circuit voltage (U_0) .
 - (ii) Maximum output current (I_0) .
 - (iii) Maximum external capacitance (C_0) .
 - (iv) Maximum external inductance (L_0) .
 - (v) Maximum external connected inductance to resistance ratio (L/R).
- (b) Intrinsically safe equipment.
 - (i) Maximum input voltage (U_i) .
 - (ii) Maximum input current (I_i) .
 - (iii) Maximum internal capacitance (C_i).
 - (iv) Maximum internal inductance (L_i) .

The parameters are marked on the equipment or specified in the accompanying documentation.

- **A2.2 Integrated systems.** For integrated systems, either one of the following cable parameters should be defined:
- (a) Maximum capacitance, inductance, and inductance to resistance ratio.
- (b) Maximum cable lengths for defined cable types.

These parameters are specified in the system documentation or the certificate.

- A3 INSTALLATION OF ENTITY CONCEPT EQUIPMENT. For entity concept equipment to be installed, the total of the cable parameters and those for the intrinsically safe equipment shall be less than those permitted to be connected to the associated electrical equipment, i.e.
- (a) $C_i + C_{cable} < C_o$; and
- (b) either $L_i + L_{cable} < L_o$, or $L/R_{cable} < L/R$.

Also, the voltage and current allowed for the intrinsically safe equipment shall be greater than those available from the associated electrical equipment, i.e. $U_i > U_0$; $I_i > I_0$.

Where shunt diode safety barriers are being used and their capacitance, inductance and L/R ratio parameters have not been specified in the documentation, the values specified in Table A1 may be used.

A4 INSTALLATION OF INTEGRATED SYSTEMS. For an integrated system to be installed correctly, the cable characteristics shall be below those specified in the system certification, i.e. the total cable capacitance and either the total lumped cable inductance or the L/R ratio must be less than those shown in the certificate or installation diagram. Cable characteristics may be obtained from the manufacturer or the values specified in Tables A2 and A3 may be used.

Alternatively, the following cable characteristics represent probable maximums:

- (a) $C = 0.11 \, \mu F/km$.
- (b) L = 0.8 mH/km.
- (c) $L/R = 56 \mu H/\Omega$.

If the parameters are only specified in the system certification for Group IIC they may be multiplied by 3 for Group IIB, by 8 for Group IIA, or by 10 for Group I installations.

Where the system documentation specifies cable types and corresponding lengths it is simply a matter of adhering to those specific requirements.

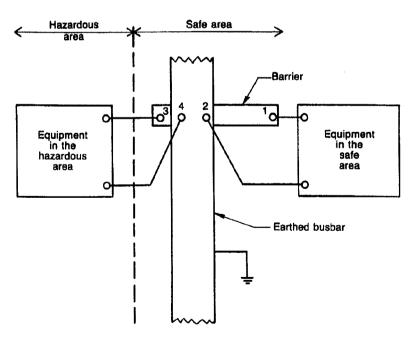
TABLE A1
EXTERNAL PARAMETERS
MAXIMUM VALUES FOR GROUP IIC (HYDROGEN)*

Barrier type	Permissible configuration	Max. permissible capacitance μF	Max. permissible inductance mH	Max. permissible L/R ratio $\mu H/\Omega$
27 V 270 Ω	Figure A1	0.15	3.7	55
22 V 150 Ω	Figure A1	0,2	1.5	40
15 V 100 Ω	Figure A1	0.8	1.5	60
	Figure A2	0.8	1.5	60
10 V 47 Ω	Figure A1	3.0	1.0	80
	Figure A2	3.0	1.0	80
	Figure A3	0.2	1.0	40
47 V 10 Ω	Figure A1	>1 000	0.16	100
	Figure A2	>1 000	0.16	100
	Figure A3	3.0	0.16	50
Ι V 2 Ω	Figure A1	>1 000	0.16	320
	Figure A2	>1 000	0.16	320
	Figure A3	>1 000	0.16	160

^{*} For most practical purposes, the value for gases of Group IIB are 3 times these values, and for gases of Group IIA are 8 times these values.

† The L/R ratio of the cable is defined as follows:

L/R ratio = $\frac{Inductance}{Resistance}$ per unit length (μ H)



NOTE: Barrier can be either positive or negative.

FIGURE A1 INSTALLATION CONFIGURATION 2-WIRE SYSTEM WITH SINGLE BARRIER

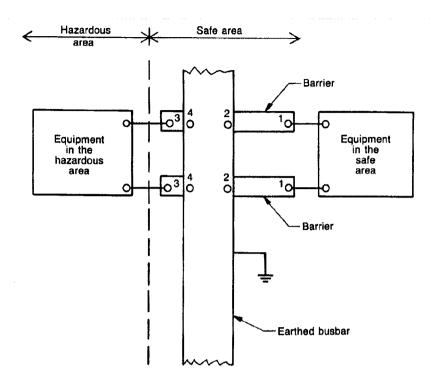


FIGURE A2 INSTALLATION CONFIGURATION 2-WIRE SYSTEM WITH TWO BARRIERS OF LIKE POLARITY

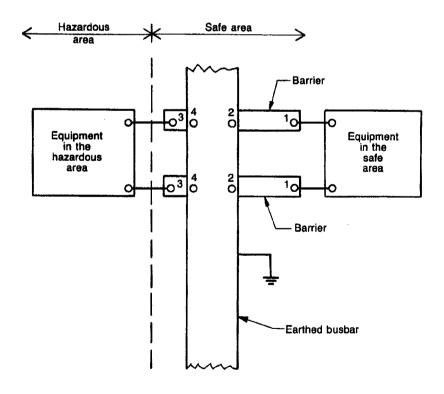


FIGURE A3 INSTALLATION CONFIGURATION 2-WIRE SYSTEM WITH TWO BARRIERS OF OPPOSITE POLARITY

TABLE A2 TYPICAL CABLE CHARACTERISTICS FOR PVC CABLES WITH 0.3 mm RADIAL THICKNESS

Nominal conductor size, number and dia. of wires	7/0.3 mm (0.5 mm²)		7/0.5 mm (1.5 mm²)	
Screening	Screened	Unscreened	Screened	Unscreened
Conductor resistance at 20°C (Ω/100 m)	3.8	3.8	1.4	1.4
Capacitance of pairs (µF/km)	0.145	0.090	0.2	0.12
Inductance at 1 kHz (mH/km)	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8
L/R ratio (µH/ohm)	12	12	31	31

TABLE A3
TYPICAL CABLE CHARACTERISTICS FOR
2-CORE MICC CABLE

Nominal conductor size (mm²)	1
Conductor resistance single core (Ω/100 m)	3.45
Capacitance of pairs (μF/km)	0.1194
Capacitance, conductor to earth (µF/km)	1.1612
Inductance at 1 kHz (mH/km)	0.684
L/R ratio (µH/ohm)	20

APPENDIX C

SELECTION OF Ex e COMPONENTS

(Normative)

C1 GENERAL Each enclosure is allocated a permissible maximum dissipating power, expressed in watts, taking into account—

- (a) the dissipation per component for a given cable conductor size;
- (b) the size of each cable used and the resistance of its length, equal to the diagonal of the enclosure:
- (c) the maximum allowable current for the Ex e component or the maximum current allowable for each cable, if below the maximum allowable for the terminal block; and
- (d) the bunching of cables within each enclosure and the effect this has in producing 'hot spots'.

The selection of an acceptable combination in any assembly is based upon the requirement that enclosures shall not exceed a specified total dissipation of power (in watts) from the cables and the components which are to be housed within each enclosure.

The permissible maximum dissipating power (MDP) for the temperature classification of the enclosure, determined by test, will appear on the manufacturer's rating plate, e.g. 15.5 W.

Having established maximum dissipation of power from the enclosures, the wired assembly may be expressed in power loss in the following way:

Dissipation per terminal:
$$P = I^2[R_t + L \times R_c]$$
 E(1)

$$P = I^2[R_1 + R_d] \qquad \dots E(2)$$

where

P = power dissipation, in watts

I = current through terminal (max. allowable or limited by cable size)

 R_1 = internal resistance of terminal, in ohms

 R_c = cable resistance per metre, in ohms

L = length of cable equal to the diagonal of the enclosure, in metres

MDP = maximum dissipating power, in watts—the sum total of all terminals and wiring within the enclosure

 $R_{\rm d}$ = resistance of a length of cable equal to the diagonal of the enclosure

Therefore, for a combination of terminals and cables the watts loss can be calculated from the basic test information and cable data as follows:

$$MDP = aP_1 + bP_2 + cP_3 \dots + zP_n$$
 E(3)

where

 aP_1 ; bP_2 ; cP_3 , ... zP_n represent the heat dissipation of different combinations and numbers (a; b; c ...z) of terminals and cables.

C2 EXAMPLE: SELECTION OF TERMINAL BLOCKS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH T6 CLASSIFICATION

Assume that the following is derived from tests:

Enclosure MDP = 15 watt

Terminal block TBK2.5 = 15 A max. Terminal block TBK16 = 47 A max. L = 270 mm

A. *P* (TBK2.5) for

 P_1 3 amps 0.5 mm² cable = 0.092 W

 P_2 12 amps 1.0 mm² cable = 0.763 W

 P_3 15 amps 2.5 mm² cable = 0.530 W

B. *P* (TBK16) for

 P_4 47 amps 16 mm² cable = 0.790 W

Maximum number of allowable terminals:

$$P_1$$
 only = $\frac{15.0}{0.092}$ = 163; or

$$P_2$$
 only = $\frac{15.0}{0.763}$ = 19; or

$$P_3$$
 only = $\frac{15.0}{0.530}$ = 28; or

$$P_4$$
 only = $\frac{47.0}{0.790}$ = 59;

Now assume the following combination of terminals—

$$(60 \times P_1) + (6 \times P_2) + (3 \times P_3) + (3 \times P_4)$$

$$(60 \times 0.092) + (6 \times 0.763) + (3 \times 0.530) + (3 \times 0.790)$$

Total Heat Dissipation is—

$$5.52 + 4.578 + 1.590 + 2.37 = 14.058$$
 Watt

It is concluded that the combination of terminals and cables does not exceed MDP of 15 W and is therefore satisfactory for T6.

NOTE: The cables should not be bunched in quantities greater than the number of cores from each cable or conduit entering the enclosure and in any case should not exceed six per bunch.

C3 CABLE SELECTION v TERMINAL SELECTION The maximum current density permitted in any conductor inside or outside the enclosure is to be established as though the conductors are insulated with V75 material and enclosed in conduit in air and derated according to the ambient temperature and in any case not less than 50°C as established according to AS 3008.1. Additional derating factors may be necessary where bunching of cables occurs.

However, where the cables are run in situations that allow an increase of current-carrying capacity, the Ex e installation is placed at risk, particularly when the cable enters the terminal enclosure.

It is important to keep in mind that—

- (a) the Ex e terminal block rated current must not be exceeded; and
- (b) the cable connected to each terminal block is of a size acceptable to that block and the current carried by that cable complies with the requirements of Clause 2.7.2.

C4 FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED IN SELECTING EQUIPMENT CERTIFIED

- **TO** Ex e The establishment of criteria which can lead to practical installation of terminal boxes for use in Class I, Zones 1 and 2 hazardous areas can only be made by testing and from the tests a manufacturer can tabulate and mark—
- (a) maximum power for each enclosure to meet the temperature class—generally T6 or as certified;
- (b) maximum current per Ex e terminal—marked thereon, in amps;
- (c) resistance per terminal, in ohms;
- (d) average length per conductor—box diagonal in metres;
- (e) resistance per conductor length, in ohms;
- (f) actual load current per terminal for the installation in amps; and
- (g) maximum current per conductor, in amps in accordance with AS 3008.1.

For a particular manufacturer's terminal box, these criteria lead to the following tabulations:

TABLE C1
CONDUCTOR RESISTANCE PER BOX FOR EACH CONDUCTOR SIZE

Size mm²	Enclosure types No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 No. 5
0.5	
1.0	
2.5	ohms/1000 $m \times L$
4.0	1000
6.0	
10.0	
16.0	
25.0	
35.0	
50.0	where L is in metres
70.0	
95.0	

TABLE C2
TERMINAL/COMPONENT RESISTANCE (R_i)

Component type	Average resistance (ohms)
TBK 2.5 TBK 4 TBK 6 TBK 10 TBK n	Determined by test

From Tables C1 and C2, details for each enclosure can be derived:

Assume Enclosure type box No. 1. MDP = 15 watt

Ex e component		Cable	Total	
Туре	Type Qty Load or rating A		mm²	W
TBK 2.5	60	3.0	0.5	5.52
TBK 2.5	6	12.0	1.0	4.578
TBK 2.5	3	15.0	2.5	1.590
TBK 16	3	47.0	16.0	2.37
	-	Enclosu	re Total =	14.058

It is possible to determine a large variety of enclosure combinations for different

- (a) conductor resistance;
- (b) component resistance;
- (c) current drawn through each cable and component; and
- (d) enclosure MDP.

components, given-

The manufacturer should be able to supply details of certified components and enclosures. Cable resistances are readily available from tables or the enclosure manufacturer may provide the values for each enclosure size and each cable length, equal to the enclosure diagonals.

- C5 ENCLOSURE CONTENTS AND LABEL Having established the contents for each enclosure for a known application, it is important that any spare space within is **not** filled at some later stage with equipment which—
- (a) exceeds the certified MDP;
- (b) is not certified Ex e; or
- (c) arcs or sparks.

The user or the supplier should attach to the inside of the enclosure a label showing—

- (i) certified MDP;
- (ii) original component contents; and
- (iii) calculated total power dissipation of original installed components.

If the user changes the contents, it would be his responsibility to secure a revised list, having first established that the enclosure temperature class and certified MDP will not be exceeded by the proposed changes.



8 Manufacturer's Data Report (MDR); Installation, Operating and Maintenance (IOM) Manual

Documentation in relation to this section is to be included and maintained by APA Group.



9 Maintenance Register

Documentation in relation to this section is to be included and maintained by APA Group. This section includes sample maintenance sheet.

FYFE Earth Partners	MAINTENANCE REGISTER		APA Group
ENVIRONMENT DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES		Site:	

		DOSSIER UPDATE AS REQUIRED (YES / NO / NA)							
DATE DESCRIPTION	ASSOCIATED TAGS	P&ID	DATASHEET	HA EQUIPMENT REGISTER	CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY			HA CLASSIFICATION	REMARKS
				+					
				+					
			1	İ	I		l	1	

FYFE Earth Partners	MAINTENANCE REGISTER		APA Group
ENVIRONMENT DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES		Site:	

			DOSSIER UPDATE AS REQUIRED (YES / NO / NA)								
DATE	DESCRIPTION	ASSOCIATED TAGS	P&ID	DATASHEET	HA EQUIPMENT REGISTER	CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY	INSTALLATION CHECK LIST	REPAIR & EXAMINATION REPORT	HA CLASSIFICATION	HA DRAWING REMARKS	
											$\overline{}$
							_				
	-										

FYFE Earth Partners	MAINTENANCE REGISTER		APA Group
ENVIRONMENT DEVELOPMENT RESOURCES		Site:	

			DOSSIER UPDATE AS REQUIRED (YES / NO / NA)							
DATE	DESCRIPTION	ASSOCIATED TAGS	P&ID	DATASHEET	HA EQUIPMENT REGISTER	CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY		REPAIR & HA EXAMINATION REPORT CLASSIFICATION		REMARKS
					1					
					ļ				1	



10 Inspection Register

Close visual inspection to confirm equipment installations was performed by Neville Green, an electrical engineer from Sitzler during a site visit on the 7th and 8th of August 2011.

This Section contains the inspection sheets. The Section also contains sample inspection sheet(s) for future inspection.

Documentation in relation to this section is to be maintained by APA Group.



SITZLER Ptv Ltd

Construction and Civil Contractors, Project Managers and Developers

Ref: I:\data\sitz\er\contracts\darwin\sbsj12\fyf1 fyfe pty ltd hazardous areas reporting award 28.07.11\fyf3 fyfe northern end pipline\reports\ban ban springs\electrical equipment for hazardous area summary report - ban ban springs 19.09.11.docx

19 September 2011

FYFE PTY LTD Level 3, 80 Flinders St Adelaide SA 5000

Attention: Tony Bird

Dear Tony,

RE: AMADEUS PIPELINE – BAN BAN SPRINGS SCRAPER STATION

HAZARDOUS AREA ELECTRICAL INSPECTION REPORTING

Please find attached hazardous area device inspection sheets for the above site as part of the visual grade of inspection reporting completed on September 7th 2011. A broad range of findings have been identified and documented within the 'action required' section of each check sheet in order to identify the non compliance of the equipment/installation with respect to current standards.

We list the items of deliverables requested by FYFE below and trust the scope of work delivered is in accordance with the specified requirements.

- 1. Preparation of hazardous area device inspection check-sheets
- 2. Attend sites and inspect all electrical equipment at each site
- 3. Complete inspection check-sheets for each instrument
- 4. Production of a memo stating what work was done and a summary of rectification work
- 5. To provide ongoing support to the client, it is recommended that a cost estimate is provided for any rectification work.

The level of electrical inspections were carried out in accordance with the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 60079 series for explosive atmospheres and in particular parts 14 and 17 relating to electrical installations, design, selection, inspections and maintenance.

The grade of inspection completed was a combination of visual and close techniques only as defined within the above standards. Detailed equipment/installation inspections in accordance with the above standards were not performed however it is a requirement that detailed inspections be performed prior to initial energising of equipment installed within hazardous classified areas and in the absence of any information it is assumed this has been completed by others.

The visual inspections were conducted on energised equipment with emphasis on the condition reporting of the equipment and installation techniques applicable to the hazardous area classification and associated environment. It is also acknowledged that at the commissioning date of the original installation the Australian standards have since been revised which has been taken into consideration in the compliance evaluation of each device.

In some cases the nameplate detail of the installed equipment was illegible and hence the equipment method of protection and associated certification could not be identified.



A compilation of the inspection findings/actions across the installation is provided as follows:

- 1. Re-termination of cabling at equipment with exposed cable armour.
- 2. Tighten loose cable glands and accessories.
- 3. Equipment and cable identification labelling required (where not provided) and alteration of existing where incorrectly labelled in accordance with the piping and instrumentation diagrams and electrical loop drawings.
- 4. Application of blue cable sheathing and/or labelling to clearly identify intrinsically safe installations.
- 5. Replace/remediate cabling where long term ultraviolet damage has occurred.
- 6. Sealing of conduit surrounding instrument cabling to prevent transmission of flammable gases.
- 7. Verify surge device earthing requirement associated with Rosemount pressure transmitter.
- 8. Corrosion visible compromising IP rating and method of protection.
- 9. Replacement of equipment impending failure due to the age and poor condition.

It is evident that the lifetime expectancy of some equipment installed would be considered approaching a nominal design life of 30 years. Where nil evidence of Australian hazardous area certification exists, and nameplate details are illegible, we recommend replacement with Australian certified equipment. Where evidence of Australian certification was valid at the time of installation, and the general condition is acceptable for use within the hazardous area, minor remediation works can be completed with minimal operational impacts. The establishment of a regular periodic maintenance regime with respect to hazardous area compliance is also recommended as a minimum in accordance with AS/NZS 60079 Part 14/17.

We look forward to providing further advice and discussions with FYFE in order to assist the client with a remediation plan and associated cost estimating of the works. Trusting the above is satisfactory, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned should you require any further information on the above or attached.

Yours faithfully.

Neville Green

1) I wen

Engineering Services Manager

Encl. Device Inspection Sheets.

Hazardous area device inspection sheet for Ex-d, Ex-e, Ex-i, Ex-n, Ex-p and other Ex devices





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Specifications

Device ID or tag: - (TT-13)	Asset:	LLE TEM		
Circuit ID:				SPRINGS	_
Area classification :		Environment: (hot?)		3(20 4/3	
ata from Label				0	
Apparatus type: (light, JB,	aperatore Transmitter	Type of protection: (d,e, i, n, p		
Motor) (2)	appearate transmitted	etc)	(
Manufacturer: Nokogaw	a	Gas group: (IIA/B/C)	IIC		
Full model number: YTA	110 A40R/SU2	Temp class: (T1-T6)	TS		
Serial number: G2K?	02004039	Certificate number:	IGC Ex K	BM 09003	2x/09.0
P Class IP67		Test authority: (BAS SAA etc)			
Number of cables: 2		7			
	E. 84.20	RTO			7
For each cable entry Sland manufacturer:	gland 1	gland 2		hers ADADTO	
Jiand manufacturer: Model:	CMP-LOS-FIFW	BOJEMOUNT		ADAPTORFU	Gc
Gland type of protection: (d,e)		544		d	
			1	495 x 3 3 UA	
spection ————				Circle a	s checked
			Applicable to		
A Equipment			Applicable to protection type	: Internal	▼ External
	d temp class) is appropriate for an	ea classification	all	X	X
Equipment ID or circuit ID		-,	, all .	. X	&
	ts or compounds are satisfactory		all	X	(2)
	evidence of unauthorised modifica		all	X	8
Flange facings are clean	lanking elements are correct and	tignt	all X		Ø
Lamp rating, type and pos			all	Ŷ	
Electrical connections are		•	all	X	-
Hermetically sealed device			n	X	
Restricted breathing encl	osure is satisfactory to enclosure a	and/or covers	n	X	
Motor fans have sufficient	t clearance		motors only	/ X	
Installation clearly labelle			i	X	8
Safety barriers/isolators in required	nstalled as per certification and se	curely earthed where	i	X	80
Entity calculation/docume	ntation is available		i	X	8
B Installation					
Type of cable is appropria	ate, cables are undamaged		all	X	(
Sealing of ducts and/or co	onduits is satisfactory		all	X	Ø
Stopper boxes or barrier		4	d	X	
	and interface with mixed system		all	X	
cross section	nections are tight, in good condition	on and of sufficient	all	×	8
Fault loop impedance is s	atisfactory		power outlet	s X	
Insulation resistance is sa	atisfactory (check only during initia	l inspection)	all	X	
Automatic electrical protein permitted limits	ctive devices are set correctly and	l operate within	all	Х	
	tions U,X or B have been complie	d with	all	X	
Cables/spare cores are te	erminated satisfactorily		all	X	
	to flameproof flanged joint		d	X	Х
Ducts, pipes and enclosur	res are in good condition		р	X	X
Protective gas is substant	ially free from contaminants (wate	er, oil, dirt)	р	X	Х
	ire is adequate		р	X	
Protective gas flow/pressu	ure is adequate				
Pressure and/or flow indic	cators, alarms and interlocks funct	ion correctly	р	X	
Pressure and/or flow indic Pre-energising purge peri	cators, alarms and interlocks funct		p p	X	



					MN 17 091 273 013
18	Cables are installed and screens are earthed in accordance with the		i	X	
19	documentatio0n				
20	The circuit is isolated from earth or earthed at one point only Separation is maintained with non-IS circuits			X	
21	As applicable, short circuit protection of the power supply is in accordar	nce with	•	1 000	
	the documentation		383	X	
	C Freedom and				 {
4	C Environment Apparatus adequately protected from corrosion, weather, vibration, other		all 1	V	40
1	No undue accumulation of dust or dirt	er i	all all	X	8
3	Electrical insulation is clean and dry		all	X	
Fault	s found? (circle as appropriate)				
No:					
NO.					
Yes:	List action required				
100.	List dollor required				
			3.		
Cont	ractor (write): Inspector Supervisor	Client (writ	e): Inspector		
	D. GREEN	3.54	1.00		
Date	: 7/9/11	Date:			
Date		Date.			
	e ID or tag				
Actio	n required to make device compliant:				
	a bla I had s comicad				
_	Cable labels regionien				
_	Cable labels regimered Seal Conduit bolow transmitter				
_	Re-terminate calle at RTO with sun cover with "slamp" edges.	W mou	exposed.		
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
	son cover with stomp edges.				
-	Tighter 10012 code gland nut.				
-					
Revi	ewed by; O. Corea				
Date	ewed by: 10 Cores				
Prior	ity:				
	•				
Com	ments:				
ΔII a	etion items now completed:				
	closed:				
	ш				
	e now fully compliant, spreadsheet register has been update	ed			
Supe	rvisor (write):				
Date					

Hazardous area device inspection sheet for Ex-d, Ex-e, Ex-i, Ex-n, Ex-p and other Ex devices





CCF

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Specifications

General

Device ID or tag: PT-12	Asset: APEUNE PREJURE					
Circuit ID:	Physical location: BON DON SPRING!					
Area classification :	Environment: (hot?)					

Data from Label

Apparatus type: (light, JB, Pressure Transmitter Motor)	Type of protection: (d,e, i, n, p etc)
Manufacturer: Yokoqawa	Gas group: (IIA/B/C)
Full model number: 67 x 5 30 4-60 3 4 N -0146 / 502 /	Temp class: (T1-T6)
Serial number: 91H322619 809	Certificate number: (EEEx CSA 05.0005
IP Class 1066/67	Test authority: (BAS, PTB, SAA etc)

Number of cables:

For each cable entry	gland 1	gland 2 5 22 4	others ADA TOR
Gland manufacturer:	ALCO	700059	ADAPTOR PUSX
Model:	wa202	PA-D MZO	
Gland type of protection: (d,e)		esxd	

Insp	ection		Circle a	s checked
	_A Equipment	Applicable to protection type:	Internal	External
1	Equipment (incl group and temp class) is appropriate for area classification	all	X	X
2	Equipment ID or circuit ID is correct	all	X	8
3	Enclosure, sealing gaskets or compounds are satisfactory	all	X	8
4	There are no damage or evidence of unauthorised modifications	all	X	8
5	Bolts, cable entries and blanking elements are correct and tight	all	X	1
6	Flange facings are clean and undamaged	d	X	
7	Lamp rating, type and position correct	all	X	
8	Electrical connections are tight	all	X	
9	Hermetically sealed devices are undamaged	n	X	
10	Restricted breathing enclosure is satisfactory to enclosure and/or covers	n	X	
11	Motor fans have sufficient clearance	motors only	X	
12	Installation clearly labelled	i	X	X
13	Safety barriers/isolators installed as per certification and securely earthed where	i	X	X

D Installatio

Entity calculation/documentation is available

required

14

	B Installation			
	Type of cable is appropriate, cables are undamaged	all	X	&
	Sealing of ducts and/or conduits is satisfactory	all	X	Ø
- [Stopper boxes or barrier glands are properly filled	d	X	
	Integrity of conduit system and interface with mixed system is maintained	all	X	
	Earthing and bonding connections are tight, in good condition and of sufficient cross section	all	Х	х
	Fault loop impedance is satisfactory	power outlets	X	
	Insulation resistance is satisfactory (check only during initial inspection)	all	X	
	Automatic electrical protective devices are set correctly and operate within permitted limits	all	Х	
	Special certification conditions U,X or B have been complied with	all	Х	
	Cables/spare cores are terminated satisfactorily	all	X	
	No obstructions adjacent to flameproof flanged joint	d	X	X
	Ducts, pipes and enclosures are in good condition	р	X	X
	Protective gas is substantially free from contaminants (water, oil, dirt)	р	X	X
	Protective gas flow/pressure is adequate	р	Х	
	Pressure and/or flow indicators, alarms and interlocks function correctly	р	Х	
	Pre-energising purge period is adequate	р	X	
	Condition of spark/particle barriers of ducts exhausting the gas into hazardous area are satisfactory	p	Х	

X

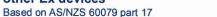
X

X



18	Cables are installed and screens are earthed in accordance with the	.778	ı	X	
19	documentatio0n The circuit is isolated from earth or earthed at one point only	:	X		
20	Separation is maintained with non-IS circuits		ì	X	
21	As applicable, short circuit protection of the power supply is in accordance with		i	X	
	the documentation			_ ^	
	C Environment				
1	Apparatus adequately protected from corrosion, weather, vibration, of	her	all	X	(80
2	No undue accumulation of dust or dirt Electrical insulation is clean and dry		all all	X	80
•	Licensea insulation is clean and dry		all		
Fault	s found? (circle as appropriate)				
No:					
110.					
Yes:	List action required				
Cont	ractor (write): Inspector Supervisor	Client (war	rite): Inspector	*	
Cont	D. CREEN	Cijent (wi	nte): Inspector		
Doto	1-1	Detail			
Date	4 410	Date:			
	e ID or tag				JI
	n required to make device compliant:				
-	seal under below transmitter barryed heath to cable requires				
	s I want below transmiller				
•	Sear Orthon Colors			11 . 1	- 4
-	· langed heath to coole requires	attantics	-, snygett	blue ho	ear
	sholak.				
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Prior	7/9/4				
FIIOI	ity.	_			
Com	ments:				
All ac	tion items now completed: □				ų,
	tion items now completed:				V _a
					<u> 1</u>
Job o	losed:				8.
Job o		ited			95

Hazardous area device inspection sheet for Ex-d, Ex-e, Ex-i, Ex-n, Ex-p and other Ex devices



13

14

15

16

17

Protective gas is substantially free from contaminants (water, oil, dirt)

Pressure and/or flow indicators, alarms and interlocks function correctly

Condition of spark/particle barriers of ducts exhausting the gas into hazardous

Protective gas flow/pressure is adequate

Pre-energising purge period is adequate

area are satisfactory



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Ger	neral						
De	vice ID or tag: PT - 9	Asset: PUPEL	INE PRE	SIURE .			
Cir	cuit ID:	Physical location:	BAN FA				
Δre	ea classification :	Environment: (hot?)		2110	11-013		-
7110	a dassincation.	Environment. (not !)					
	a from Label						
App Mo	paratus type: (light, JB, Pressure Transaitter	Type of protection: (etc)	d,e, i, n, p				}
Ма	nufacturer: Rolemount.	Gas group: (IIA/B/C)			**	
Ful	model number: SSITG4A2B2IBB4 M5TI	Temp class: (T1-T6))				- Juestone
Ser	ial number: 8 5 10 1 6 6 36	Certificate number:					
IP (Class	Test authority: (BAS SAA etc)	, PTB,				
Nur	mber of cables:						
	r each cable entry gland 1	gland 2			DRACIT		_
Mo				/*	121 37	8-(_
	nd type of protection: (d,e)						_
		i					-
nsp	ection ——————			→	Circle a	s checke	d
	A Familian and		Applicable	to	4	Τ.	
	_ A Equipment		The second secon	4876 C000			
	Equipment (inclured and temp class) is appropriate for	area alassification	protection	type:	Internal	External	7
	Equipment (incl group and temp class) is appropriate for Equipment ID or circuit ID is correct	area classification	all		X	X	
	Equipment ID or circuit ID is correct		all all		X	X	CCT
	Equipment ID or circuit ID is correct Enclosure, sealing gaskets or compounds are satisfactor	у	all all		X X X	X Ø	
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					ABN 17 091 273 013
18	Cables are installed and screens are earthed in accordance with the		i	X	
40	documentatio0n			XSSSA	
19 20	The circuit is isolated from earth or earthed at one point only		<u>l</u>	X	
21	Separation is maintained with non-IS circuits As applicable, short circuit protection of the power supply is in accorda	noo with		X	-
21	the documentation	nce with	Į.	X	
	C Environment	6545			
1	Apparatus adequately protected from corrosion, weather, vibration, oth	ier	all	X	8
2	No undue accumulation of dust or dirt		all	X	1
3	Electrical insulation is clean and dry		all	X	
Fault	s found? (circle as appropriate)				
No:					
Yes	List action required				
	List doubli required				
Cont	ractor (write): Inspector Supervisor	Client (write): Ir	spector		
	N. GREEN				
Date	: 7/9/n	Date:			
Date	1 7 4	Date.			
Devic	e ID or tag				
Actio	on required to make device compliant:				
	Cable IO regimed Blue insulation / shooth regiment sondwit seal below transitter required. Confirm verdor (MTL (ROSEMOUT) de regimenents associated with surge				
	Cade 10 regimed				
_	Rive in Water Icha M remind				
1 22-	The waste of the state of the s				
	Conduit seal below transmitter requ	wied			
	1 Com in I may leasing to	abile of	carting		
_	Continu render (horacitation) in	er and 2			
	reamiened associated with winge	LON: CO			
	30				
- 5					
Revie	ewed by: O ween				
Date:					
Prior					
- Control of Control					
Com	ments:				
,					
16					
All ad	ction items now completed:				
	slosed:				
				-70	
Devic	e now fully compliant, spreadsheet register has been updat	ed			
	rvisor (write):	aparti.			
Date:					

Hazardous area device inspection sheet for Ex-d, Ex-e, Ex-i, Ex-n, Ex-p and other Ex devices





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Specifications

Ge	n	•	,	2	ı
UE		c		a	

Device ID or tag: —	Asset: MAN UNE VALVE
Circuit ID: MLV-10 3009	Physical location: DAN BAN SPANLS
Area classification :	Environment: (hot?)

Data from Label

Apparatus type: (light, JB, CIMIT SWITCHES	Type of protection: (d,e, i, n, p etc)	()
Manufacturer: UMITORQUE	Gas group: (IIA/B/C)	
Full model number:	Temp class: (T1-T6)	
Serial number:	Certificate number:	· ·
IP Class	Test authority: (BAS, PTB, SAA etc)	

Number of cables:

For each cable entry	gland 1	gland 2	others
Gland manufacturer:	ALCO :		
Model:	v v		
Gland type of protection: (d.e)		3.0	,

insp	Inspection ————————————————————————————————————		Circle a	is checked
	A Equipment	Applicable to protection type:	Internal	External
1	Equipment (incl group and temp class) is appropriate for area classification	all	X	X
2	Equipment ID or circuit ID is correct	all	X	00
3	Enclosure, sealing gaskets or compounds are satisfactory	all	X	8
4	There are no damage or evidence of unauthorised modifications	all	X	8
5	Bolts, cable entries and blanking elements are correct and tight	all	X	NO.
6	Flange facings are clean and undamaged	d	X	
7	Lamp rating, type and position correct	all	X	
8	Electrical connections are tight	all	X	
9	Hermetically sealed devices are undamaged	n	X	
10	Restricted breathing enclosure is satisfactory to enclosure and/or covers	n a	X	
11	Motor fans have sufficient clearance	motors only	X	
12	Installation clearly labelled	i	X	X
13	Safety barriers/isolators installed as per certification and securely earthed where required	i	×	х
14	Entity calculation/documentation is available	i	X	X

B Installation

1 2

ype of cable is appropriate, cables are undamaged	all	Х	1
ealing of ducts and/or conduits is satisfactory	all	X	<u> </u>
topper boxes or barrier glands are properly filled	d	Х	
ntegrity of conduit system and interface with mixed system is maintained	all	Х	
arthing and bonding connections are tight, in good condition and of sufficient ross section	all	Х	③
ault loop impedance is satisfactory	power outlets	Х	
nsulation resistance is satisfactory (check only during initial inspection)	all	X	30
utomatic electrical protective devices are set correctly and operate within ermitted limits	all	Х	
pecial certification conditions U,X or B have been complied with	all	Х	
ables/spare cores are terminated satisfactorily	all	X	
lo obstructions adjacent to flameproof flanged joint	d	Х	(X)
oucts, pipes and enclosures are in good condition	р	X	X
rotective gas is substantially free from contaminants (water, oil, dirt)	р	X	X
rotective gas flow/pressure is adequate	р	X	
ressure and/or flow indicators, alarms and interlocks function correctly	р	X	
re-energising purge period is adequate	р	Х	
condition of spark/particle barriers of ducts exhausting the gas into hazardous rea are satisfactory	р	Х	



18	Cables are installed and screens are earthed in accordance with the				
7000	documentatio0n			X	
19	The circuit is isolated from earth or earthed at one point only		i	X	
20	Separation is maintained with non-IS circuits		i	X	
21	As applicable, short circuit protection of the power supply is in accordathe documentation	nce with	Ţ	X	
	the documentation				
	C Environment				
1	Apparatus adequately protected from corrosion, weather, vibration, oth	ner	all	Х	(X)
2	No undue accumulation of dust or dirt		all	Х	(X)
3	Electrical insulation is clean and dry		all	X	
Fault	s found? (circle as appropriate)				
I duit	s round: (circle as appropriate)				
No:					
(Yes)	List action required				
	Supplies (1912-2013) (2013-11) (2014-2013)				
Cont	ractor (write): Inspector Supervisor	Client (write):	Inspector		
	NEVILLE GREEN	5-9 15-5-7			
Date	2/9/11	Date:			
Date	-1111	Date.			
Devic	e ID or tag				
	on required to make device compliant:				
_	Provide conduit teal to noticere	Wh.			
	Drovide and it sent to nullicare	cable			
		1			1
_	Provide &B / limit smitches label Not hazardous area costs to	•			
			. , ,	7	Li -
_	Wit hazardous area costs to	AUS. 1	tundends	ava.la	ble.
					1
Revie	ewed by: D-LRED				
Date:	Olalu				
Prior	ity:				
Comi	ments:				i
					- 1
					1
	tion items now completed:				
Job c	losed:				
D	a manufally a multi-state of the state of th				
	te now fully compliant, spreadsheet register has been updat	ea			
Date:	rvisor (write):				
Date.					

Hazardous area device inspection sheet for Ex-d, Ex-e, Ex-i, Ex-n, Ex-p and other Ex devices





Circle as checked

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Specifications

G	6	n	e	r	al

Device ID or tag:	Asset: MAN LINE VALUE
Circuit ID: MLV-10 3009	Physical location: TAN BAN SPAINES
Area classification :	Environment: (hot?)

Data from Label

Apparatus type: (light, JB, Motor)	Type of protection: (d,e, i, n, p etc)	-
Manufacturer:	Gas group: (IIA/B/C)	-
Full model number:	Temp class: (T1-T6)	-
Serial number:	Certificate number:	•
IP Class	Test authority: (BAS, PTB, SAA etc)	2

Number of cables:

Inspection -

For each cable entry	gland 1	gland 2	others
Gland manufacturer:	(PAQUET		
Model:	E		
Gland type of protection: (d,e)			

	A Equipment	Applicable to protection type:	Internal	External	
1	Equipment (incl group and temp class) is appropriate for area classification	all	X	X	
2	Equipment ID or circuit ID is correct	all	X	∞	-ea
3	Enclosure, sealing gaskets or compounds are satisfactory	all	X	8	-cc
4	There are no damage or evidence of unauthorised modifications	all	Х	8	
5	Bolts, cable entries and blanking elements are correct and tight	all	X	N N	
6	Flange facings are clean and undamaged	d	X		
7	Lamp rating, type and position correct	all	X		
3	Electrical connections are tight	all	X		
9	Hermetically sealed devices are undamaged	n	X		
10	Restricted breathing enclosure is satisfactory to enclosure and/or covers	n	X		
11	Motor fans have sufficient clearance	motors only	X		
12	Installation clearly labelled	i	X	X	
13	Safety barriers/isolators installed as per certification and securely earthed where required	i	×	х	
14	Entity calculation/documentation is available	i	X	X	

B Installation

	D Installation			
1	Type of cable is appropriate, cables are undamaged	all	X	(0)
2	Sealing of ducts and/or conduits is satisfactory	all	X	⊘
3	Stopper boxes or barrier glands are properly filled	d	X	
4	Integrity of conduit system and interface with mixed system is maintained	all	X	
5	Earthing and bonding connections are tight, in good condition and of sufficient cross section	all	Х	@
6	Fault loop impedance is satisfactory	power outlets	X	
7	Insulation resistance is satisfactory (check only during initial inspection)	all	X	
8	Automatic electrical protective devices are set correctly and operate within permitted limits	all	Х	
9	Special certification conditions U,X or B have been complied with	all	Х	
10	Cables/spare cores are terminated satisfactorily	all	X	
11	No obstructions adjacent to flameproof flanged joint	d	X	A N
12	Ducts, pipes and enclosures are in good condition	р	Х	X
13	Protective gas is substantially free from contaminants (water, oil, dirt)	р	X	Х
14	Protective gas flow/pressure is adequate	р	X	
15	Pressure and/or flow indicators, alarms and interlocks function correctly	р	Х	
16	Pre-energising purge period is adequate	р	X	
17	Condition of spark/particle barriers of ducts exhausting the gas into hazardous area are satisfactory	p	Х	



			ASS	N17091273613
Cables are installed and screens are earthed in accordance with	the	i	X	
documentatio0n The circuit is isolated from earth or earthed at one point only			X	
20 Separation is maintained with non-IS circuits			X	
21 As applicable, short circuit protection of the power supply is in acc	cordance with	į	X	
the documentation			^	
C Environment				
Apparatus adequately protected from corrosion, weather, vibration	n, other	all	X	0
2 No undue accumulation of dust or dirt 3 Electrical insulation is clean and dry		all	X	₩ 3
Liectifical institution is clear and try		all		
Faults found? (circle as appropriate)				
No:				
	>			
Yes: List action required			14	
O				
Contractor (write): Inspector Supervisor	Client (writ	e): Inspector		
N. GREEN				
Date: $9/q/u$	Date:			
() (
Device ID or tag Action required to make device compliant:				1
- Egripment + conduit I.D. v - corrosion evident @ conduit overall. - N:1 hazardous area cent to suggest replacement.	esmind			
of the state of th	1.0	C	n'	
- Corrosion evident (a) conduct	+ Value	1 poor	wnd .s.on	
overall.		1.6		
und a dark once out	Aug An	and donds a	vailable	
- Nil hazardous asea cert to	201.			
suggest replacement.				
7_ "				
Reviewed by: No. 66 arch 1				
Reviewed by: N. GREEN. Date: Salu	M			
Priority: "() Company				
Comments:				
All action items now completed:				
Job closed:				
Device now fully compliant, spreadsheet register has been u	ndatad			
Supervisor (write):	puateu			
Date:				-

INSPECTION CHECK SHEET Intrinsically Safe Ex i



TAG/IDENTIFICATION					DES	CRIPTIC	ON		
Area Classification - Zone 0 1 2 20 21	22 Non Hazardous - Group	ΙΙΙΔ	IIR	IIC - T	emn	T1 T2	2 ТЗ .	T4 T5 T	6
Record Name Plate Details									nameplate information that may be
Manufacturer		Vin		Chin			ricco	ra otner i	relevant
Serial No.		Lin		Lin					
Model									
Certificate no.		Т		IP					
Certifying authority		l							
Inspection Type Performed (I=Initial, P=Pe	riodic, S=Sample)				ı	Р	S		
Inspection Grade Performed (D=Detailed,					D	С	V	De	tailed requires de-energization
Equipment Y=OK, N=Not Acceptable, N/A	=Not Applicable, N/C=Not Che	ecked			•		•	Inspect Grade	Remarks
Equipment is Australian or IEC Certified				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
EX markings are suitable for the area				Y	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Equipment is clearly marked and has appro	onriate tag/identification detail	ls		У	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Enclosure is not damaged and maintains it:				· Y	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Terminations are tight	Wedtherproofing			Y	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
All unused conductors terminated				Y	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
Bolts, bungs, plugs/blank plates installed a	nd tight			· Y	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Fuses and lamps are correct rating				Y	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
No unautorised modifications (Y=OK)				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Installation								Grade	Remarks
Cable type is as per the documentation				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	133113
IS Entity and cable parameters are suitable	for installation			Y	N	N/A	N/C	D	
The device is securely mounted				Y	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
Cables/conduits in acceptable condition				Y	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Cables/conduit entry correct, complete, an	d tight			Y	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
No excessive vibration present that may ca	-	(Y=OK)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Segregation between IS and non IS circuits		·		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Segregation between IS and non IS circuits				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Earthing and equipotential bonding satisfa				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Insulation resistance is satisfactory (NB Da	nger of MEGGER testing HA)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Cable screens earthed as per documentation	on (normally one point only)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Barriers								Grade	Remarks
Record Safety Barriers manufacturer and n	nodel no. (available on device :	= Y)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DC	133113
Equipment is Australian or IEC Certified (Er	•			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Record Safety Barriers certification details				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
Safety Barriers are the correct type as per	the drawings			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
Safety Barriers are securely connected to t	he earth bar			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Barrier/Isolator terminations are tight				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Maximum voltage on the safe side of the b	arrier/isolator is 240V			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
IS circuits are all free from external power	circuit infiltration			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
No energy storing devices in excess of the	max energy permitted			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
Relays acting as safety barriers are in good	condition			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Earth continuity from barrier bar to the tra	nsformer neutral point is <10h	nm		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	Check one connection at a time
Environment								Grade	Remarks
Equipment adequately protected against c		tc		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Dust and dirt on the equipment and cable	are within acceptable limit			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Special conditions								Grade	Remarks
Special conditions on certificate are satisficate	ed			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
				•	•	•		•	•
Notes:									
Inspected:	Date:		Cho	cked:					Date:

INSPECTION CHECK SHEET Increased Safety Ex e



TAG/IDE	ENTIFICATION	ON				D	ESCRI	PTION			10000000
		1 2 Non Ha	zardous - Group I IIA IIB	IIC - Te	mp T1	T2	Γ3 T4	T5 '			
Record Name Plate	e Details			1	1		I		Reco	ord other i	nameplate information that may
Manufacturer				KW	-	FLC					be relevant
Serial No.				Volts		RPM					
Model				T _	1		1				
Certificate No.				T		IP					
Certifying auth									_		
Inspection type pe							D	P C	S V	Doto	silad raquiras da aparaization
Inspection Grade F			Not Applicable, N/C=Not Ch	ockod			ט	L	V		ailed requires de-energization
Equipment 1-0k,	IV-IVOL ACC	eptable, N/A-	Not Applicable, N/C-Not Cli	eckeu						Inspect Grade	Remarks
Equipment is Austr	ralian or IEC	C Certified				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
EX markings are su	itable for t	he area				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Equipment is clearl	ly marked a	and has approp	oriate tag/identification deta	ils		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
			weatherproofing (min IP54)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Enclosure gaskets a						Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Bolts, bungs, plugs	•		d tight			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Terminals are sized		_				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Conductors > 0.5m	m2 for mu	ltistranded and	d 1mm2 for single strand			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
		ise local hot sp	oots (motor fans) (Y=OK)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Guards are correct	•					Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
No unautorised mo		• •				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Lamp rating, type a	and position	n are correct				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Installation										Grade	Remarks
Equipment carries	correct circ	cuit identificati	ion at switchboard and local	isolator		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Effective means of	isolation o	f all live condu	ictors (including neutral)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Installation is in compliance with documentation					Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DC		
Cable type is as per	r the docur	mentation				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
The device is secur	ely mounte	ed				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Cables/conduits in	acceptable	condition				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Cables/conduit ent	try correct,	complete, and	d tight (Exd or Exe glands use	d)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Exd glands have ad	lditional we	eatherproofing	3			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Electrical connection	ons are tigh	nt				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Creapage and clear	rance dista	nce are mainta	ained			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
All unused conduct	tors termin	ated in Exe ter	rminals			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Earthing and equip						Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
			ger of MEGGER testing HA)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Motor parameters	(la/ln and	te) and TOLs c	oordinate (record TOL mfr/m	iodel)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Cable Glands and a										Grade	Remarks
			able=Y, not recorded=N/C)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Cable glands certifi	icate detail	s available, red	cord (available=Y, not recorde	ed=N/C)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Adaptors and plugs	s details av	ailable, record	(available=Y, not recorded=I	N/C)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
Glands and adapto	rs Ex marki	ings are suitab	le for area			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Environment										Grade	Remarks
	itely protec	ted against co	rrosion, weather, vibration, e	etc		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
		_	re within acceptable limit			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
							-	-			D
Special conditions	on countifi	.to oue c=+!=f'	۸					N1 / A	NI/C	Grade	Remarks
Special conditions	on certifica	ite are satisfie	u			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Notes:											
Inspected:			Date:	С	hecked:						Date:

'Uncontrolled' Form HAD 2.2 Rev_0

Hazardous Area Check Sheet Flameproof Ex d



TAG/IDI	ENTIFICATION	FICATION DESCRIPTION								
	- Zone 0 1 2 Non Ha	zardous - Group I IIA	IIB IIC - T	emp T1	T2	T3 T4	T5			
Record Name Plat	e Details		1	1 1		1		Reco	rd other r	nameplate information that may
Manufacturer			KW	+ +	FLC					be relevant
Serial No.			Volts		RPM					
Model				1 1	10					
Certificate No. Certifying authorit	<u> </u>	1	Т		IP					
, ,	y erformed (I=Initial, P=Pe	riodic S-Sample)					Р	S		
	Performed (D=Detailed,					D	С	V	Deta	ailed requires de-energization
	N=Not Acceptable, N/A=		ot Checked					_	Inspect	anea requires de energización
	,	,							Grade	Remarks
Equipment is Austr	ralian or IEC Certified				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
EX markings are su	itable for the area				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
-	ly marked and has appro	priate tag/identification	details		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
	maged and maintains its				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Locking sealing, fas	stening devices are of typ	e certified by manufactu	urer		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Locking sealing, fas	stening devices operate o	correctly and are tight			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
Bolts, bungs, plugs	/blank plates installed ar	nd tight			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Sealing gaskets and	d components in accepta	ble condition			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Flange faces are cle	ean and undamaged				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Flange gap dimens	ions are less than	mm			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DC	
	nodifications (Y= OK)				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Equipment is clear	of obstructions (minimu	m dimensions 40mm)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
No chafing parts th	nat may cause local hot s	pots (motor fans) (Y=OK)			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Guards are correct	•				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Lamp rating, type a	and position are correct				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Installation									Grade	Remarks
Equipment carries	correct circuit identificat	ion at switchboard and I	ocal isolator		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Effective means of	isolation of all live condu	uctors (including neutral))		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Cable type is as pe	r the documentation				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
The device is secur	ely mounted				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Cables/conduits in	acceptable condition				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Cables/conduit ent	try correct, complete, and	d tight with sufficient thi	reads		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Sealing of conduits	, ducts or other connecti	ons is satisfactory			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Integrity of condui	t system and mixed syste	m interface satisfactory			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
	otential bonding satisfac				Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
	ce is satisfactory (NB Dar		HA)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Protection devices	(Limit sws, phase rot, TC	Ls) operate correctly			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Cable Glands and	adaptors								Grade	Remarks
Cable glands detail	s available, record (availa	able=Y, not recorded=N/	′C)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Cable glands certif	icate details available, re	cord (available=Y, not re	corded=N/C)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Adaptors and plug	s details available, record	l (available=Y, not record	ded=N/C)		Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Adaptors and plug	s have sufficient engaged	l threads			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Glands and adapto	rs Ex markings are suitab	le for area			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
Environment						-			Grade	Remarks
	itely protected against co	orrosion weather vihrat	ion etc	1	Υ	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	Kemarks
	e equipment and cable a				Y	N	N/A	N/C	DCV	
	1- p				•		/	, 0	1	
Special conditions				ı					Grade	Remarks
Special conditions	on certificate are satisfie	d			Υ	N	N/A	N/C	D	
Notes:										
		Date:		Checked:						Date:

'Uncontrolled' Form HAD 2.3 Rev_0



11 Overhaul, Repair, Modification and Replacement Register

Documentation in relation to this section is to be maintained by APA Group. This Section contains the sample repair and examination report(s).

REPAIR AND EXAMINATION REPORT FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE EQUIPMENT (EX 'i')



INTRINOIDALLI GAI L L	Earth Partners ENVIRONMENT DEVELOPMENT
General	RESOURCES
Tag no.:	Site:
P&ID:	Area Classification:
Equipment Details	
Equipment type:	Gas group (IIA/B/C):
Manufacturer:	Temp class (T1-T6):
Model no.:	Certificate no.:
Serial no.:	Test authority:
Competent Operator	
Name:	Identification no.:
Company:	Company registration:
Condition	
Condition upon receipt:	
Old repair label details:	
Reported Fault (if any):	
Action	
Repair action:	
Remarks:	
l,co	
repaired/overhaul/modified (strike out whichever is	
not comply with the relevant requirements of AS/N	
by Appendix D) and ASand that this Re	port has been recorded in the logbook of
the service facility.	

Sign:.....

Date:...../.....

REPAIR AND EXAMINATION REPORT FOR INCREASED SAFETY ENCLOSURES (EX 'e')



General

Tag no.:		Site:					
P&ID:		Area Classification:					
Equipment Details							
Equipment type:		Gas group (IIA/B/C):					
Manufacturer:		Temp class (T1-T6):					
Model no.:		Certificate no.:					
Serial no.:		Test authority:					
Competent Operator		•					
Name:		Identification no:					
Company:		Company Registration:					
Enclosure Condition							
Old repair label no.:							
External surface cleaned for inspec	ction - Yes / No						
Covers and fasteners:		Base of enclosure:					
Threaded holes:		External corrosion:					
Surface coating:		Gland entries and gland	ds:				
General external condition:							
Enclosure dismantled:		Degree of protection: IP					
Internal Condition - Dust/Liquid	ds:	Corrosion: Heat:					
Missing parts:							
Cables and terminations:		Terminal blocks:					
Earth terminals:		Insulation:					
Windows and seals:		Actuators and seals:					
Ex 'de' parts:		Meters:					
Lamps:		Transformers:					
Switches:		Others:					
Relays:		Interlocks:					
Luminaire:		Lamp power (W):					
Transparent part:		Lampholders:					
Ballasts:	Capacitors:		Batteries:				
Action							
Repair							
Remarks:							
I,repaired/overhaul/modified (strik not comply with the relevant req by Appendix D) and AS the service facility.	e out whichev Juirements of A	er is not applicable) as AS/NZS 3800 (includin	s above, complies/does g markings as required				
Sign:		Da	ate:/				

REPAIR AND EXAMINATION REPORT FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT INSTALLED WITHIN FLAMEPROOF ENCLOSURE (EX'd')



_					-
$\boldsymbol{\sim}$	_	-	_	-	
17	H	n	e	ra	п

Gene	eral			
Tag n	0.:	Site:		
P&ID:		Area Classification:		
Equi	oment Details			
	ment type:	Gas group (IIA	/B/C):	
	facturer:	Temp class (T1-T6):		
Model		Certificate no.:		
Serial		Test authority:		
Oper		, ,		
Name		Identification no	D.:	
Comp		Company registration:		
	oment Condition Checklist	, ,		
Item	Description of check	No work	Repaired	Replaced
(a)	Isolator mechanism and switch operation			
(b)	Earthing device and operation			
(c)	All auxiliary mechanisms, trip bars, latching			
(-)	arrangements, etc.			
(d)	All locking devices, function and operation			
(e)	All parts for mechanical condition			
(f)	All insulation checked – no heat, cracks, etc.			
(g)	Phase barriers fitted correctly and functional			
(h)	Oil levels and/or gas pressure			
(i)	Gas pressure-sensing devices			
(J)	All wiring and terminations			
(k)	Earth continuity; phase/earth fault lock units			
(l)	Overcurrent, overload and earth-fault devices			
(m)	Earth-fault trip devices			
(n)	Timing devices			
(o)	Temperature-sensing devices			
(p)	Transformer connections, bolts, tapes. bracing, insulators and fittings, etc.			
(q)	Installation			
(r)	Machine cables and glands			
	s of repair or modification (attach extra pages s of insulation resistance tests on transformer	. ,		
	ormers ratio: Capacity:			
	acturer:Type of	_		
Tested	d with: V (megohmme	ter)		
Primar	ry winding to secondary winding:	ΜΩ		
Primar	ry winding to earth:	ΜΩ		
Secon	dary winding to earth:	ΜΩ		
Earth (continuity of earth screen to core:			
				Continued

REPAIR AND EXAMINATION REPORT FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT INSTALLED WITHIN FLAMEPROOF ENCLOSURE (EX'd')



Assembled unit tested for insulation resistance with: V megohmmeter, and power frequency tested on the following circuits:

Test

Test

Insulation

Circuit description	resistance MΩ	voltage kV	frequency Hz	Result
Certification no(s)				
Remarks:				
l,repaired/overhaul/modified (strik not comply with the relevant req by Appendix D) and AS the service facility.	e out whichever uirements of AS	r is not applica S/NZS 3800 (ii	able) as abovencluding mark	e, complies/does kings as required
Sign:			Date:	.l

REPAIR AND EXAMINATION REPORT FOR FLAMEPROOF ENCLOSURE (EX'd')



Gene	aral	RESOURCES		
Tag n		Site:		
P&ID:		Area Classification:		
L	pment Details	7 Hod Glassmouloni		
	ment type:	Gas group (IIA/B/C):		
	facturer:	Temp class (T1-T6):		
Mode		Certificate no.:		
Serial		Test authority:		
		rest authority.		
Oper Name		Identification no.:		
Comp		Company registration:		
	pment Condition Checklist			
Item	Description of check	Remarks		
(a)	Check of external and internal damage			
(b)	Dimensional check			
(c)	Corrosion on flamepaths			
(d)	Result of static pressure test			
(e)	Check of flanged joint surfaces			
(f)	Check of all threaded holes			
(g)	Check of all windows and lenses			
(h)	Check of breathers			
(i)	Check of all bolt holes, studs, screws,			
(J)	Check of all gland entries and fixing			
(k)	Check of all cables glands			
(l)	Check of all handhole and inspection			
(m)	Check of all mechanical interlocks			
(n)	Check of all flamepath gaps			
Main o	control panel			
1.	Max. out of plane of box flanges:			
3.	Max. flameproof gap when bolted up:			
4.	Max. diametral clearance of spindles:			
5.		gland apertures:		
6.	Static pressure test – pressure:	0		
7.	·	Capacity:		
Certific	cation drawing no(s).:			
repaire not co by Ap	mply with the relevant requirements of	confirm that the above equipment, ever is not applicable) as above, complies/does f AS/NZS 3800 (including markings as required his Report has been recorded in the logbook of		
Sign:		Date: / /		



12 Schedule of Equipment and Conditions Requiring Compliance Status Attention

Tag	P&ID No.	Location	Reason for non-compliance
AD 1378-ZSC-10	AD 1378-7001-3	Mainline valve AD 1378-MLV-10	Nil certification detail available for use within Australia.
AD 1378-ZSO-10	AD 1378-7001-3	Mainline valve AD 1378-MLV-10	Nil certification detail available for use within Australia.
AD 1378-SVC-10	AD 1378-7001-3	Mainline valve AD 1378-MLV-10	Nil certification detail available for use within Australia.
AD 1378-SVO-10	AD 1378-7001-3	Mainline valve AD 1378-MLV-10	Nil certification detail available for use within Australia.