

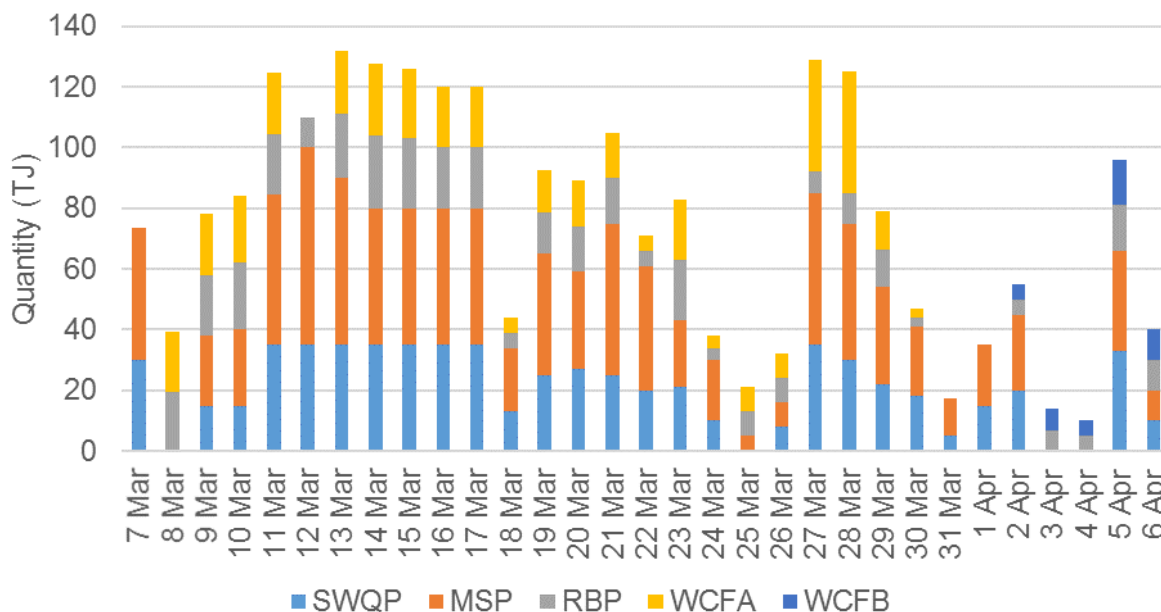
31 March – 6 April 2019

Weekly Summary

Average daily prices continued to rise in the southern states, with current prices sitting around \$1/GJ higher in each market than their respective averages across the 2018/19 financial year. Prices in Brisbane however, are just below their current financial year average after experiencing a 4 percent price decrease, continuing the diverging trend between the northern and southern states. Average demand rose steadily in Victoria and Sydney, while Adelaide experienced a small decrease (**Figure 1**). Demand in the Brisbane hub fell 26 percent from the previous week, with the Swanbank E generator going offline from 31 March. Quantities traded at the Wallumbilla and South East Queensland hubs increased strongly with 405 TJ being traded at Wallumbilla throughout the week (**Figure 2**).

The Day Ahead Capacity Auction (DAA) platform continues to be used to transport gas cheaply to the southern states, with most trades still occurring at \$0/GJ.¹ The major change since the beginning of April has been the use of compression facility B at Wallumbilla instead of the previously used compression facility A, which can be seen in the summary figure below.

Summary Figure: Monthly DAA results by gas day²



There have been no trades on the Capacity Trading platform to-date.

¹ This represents the cost of capacity won through the auction. Additional cost pass through provisions also apply to recoup administrative costs related to traded capacity.

² Quantities shown are the sum of auction products allocated on the facilities and do not necessarily represent the physical volumes of gas actually flowed for each gas day. Facilities included are the South West Queensland Pipeline (SWQP), Moomba to Sydney Pipeline (MSP), Roma to Brisbane Pipeline (RBP) and Wallumbilla Compression Facility A (WCFA).

Long term statistics and explanatory material

The AER has published an [explanatory note](#) to assist with interpreting the data presented in its weekly gas market reports. The AER also publish a range of [longer term statistics](#) on the performance of the gas sector including gas prices, production, pipeline flows and consumer demand.

Market overview

Figure 1 sets out the average daily prices (\$/GJ) for the current week, and demand levels, compared to historical averages. Regions shown include the Victorian Declared Wholesale Market (**VGM or Victorian gas market**) and for the Sydney (**SYD**), Adelaide (**ADL**) and Brisbane (**BRI**) Short Term Trading Market hubs (**STTM**).

Figure 1: Average daily prices and demand – all markets (\$/GJ, TJ)³

	Victoria		Sydney		Adelaide		Brisbane	
	Price	Demand	Price	Demand	Price	Demand	Price	Demand
31 Mar - 06 Apr 2019	10.68	422	11.05	233	10.84	48	9.56	77
% change from previous week	1	6	4	9	2	-3	-4	-26
18-19 financial YTD	9.68	511	10.00	243	10.00	57	9.64	87
% change from previous financial YTD	22	-5	18	-1	25	-3	34	-8

Figure 2 sets out price and demand information for the voluntary Wallumbilla and Moomba Gas Supply Hubs (**GSH**).

Figure 2: Average prices and total quantity – Gas supply hub (\$/GJ, TJ)⁴

	Moomba		South East Queensland		Wallumbilla	
	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity
31 Mar - 06 Apr 2019	-	-	9.22	94	9.48	405
% change from previous week	-	-	-1	32	1	168
18-19 financial YTD	7.11	91	9.51	9337	9.45	6381
% change from previous financial YTD	33	658	31	25	24	97

³ Average daily quantities are displayed for each region. The weighted average daily imbalance price applies for Victoria.

⁴ The prices shown for the GSH in Moomba, South East Queensland and Wallumbilla are volume weighted average (VWA) prices for all products traded across the period. The total quantity contributing to the weighted price is displayed for these GSH. Reported values for Moomba are the aggregate of trades on the Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline (MAP) and the Moomba to Sydney Pipeline (MSP). Historic trades for RBP and SWQP are grouped under WAL, (including in-pipe trades on the RBP).

Figure 3 illustrates the daily prices in each gas market, as defined in figures 1 and 2.

Figure 3: Daily gas market prices (\$/GJ)

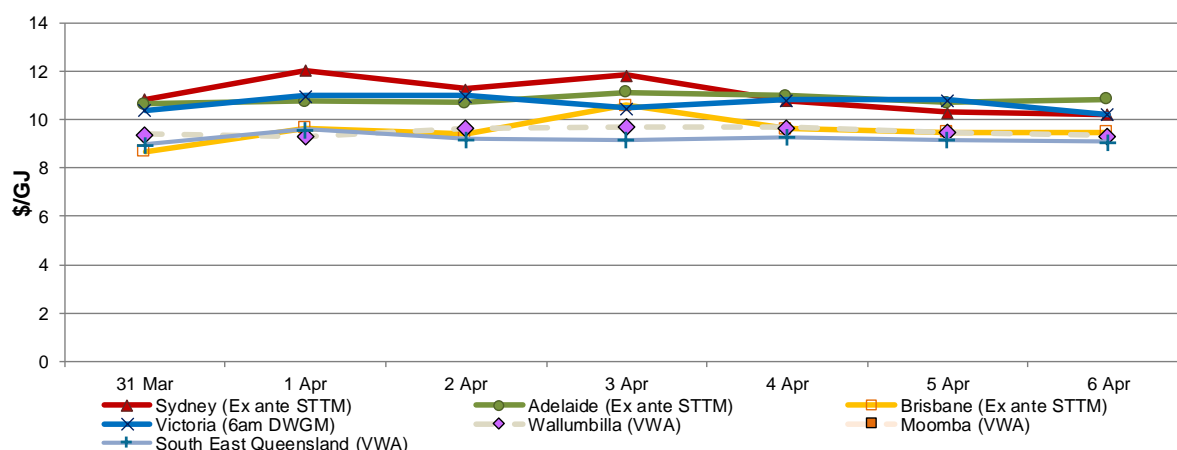


Figure 4 compares average ancillary market payments (VGM) and balancing gas service payments (STTM) against historical averages.

Figure 4: Average ancillary payments (\$000)

	Victoria Ancillary Payments*	Sydney MOS	Adelaide MOS	Brisbane MOS
31 Mar - 06 Apr 2019	-	7.43	2.65	0.87
% change from previous week	-	-37	13	100
18-19 financial YTD	-	18.13	3.97	1.12
% change from previous financial YTD	-	-40	-28	-52

* Ancillary payments reflect the compensation costs for any additional injections offered at a price higher than the market price. Note: only positive ancillary payments, reflecting system constraints will be shown here.

More detailed analysis on the VGM is provided in section 1.

Figure 5 shows the quantity and volume weighted prices of products traded in the Gas Supply Hub locations at Moomba, South East Queensland and Wallumbilla.

Figure 5: Gas supply hub products traded for the current week (\$/GJ, TJ)

	Moomba		South East Queensland		Wallumbilla*	
	VWA price	Quantity	VWA price	Quantity	VWA price	Quantity
Balance of day	-	-	9.22	37.0	9.50	93.0
Daily	-	-	9.15	20.0	9.43	145.0
Day ahead	-	-	9.26	37.0	9.54	76.0
Weekly	-	-	-	-	9.50	91.0
Monthly	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	9.22	94.0	9.48	405.0

* includes non-netted (off-market) trades.

Figure 6 shows Bulletin Board pipeline flows for the three LNG export pipeline facilities and the production output at related production facilities in the Roma region.

Figure 6: Average daily LNG export pipeline and production flows (TJ)*

	APLNG	GLNG	QCLNG	Total
Production	1408	880	1753	4042
Export Pipeline Flows	1508	816	1292	3615
% change from previous week (pipeline flows)	-3	-12	2	-3
18-19 financial YTD Flows	1425	832	1276	3532

* Production quantities represent flows from facilities operated by APLNG, Santos and QGC. Gas from individual facilities may also supply the domestic market, other LNG projects or storage facilities.

Detailed market analysis

Victoria

Prices remained high in Victoria throughout the week even as demand subsided from its peak on 1 April. With Longford still continuing with its maintenance work, much of the increased demand at the beginning of the week was met by withdrawals from Iona Underground Storage, with smaller injections from the Eastern Gas Pipeline through VicHub (**Figure 1.5**). The injections from Iona led to a decrease in the average gas storage levels across the week of 719 TJ, bringing the current storage level at the facility to 17.2 PJ down from 18 PJ at the end of the previous week (average storage levels are shown in **Figure 5.1**). Given the facility is able to store 26 PJ at capacity the current gas storage levels indicate that Iona is approximately 66 percent full.

The increased use of Iona is mainly due to the maintenance work currently being undertaken at the Longford gas plant. Injections from Longford into Victoria continue to be lower than their historical averages with daily injections of around 305 TJ across the week. These smaller injections are expected to continue until the scheduled completion date for the maintenance work on 12 April.

Queensland

The Brisbane STTM experienced a sharp drop in demand from the previous week, due to the significant reduction in gas required for gas powered generation. The current week required only 68 TJ of gas for electricity generation compared to the 150 TJ that was needed in Queensland last week (**Figure 5.1**).

Production levels at Roma fell back below 4 PJ this week, predominately due to the 12 percent decrease in export pipeline flow coming out of the GLNG projects (**Figure 6**). Production and export numbers continue to be strong in the Queensland area however, even with the international LNG spot prices continuing to slide due to the oversupply of LNG in North Asia.

1. Victorian Declared Wholesale Market

In the Victorian gas market, gas is priced five times daily at 6 am, 10 am, 2 pm, 6 pm and 10 pm. The imbalance weighted price on a gas day tends towards the 6 am price⁵ which is the schedule at which most gas is traded.

The main drivers⁶ of price are demand forecasts and bids to inject or withdraw gas from the market. Figures 1.1 to 1.4 below show the daily prices, demand forecasts⁷, and injection/withdrawal bids for each of the five pricing schedules. Figure 1.5 provides information on which system injection points were used to deliver gas, in turn indicating the location and relative quantity of gas injection bids cleared through the market.

Ancillary payments for gas injected above the market price are shown above in figure 3.

Figure 1.1: Prices by schedule (\$/GJ)

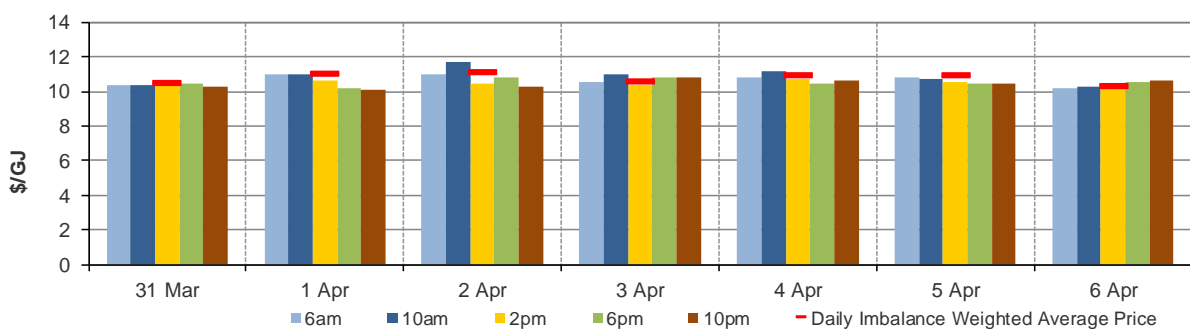
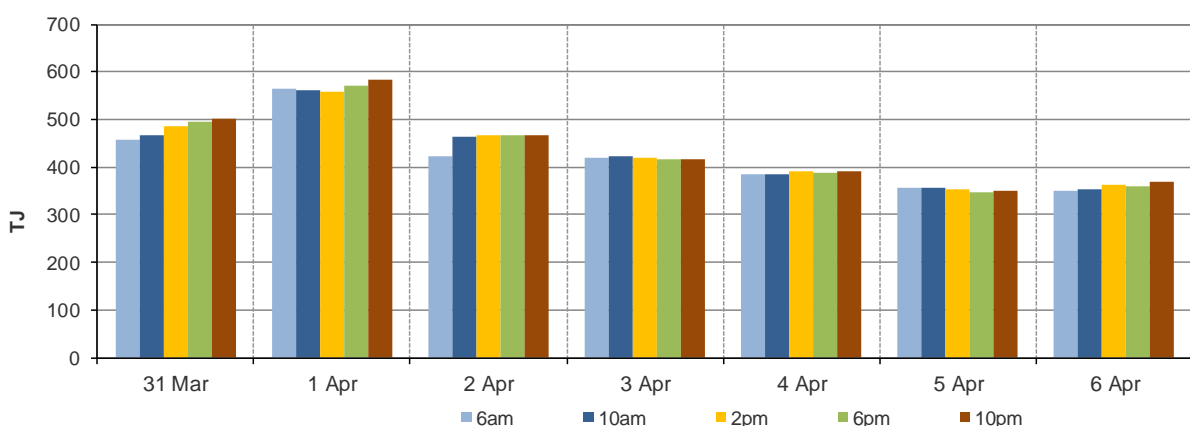


Figure 1.2: Demand forecasts (TJ)



⁵ Prices for subsequent schedules are applied only to the differences in scheduled quantities (imbalances) to calculate the weighted price. The 6 am price applies to the entire scheduled quantity in the initial schedule.

⁶ The price might also be affected by transmission or production (contractual) constraints limiting how much gas can be delivered from a locale or System Injection Point (SIP) from time to time.

⁷ These are Market Participants' aggregate demand forecasts adjusted for any override as applied by AEMO from time to time. These forecasts must be scheduled and cannot respond to price like withdrawal bids.

Figure 1.3: Injection bids by price bands (TJ)

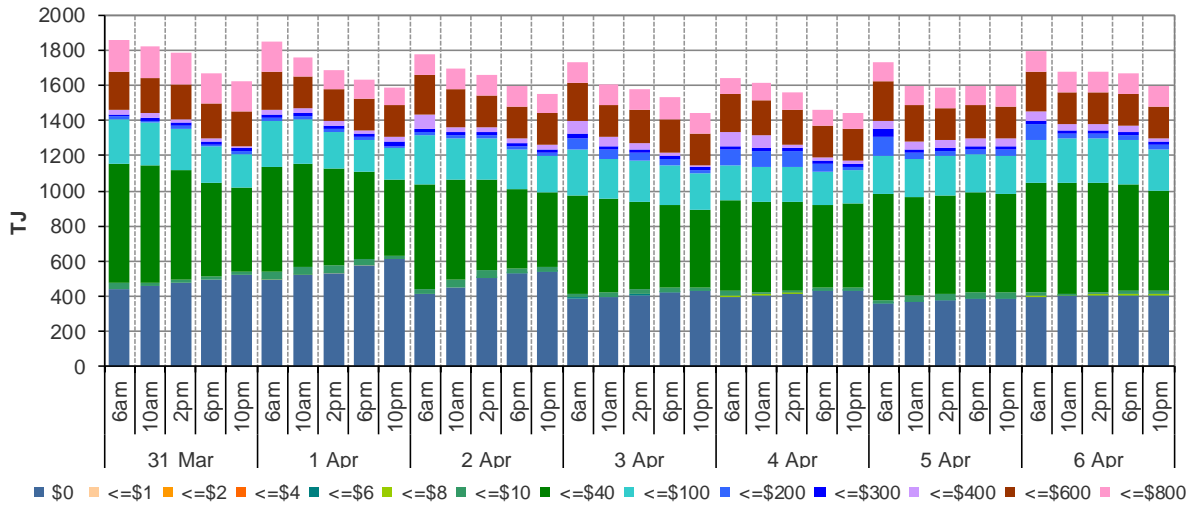


Figure 1.4: Withdrawal bids by price bands (TJ)

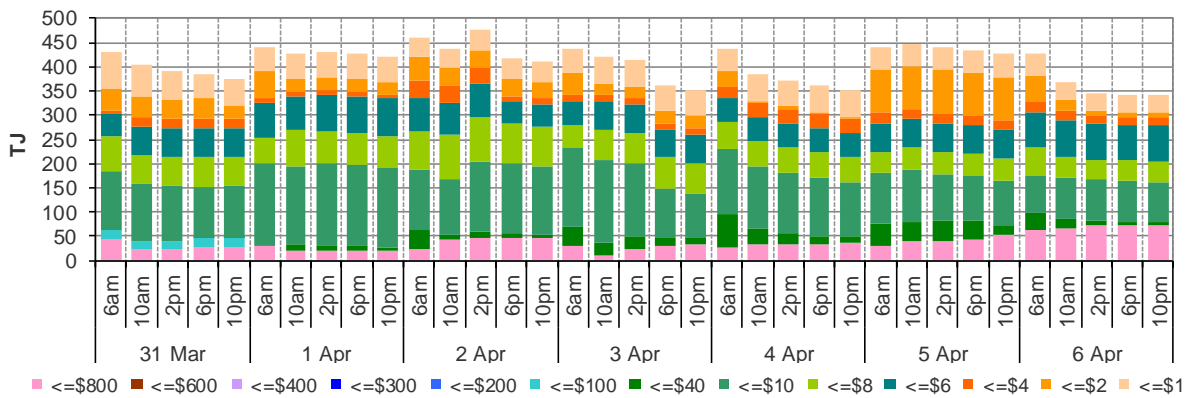
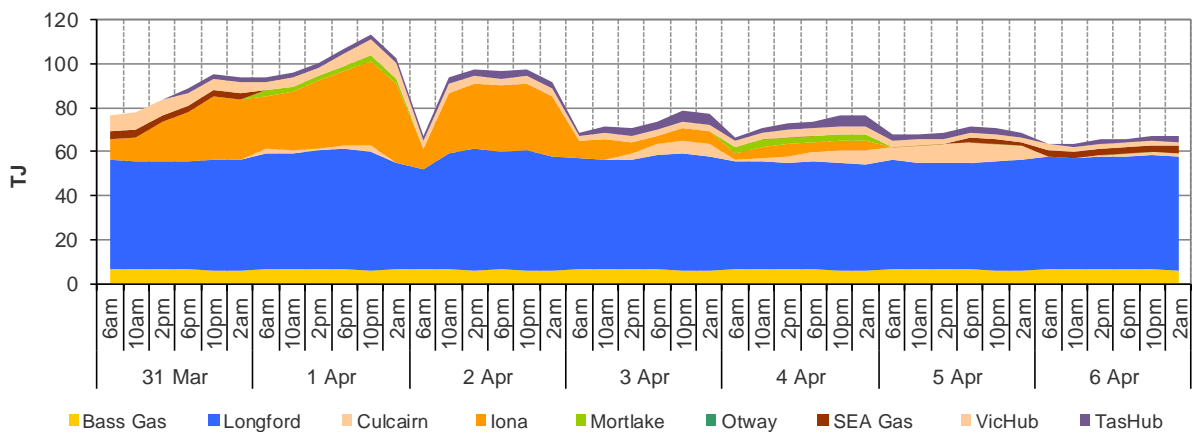


Figure 1.5: Metered Injections by System Injection Point (TJ)



Note that in figure 1.5, the last 8-hour schedule from 10 pm has been separated into two 4-hour blocks to provide a consistent comparison with earlier scheduled injection volumes.

2. Sydney STTM

In each STTM hub, a daily gas price is calculated before the gas day (the ex ante price) and after the gas day (the ex post price). The main drivers of these prices are participant demand forecasts, and offers to inject or bids to withdraw gas traded at the hub.⁸ Divergences in ex ante and ex post prices for a gas day may occur due to differences in scheduled (forecast) and allocated (actual) quantities. Pipeline acronyms are defined in the [user guide](#).

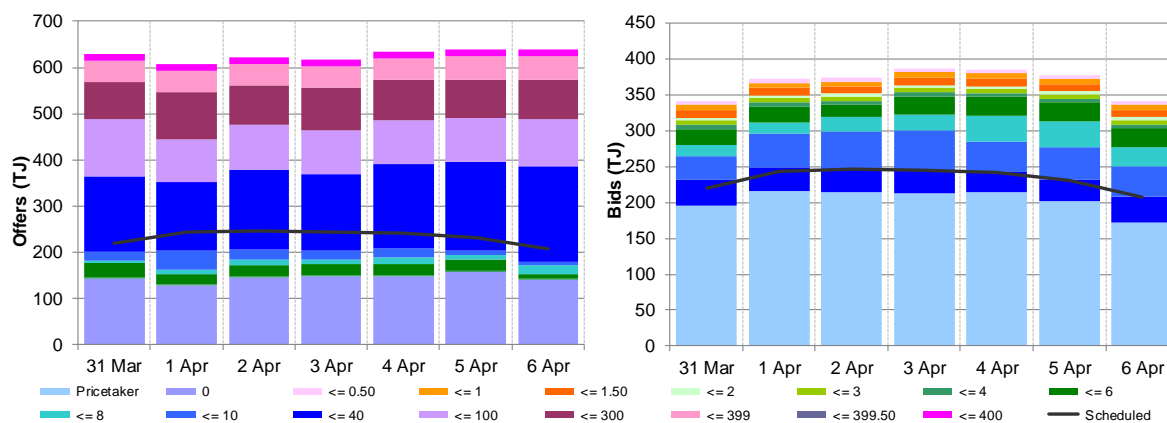
Market Operator Service balancing gas (MOS) payments arise because the amount of gas nominated on pipelines for delivery on a gas day will either exceed or fall short, by some amount, of the amount of gas consumed in the hub. In such circumstances, MOS payments are made to participants for providing a service to park gas on a pipeline or to loan gas from a pipeline to the hub.⁹

Figures 2.1 and 2.2 show daily prices, demand, offers and bids. Figures 2.3 and 2.4 show gas scheduled and allocated on pipelines to supply the hub, indicating the location and relative quantity of gas offers across pipelines and also the amount of MOS allocated for each pipeline.

Figure 2.1: SYD STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	10.87	12.04	11.28	11.85	10.79	10.32	10.23
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	220	243	246	245	242	231	208
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	10.87	12.00	11.27	11.85	10.96	10.32	10.23
Ex post quantity (TJ)	221	240	244	247	244	230	207

Figure 2.2: SYD daily hub offers and daily hub bids in price bands (\$/GJ)



⁸ The main driver of the amount of gas scheduled on a gas day is the 'price-taker' bid, which is forecast hub demand that cannot respond to price and which must be delivered, regardless of the price.

⁹ MOS service payments involve a payment for a MOS increase service when the actual quantity delivered exceeds final gas nominations for delivery to a hub, and a payment for a MOS decrease service when the actual quantity delivered is less than final nominations. As well as a MOS 'service' payment, as shown in figure 2.4, MOS providers are paid for or pay for the quantity of MOS sold into the market or bought from the market (MOS 'commodity' payments/charges).

Figure 2.3: SYD net scheduled and allocated gas hub supply (excluding MOS)

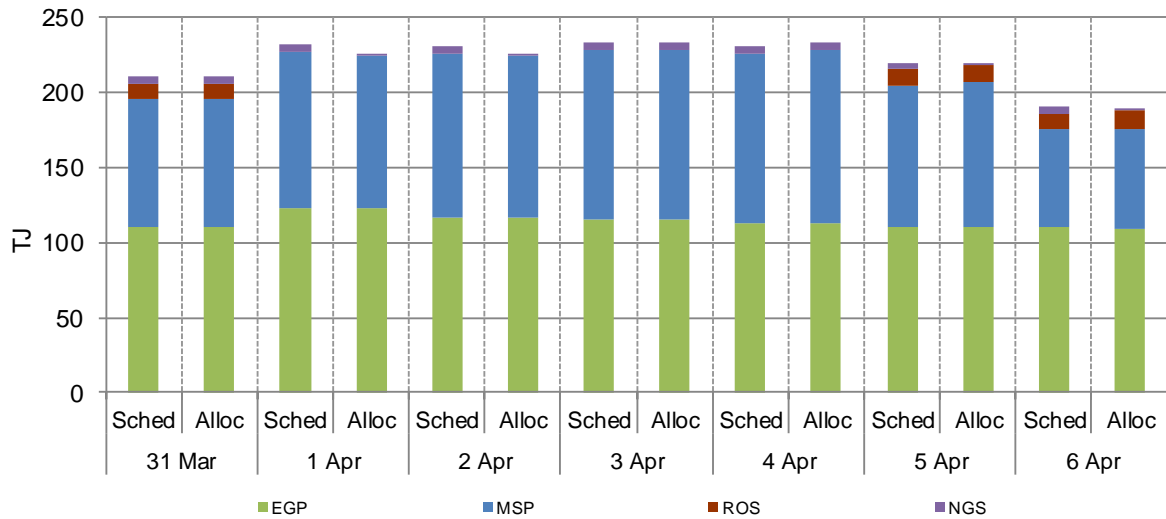
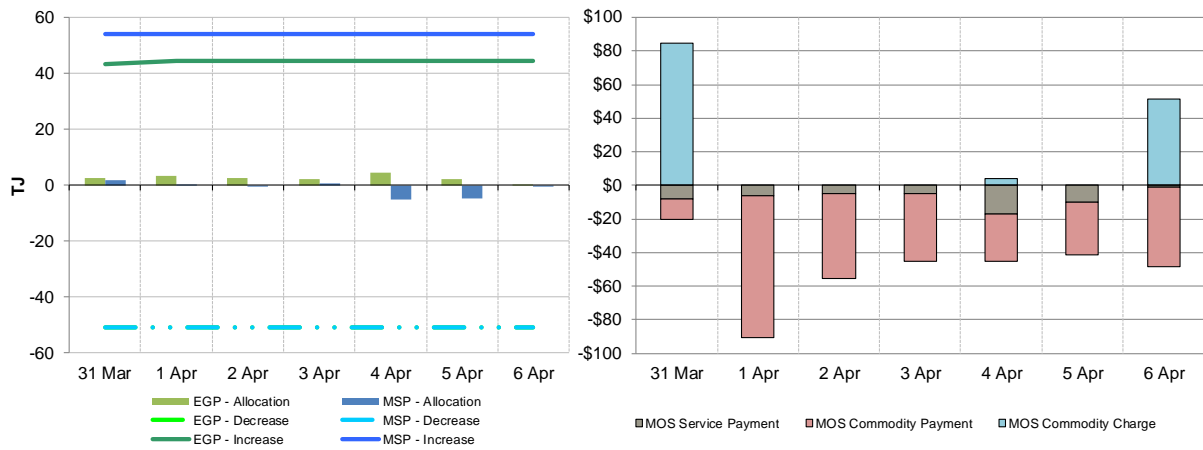


Figure 2.4: SYD MOS allocations (TJ), service payments and commodity payments/charges (\$000)¹⁰



¹⁰ The commodity cost of MOS illustrated on the right of the figure represents the commodity quantity at the D+2 ex ante price. Commodity payments and charges for a given gas day relate to quantities traded two days earlier. That is, the commodity cost for services provided on Sunday will appear in the chart for Tuesday, when the D+2 price is set. In contrast, service payments are shown alongside the day they occurred.

3. Adelaide STTM

The Adelaide STTM hub functions in the same way as the Sydney STTM hub. The same data that was presented for the Sydney hub is presented for the Adelaide hub in the figures below.

Figure 3.1: ADL STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	10.65	10.78	10.71	11.15	10.99	10.71	10.86
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	46	52	50	51	49	46	42
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	10.65	10.92	10.75	11.15	11.15	10.75	10.86
Ex post quantity (TJ)	46	54	52	52	51	49	42

Figure 3.2: ADL daily hub offers and daily hub bids in price bands (\$/GJ)

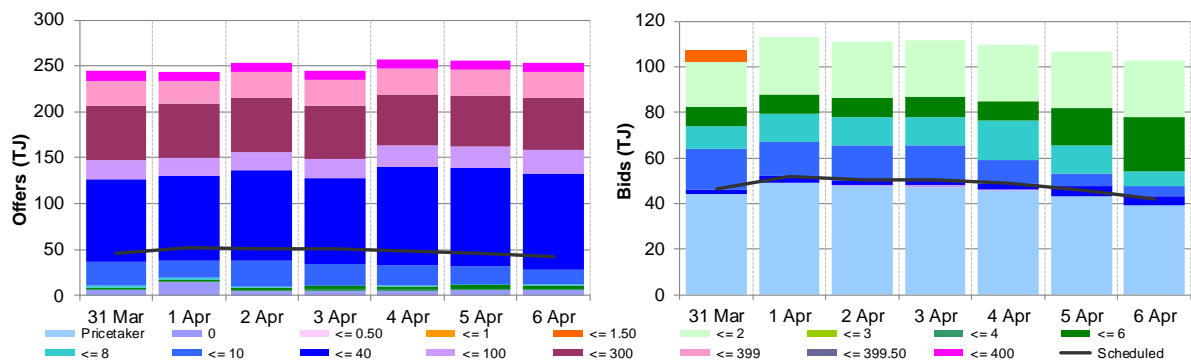


Figure 3.3: ADL net scheduled and allocated gas hub supply (excluding MOS)

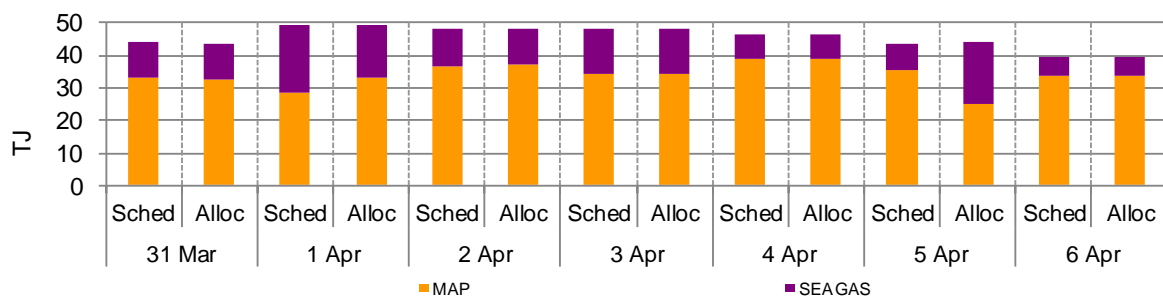
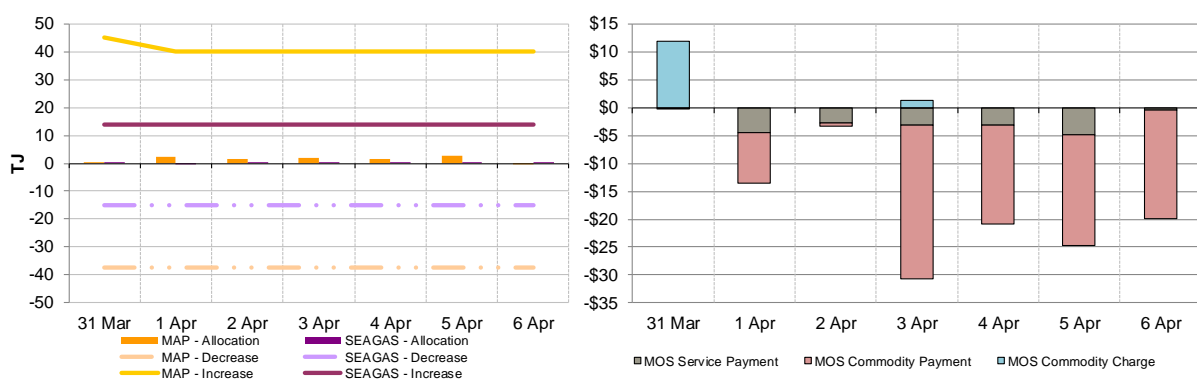


Figure 3.4: ADL MOS allocations (TJ), service payments and commodity payments/charges (\$000)



4. Brisbane STTM

The Brisbane STTM hub functions in the same way as the Sydney STTM hub. The same data that was presented for the Sydney hub is presented for the Brisbane hub in the figures below.

Figure 4.1: BRI STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	8.70	9.65	9.39	10.60	9.62	9.49	9.49
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	60	83	83	83	80	78	71
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	10.39	9.65	9.00	9.50	9.88	9.43	8.74
Ex post quantity (TJ)	66	81	81	80	82	76	65

Figure 4.2: BRI daily hub offers and daily hub bids in price bands (\$/GJ)

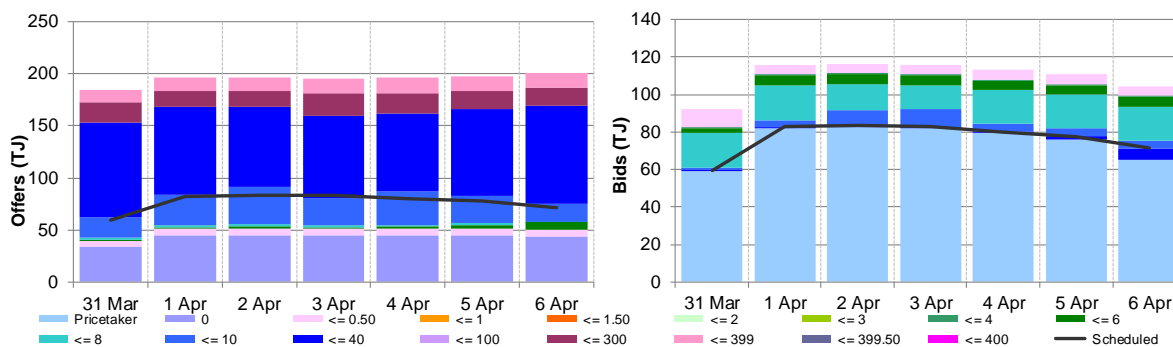


Figure 4.3: BRI net scheduled and allocated gas hub supply (excluding MOS)

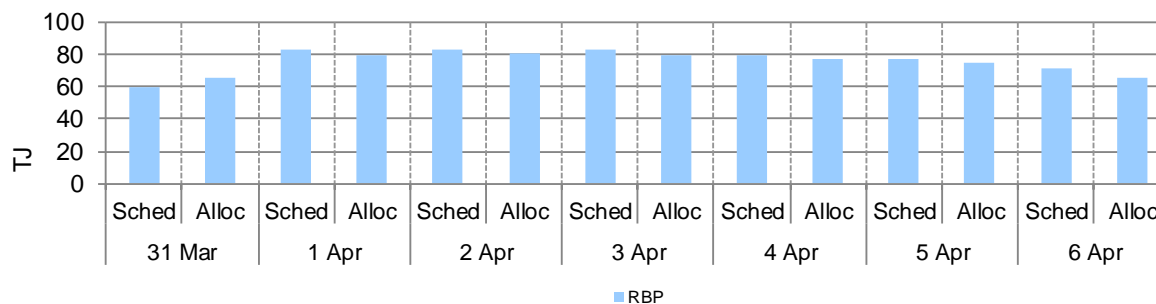
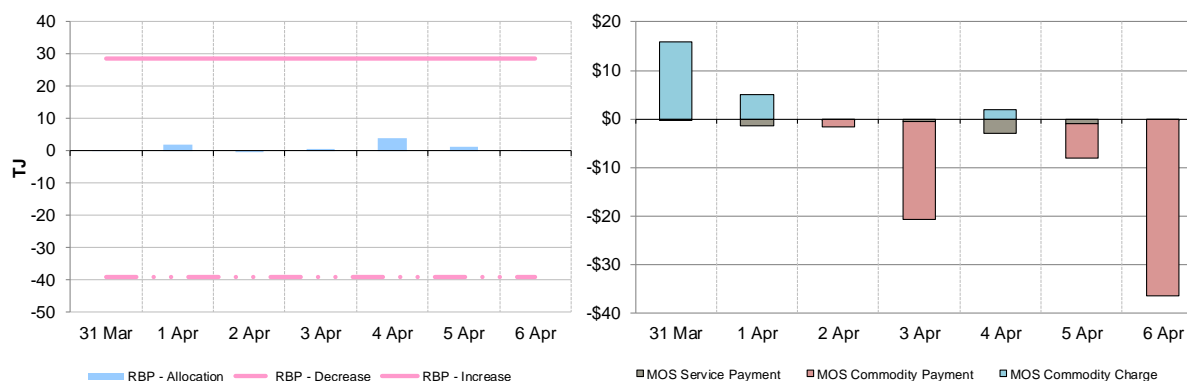


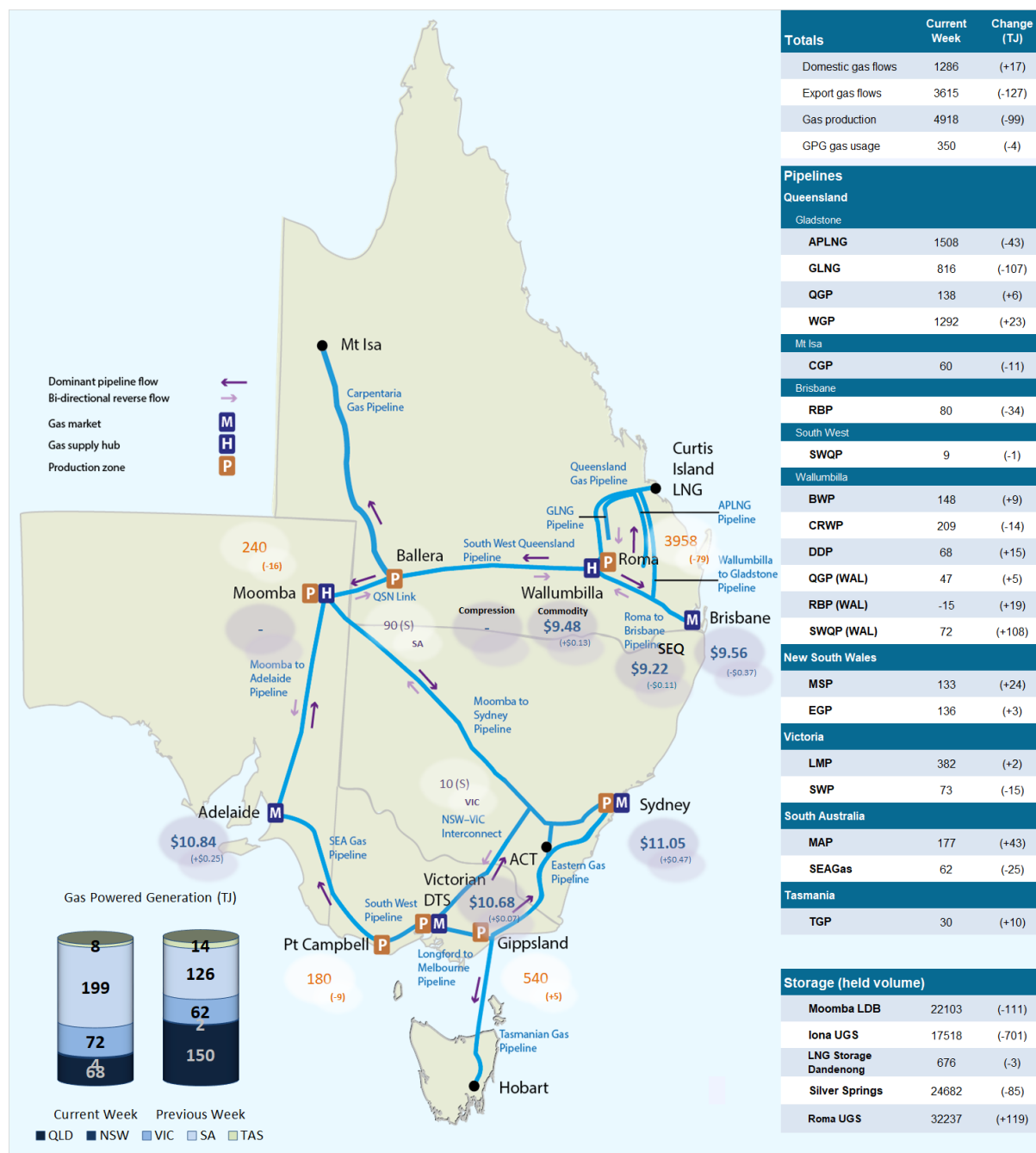
Figure 4.4: BRI MOS allocations (TJ), service payments and commodity payments/charges (\$000)



5. National Gas Bulletin Board

Figure 5.1 shows average daily actual flows for the current week¹¹ from the Bulletin Board (changes from the previous week's average are shown in brackets). Average daily prices¹² are provided for gas markets and gas supply hubs. Average daily quantities are provided for gas powered generation for each region.

Figure 5.1: Gas market data (\$/GJ, TJ); Bulletin Board flows (TJ)¹³



¹¹ Domestic gas flows are calculated as the total of: SA = MAP + SEAGAS; VIC = SWP + LMP + (flows towards Victoria on the 'NSW-VIC interconnect'); NSW/ACT = EGP + MSP; TAS = TGP; QLD (Brisbane) = RBP; QLD (Mt Isa) = CGP; and QLD (Gladstone) = QGP.

¹² Export gas flows are calculated as the total of: the APLNG pipeline; the GLNG pipeline; and the Wallumbilla to Gladstone pipeline.

¹³ GPG volumes may include gas usage that does not show up on Bulletin Board pipeline flows.

¹⁴ GSH supply is the average daily volume of gas 'traded', while price is a volume weighted average. Optional hub services (for compression and redirection) are shown separately from commodity trades.

¹⁵ Net flows are shown for Bulletin Board facilities, as outlined in the [user guide](#).

6. Gas Supply Hub

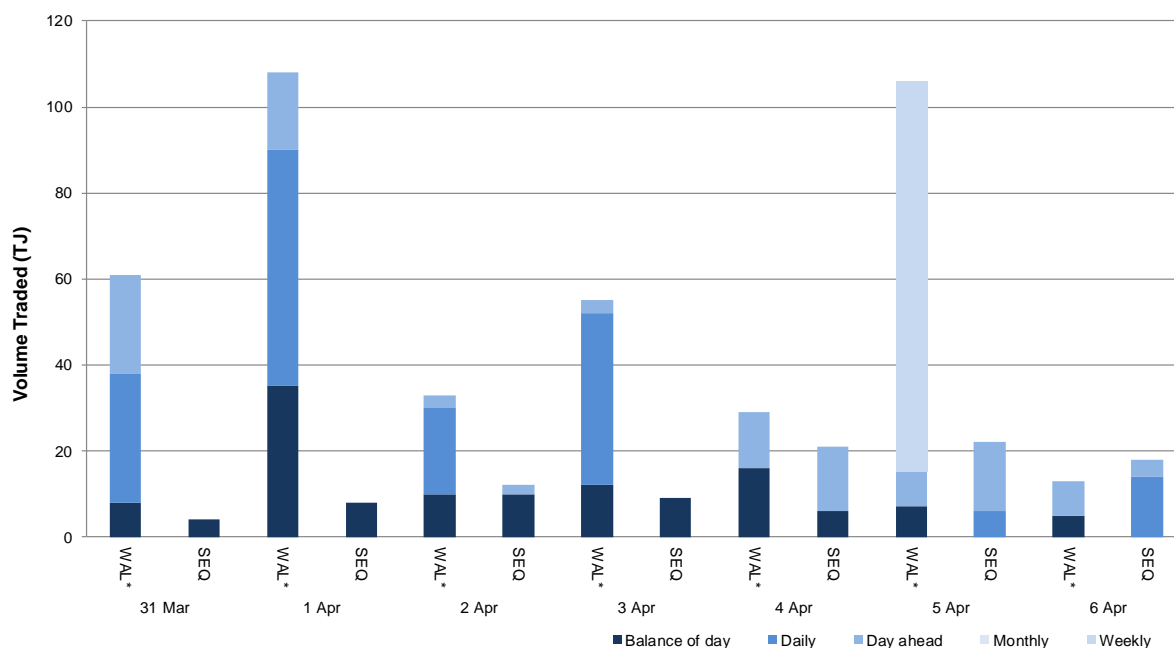
The gas supply hub was established at Wallumbilla in March 2014 to facilitate the voluntary trading of gas between participants, with products listed for sale and purchase at delivery points on three major connecting pipelines. There are separate products for each trading location and delivery period (daily, day-ahead, balance-of-day, weekly and monthly products).¹⁴

The Moomba hub commenced operation from June 2016 to further facilitate trading on the **MAP** and **MSP**, with trading between the two hubs on the SWQP via a spread product (representing the price differential between the hubs). From October 2016, the addition of a Wallumbilla Compression Product was introduced to facilitate the supply hub's transition from three different trading locations into one. From March 2017, Wallumbilla transitioned into an optional hub services model, replacing the three trading locations (QGP, SWQP and RBP) with a single product at Wallumbilla (**WAL**) and an in-pipe RBP trading location at South East Queensland (**SEQ**).

This week there were 69 trades for 499 TJ of gas at a volume weighted price of \$9.43/GJ. These consisted of 47 trades at WAL (405 TJ at \$9.48/GJ) and 22 trades at SEQ (94 TJ at \$9.22/GJ). There were 7 spread trades.

Figure 6.1 shows the quantity of gas traded by product type for each trading day on pipeline trading locations in the Wallumbilla and Moomba Gas Supply Hubs.¹⁵

Figure 6.1: GSH traded quantities



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¹⁴ Additional information on trading locations and available products is detailed in the [user guide](#).

¹⁵ Non-netted (off-market) trades, allowing the selection of specific delivery point at a trading location, are included with other Wallumbilla trades (WAL*).