

2 - 8 October 2016

Weekly Summary

Figure 1 shows average prices and demand retreated from the highs reported in previous weeks, however this was offset by several intervals of high prices in the DWGM mid-week correlated to higher demand, and increases in the Brisbane STTM and Wallumbilla.

The amount of gas delivered to Curtis Island on Monday 3 October was the highest to date at 3 518TJ.

A notable increase in flow along the APLNG pipeline indicated that APLNG was preparing to commence production from its second LNG train; it shipped its first cargo on 10 October.¹

Gas used for GPG across the NEM was materially down on the previous week.

A number of new reporting obligations came into effect on the Bulletin Board from 6 October, including the separate reporting of delivery and receipt information for each demand and production zone, uncontracted capacity outlooks and gas storage quantities.

Long term statistics and explanatory material

The AER has published an <u>explanatory note</u> to assist with interpreting the data presented in its weekly gas market reports. The AER also publish a range of <u>longer term statistics</u> on the performance of the gas sector including gas prices, production, pipeline flows and consumer demand.

Reported in The Australian, 10 October 2016.

Market overview

Figure 1 sets out the average daily prices (\$/GJ) for the current week, and demand levels, compared to historical averages. Regions shown include the Victorian Declared Wholesale Market (VGM or Victorian gas market) and for the Sydney (SYD), Adelaide (ADL) and Brisbane (BRI) Short Term Trading Market hubs (STTM). Price and demand information is also shown for the voluntary Wallumbilla and Moomba Gas Supply Hubs (GSH).

	Victoria		Sydney		Adelaide		Brisbane		Wallumbilla		Moomba	
	Price	Demand	Price	Demand	Price	Demand	Price	Demand	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity
02 Oct - 08 Oct 2016	6.17	535	5.64	230	5.98	58	5.75	79	5.53	207	-	-
% change from previous week	-26	-17	-13	-6	-4	-24	30	-9	44	246	-	-
16-17 financial YTD	8.69	777	7.69	272	9.29	80	7.10	91	7.95	4164	-	-
% change from previous financial YTD	91	-8	54	1	68	-1	73	-4	111	34	-	-

Figure 1: Average daily prices and demand – all markets (\$/GJ, TJ)²

Figure 2 illustrates the daily prices in each gas market, as defined in figure 1.



Figure 2: Daily gas market prices (\$/GJ)

² Average daily quantities are displayed for each region, with the exception of Gas Supply Hubs (GSH). The weighted average daily imbalance price applies for Victoria. The prices shown for the GSH in Wallumbilla and Moomba are volume weighted average prices for all products traded across the period. The total quantity contributing to the weighted price is displayed for these GSH.

Figure 3 compares average ancillary market payments (VGM) and balancing gas service payments (STTM) against historical averages.

Figure 3: Average ancillary payments (\$000)

	Victoria Ancillary Payments*	Sydney MOS	Adelaide MOS	Brisbane MOS
02 Oct - 08 Oct 2016	-	37.20	40.61	1.81
% change from previous week	-	-21	-34	55
16-17 financial YTD		66.18	28.49	1.38
% change from previous financial YTD		154	120	-2

* Ancillary payments reflect the compensation costs for any additional injections offered at a price higher than the market price. Note: only positive ancillary payments, reflecting system constraints will be shown here.

More detailed analysis on the VGM is provided in section 1.

Figure 4 shows the quantity and volume weighted prices of products traded in the Gas Supply Hub locations at Wallumbilla and Moomba.

Figure 4: Gas supply hub products traded for the current week (\$/GJ, TJ)

	RBP		SWQP		MAP		MSP		QGP		WAL non-netted	
	VWA price	Quantity	VWA price	Quantity								
Balance of day	5.60	3.8	5.70	3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Daily	-	-	5.60	75.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.50	112.0
Day ahead	5.18	8.0	5.60	5.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Weekly	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monthly	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Figure 5 shows Bulletin Board pipeline flows for the three LNG export pipeline facilities and the production output at related production facilities in the Roma region.



Figure 5: LNG export pipeline and production flows (TJ)*

* Production quantities represent flows from facilities operated by APLNG, Santos and QGC in the Roma region. Gas from individual facilities may also supply the domestic market, other LNG projects or storage facilities.

Detailed market analysis

There was high interest this week in the new Gas Bulletin Board (GBB) with changes live into production consisting of enhanced information for Gas Transmission Pipeline flows and capacities, and Storage Facility actual daily storage volumes as well as daily injection and withdrawals. Reporting obligations also include a 12 month uncontracted capacity outlook.

The Longford plant returned to full capacity by Sunday evening 2 October following a full plant outage 1 October.³ The DWGM saw a large decrease in 6am price (\$2.50/GJ) on Sunday 2 October coinciding with participants bidding higher than usual quantities at low prices, possibly due to the uncertainty of Longford operating at reduced capacity.

Figure 2.3 shows there was also a significant quantity of gas scheduled on the EGP into Sydney on 2 October which may have been influenced by similar factors.⁴ More than 10 TJ of decrease MOS was allocated on the EGP on the day due to over forecasting. The Sydney and Adelaide markets each had three days of MOS payments above \$50 000 during the week.

There were several days of high prices in the Victorian market with \$12.29/GJ at the 10 pm schedule on Tuesday (4 October) and prices between \$12.58/GJ and \$17.69/GJ from 10 am on Wednesday (5 October) as gas was sourced from Iona.

³ <u>https://www.aer.gov.au/wholesale-markets/market-performance/gas-report-25-september-1-october2016</u>

⁴ Around 24 TJ of additional supply offers at \$0/GJ were available in the ex ante schedule. While 10.5 TJ of gas was scheduled to flow on the MSP, this was entirely dedicated to the supply of back haul deliveries upstream of the hub (and as such does not appear in the net scheduled flows depicted in figure 2.3). This also resulted in in a Pipeline Flow Direction Constraint price of \$1.13/GJ to economically deliver additional supply to match the back haul demand on the pipeline.



1. Victorian Declared Wholesale Market

In the Victorian gas market, gas is priced five times daily at 6 am, 10 am, 2 pm, 6 pm and 10 pm. The imbalance weighted price on a gas day tends towards the 6 am price⁵ which is the schedule at which most gas is traded.

The main drivers⁶ of price are demand forecasts and bids to inject or withdraw gas from the market. Figures 1.1 to 1.4 below show the daily prices, demand forecasts⁷, and injection/withdrawal bids for each of the five pricing schedules. Figure 1.5 provides information on which system injection points were used to deliver gas, in turn indicating the location and relative quantity of gas injection bids cleared through the market.

Ancillary payments for gas injected above the market price are shown above in figure 3.



Figure 1.1: Prices by schedule (\$/GJ)





⁵ Prices for subsequent schedules are applied only to the differences in scheduled quantities (imbalances) to calculate the weighted price. The 6 am price applies to the entire scheduled quantity in the initial schedule.

⁶ The price might also be affected by transmission or production (contractual) constraints limiting how much gas can be delivered from a locale or System Injection Point (SIP) from time to time.

⁷ These are Market Participants' aggregate demand forecasts adjusted for any override as applied by AEMO from time to time. These forecasts must be scheduled and cannot respond to price like withdrawal bids.



Figure 1.3: Injection bids by price bands (TJ)



5 Oct

<=\$200 ■ <=\$100 ■ <=\$40 ■

6 Oct

=\$10

■ <=\$8 ■

7 Oct

8 Oct

<=\$6 <=\$4 <=\$2 <=\$1



3 Oct

■ <=\$800 ■ <=\$600 ■ <=\$400 ■ <=\$300 ■

2 Oct



4 Oct



Note that in figure 1.5, the last 8-hour schedule from 10 pm has been separated into two 4-hour blocks to provide a consistent comparison with earlier scheduled injection volumes.

2. Sydney STTM

In each STTM hub, a daily gas price is calculated before the gas day (the ex ante price) and after the gas day (the ex post price). The main drivers of these prices are participant demand forecasts, and offers to inject or bids to withdraw gas traded at the hub.⁸ Divergences in ex ante and ex post prices for a gas day may occur due to differences in scheduled (forecast) and allocated (actual) quantities. Pipeline acronyms are defined in the <u>user guide</u>.

Market Operator Service balancing gas (MOS) payments arise because the amount of gas nominated on pipelines for delivery on a gas day will either exceed or fall short, by some amount, of the amount of gas consumed in the hub. In such circumstances, MOS payments are made to participants for providing a service to park gas on a pipeline or to loan gas from a pipeline to the hub.⁹

Figures 2.1 and 2.2 show daily prices, demand, offers and bids. Figures 2.3 and 2.4 show gas scheduled and allocated on pipelines to supply the hub, indicating the location and relative quantity of gas offers across pipelines and also the amount of MOS allocated for each pipeline.

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	ļ
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	5.26	5.01	6.38	5.98	5.81	5.81	5.20	
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	211	216	240	244	244	234	217	
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	4.70	4.06	5.99	5.98	5.81	5.81	4.70	
Ex post quantity (TJ)	198	208	234	239	236	243	208	

Figure 2.1: SYD STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities



Figure 2.2: SYD daily hub offers and daily hub bids in price bands (\$/GJ)

⁸ The main driver of the amount of gas scheduled on a gas day is the 'price-taker' bid, which is forecast hub demand that cannot respond to price and which must be delivered, regardless of the price.

⁹ MOS service payments involve a payment for a MOS increase service when the actual quantity delivered exceeds final gas nominations for delivery to a hub, and a payment for a MOS decrease service when the actual quantity delivered is less than final nominations. As well as a MOS 'service' payment, as shown in figure 2.4, MOS providers are paid for or pay for the quantity of MOS sold into the market or bought from the market (MOS 'commodity' payments/charges).





Figure 2.4: SYD MOS allocations (TJ), service payments and commodity payments/charges (\$000)¹⁰



¹⁰

The commodity cost of MOS illustrated on the right of the figure represents the commodity quantity at the D+2 ex ante price. Commodity payments and charges for a given gas day relate to quantities traded two days earlier. That is, the commodity cost for services provided on Sunday will appear in the chart for Tuesday, when the D+2 price is set. In contrast, service payments are shown alongside the day they occurred.

3. Adelaide STTM

The Adelaide STTM hub functions in the same way as the Sydney STTM hub. The same data that was presented for the Sydney hub is presented for the Adelaide hub in the figures below.

•	-						
	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	7.99	6.62	4.22	5.84	5.87	5.76	5.55
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	57	64	75	62	55	51	39
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	7.99	7.34	4.50	5.84	5.60	5.40	5.55
Ex post quantity (TJ)	59	71	78	62	49	48	39

Figure 3.1: ADL STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities









Figure 3.4: ADL MOS allocations (TJ), service payments and commodity payments/charges (\$000)



8 Oct

4. Brisbane STTM

The Brisbane STTM hub functions in the same way as the Sydney STTM hub. The same data that was presented for the Sydney hub is presented for the Brisbane hub in the figures below.

-		-	-	-	-		
	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	5.76	5.79	5.64	5.70	5.76	5.83	5.77
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	75	75	91	90	91	73	56
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	5.69	5.79	5.64	5.75	5.76	5.77	5.77
Ex post quantity (TJ)	69	76	89	91	88	68	55

Figure 4.1: BRI STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities













5. National Gas Bulletin Board

Figure 5.1 shows average daily actual flows for the current week¹¹ from the Bulletin Board (changes from the previous week's average are shown in brackets). Average daily prices¹² are provided for gas markets and gas supply hubs. Average daily quantities are provided for gas powered generation for each region.





GPG volumes may include gas usage that does not show up on Bulletin Board pipeline flows.

- ¹² GSH supply is the average daily volume of gas 'traded', while price is a volume weighted average.
- ¹³ The figure for QSN Link has been adjusted to accommodate the Bulletin Board data change reflecting northerly flows as 'Receipts' at Moomba on the South West Queensland Pipeline. Similarly, production figures have been adjusted to remove receipts recorded at the Iona underground storage and Dandenong LNG facilities (Port Campbell/Gippsland).

Domestic gas flows are calculated as the total of: SA = MAP + SEAGAS; VIC = SWP + LMP + (absolute quantity of negative flows only on the 'NSW-VIC interconnect'); NSW/ACT = EGP + MSP; TAS = TGP; QLD (Brisbane) = RBP; QLD (Mt Isa) = CGP; and QLD (Gladstone) = QGP.
Export gas flows are calculated as the total of: the API NG pipeline: the GLNG pipeline: and the Wallumbilla to

Export gas flows are calculated as the total of: the APLNG pipeline; the GLNG pipeline; and the Wallumbilla to Gladstone pipeline.

6. Gas Supply Hub

The Gas Supply Hub **(GSH)** was established in March 2014 for the trading of gas at Wallumbilla. The GSH is a voluntary market¹⁴ for the supply of gas traded¹⁵ between separate participants, with products listed for sale and purchase at delivery points on three major connecting pipelines at Wallumbilla – the **QGP**, the **SWQP** and the **RBP**. There are separate products for each pipeline (each pipeline is considered a trading location, and each has a number of delivery points) and delivery period (daily, day-ahead, balance-of-day, weekly and monthly products). In June 2016, a new supply hub at Moomba was created to facilitate trade on the **MAP** and **MSP**, and also allow for trading between the Wallumbilla and Moomba markets on the SWQP through a spread product (representing the price differential between the two hubs).

There were 19 trades this week for 207.15 TJ of gas at a volume weighted price of \$5.53/GJ in the Wallumbilla hub. Trades on the RBP consisted of one balance-of-day and seven dayahead products (11.75 TJ at \$5.31/GJ), with one day-ahead and balance-of-day each and five daily products on the SWQP (83.4 TJ at \$5.60/GJ). The remaining non-netted product trades were for 112 TJ of gas for \$5.55/GJ, delivered on the SWQP.

Figure 6.1 shows the quantity of gas traded by product type for each trading day on pipeline trading locations in the Wallumbilla and Moomba Gas Supply Hubs.



Figure 6.1: GSH traded quantities

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¹⁴ Market trade is facilitated through an electronic trading platform, with standardised terms and conditions and a market settlement facility for the short-term trading of physical gas and related products. The market is designed to complement existing bilateral gas supply arrangements and gas transportation agreements, through the placement of anonymous offers (to sell) or bids (to buy) at specified quantity and price increments, which are automatically matched on the exchange to form transactions.

¹⁵ Volume weighted average prices and traded quantities provided in this report may include off-market trades, which are not included in AEMO's reference price calculations.