

14 – 20 May 2017

Weekly Summary

Price and demand levels, across the Sydney, Adelaide, Brisbane and Victorian gas markets, have remained largely unchanged from the previous week. The most significant week-to-week changes were a minor decrease in prices in Victoria (14 per cent) and a minor demand increase in Brisbane (16 per cent).

The gas held at Victoria's Iona Underground Gas Storage facility declined by 240 TJ to 20,316 TJ. This continued the gradual decrease in gas held at Iona across May.

The average cost of ancillary service payments at the Sydney hub was down (-23 per cent) after two large payments (over \$200,000) were recorded the previous week. Ancillary service costs, however, remained high, with one large payment on 17 May of \$236,936.

There was lower activity on the Wallumbilla Gas Supply Hub exchange, with only 21 TJ traded compared to 75 TJ the previous week.¹

Long term statistics and explanatory material

The AER has published an [explanatory note](#) to assist with interpreting the data presented in its weekly gas market reports. The AER also publishes a range of [longer term statistics](#) on the performance of the gas sector including gas prices, production, pipeline flows and consumer demand.

Market overview

Figure 1 sets out the average daily prices (\$/GJ) for the current week, and demand levels, compared to historical averages. Regions shown include the Victorian Declared Wholesale Market (**VGM or Victorian gas market**) and for the Sydney (**SYD**), Adelaide (**ADL**) and Brisbane (**BRI**) Short Term Trading Market hubs (**STTM**).

¹ The remaining traded quantities were transacted off-market.

Figure 1: Average daily prices and demand – all markets (\$/GJ, TJ)²

	Victoria		Sydney		Adelaide		Brisbane	
	Price	Demand	Price	Demand	Price	Demand	Price	Demand
14 May - 20 May 2017	9.93	725	11.65	252	9.30	67	8.61	91
% change from previous week	-14	-3	8	-6	5	-5	-2	16
16-17 financial YTD	8.45	528	8.60	239	8.78	60	8.31	84
% change from previous financial YTD	87	2	85	2	64	3	93	1

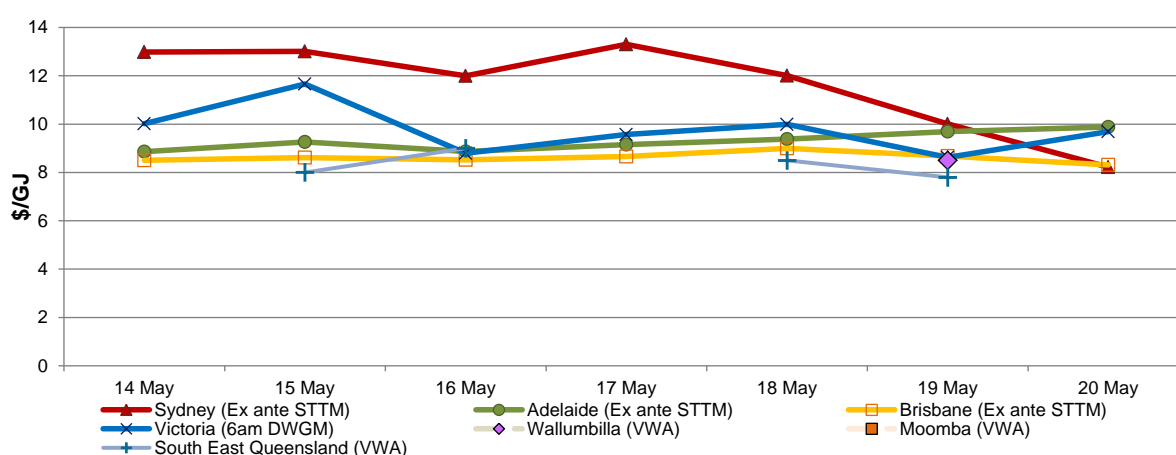
Figure 2 sets out price and demand information is also shown for the voluntary Wallumbilla and Moomba Gas Supply Hubs (GSH).

Figure 2: Average prices and total quantity – Gas supply hub (\$/GJ, TJ)³

	Moomba		South East Queensland		Wallumbilla	
	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity	Price	Quantity
14 May - 20 May 2017	-	-	8.20	58	8.50	5
% change from previous week	-	-	0	-11	-8	-91
16-17 financial YTD	-	-	7.35	387	8.36	6917
% change from previous financial YTD	-	-	-	-	111	2

Figure 3 illustrates the daily prices in each gas market, as defined in figures 1 and 2.

Figure 3: Daily gas market prices (\$/GJ)



² Average daily quantities are displayed for each region. The weighted average daily imbalance price applies for Victoria.

³ The prices shown for the GSH in Moomba, South East Queensland and Wallumbilla are volume weighted average (VWA) prices for all products traded across the period. The total quantity contributing to the weighted price is displayed for these GSH. Reported values for Moomba are the aggregate of trades on the Moomba to Adelaide Pipeline (MAP) and the Moomba to Sydney Pipeline (MSP). Historic trades for RBP and SWQP are grouped under WAL, (including in-pipe trades on the RBP).

Figure 4 compares average ancillary market payments (VGM) and balancing gas service payments (STTM) against historical averages.

Figure 4: Average ancillary payments (\$000)

	Victoria Ancillary Payments*	Sydney MOS	Adelaide MOS	Brisbane MOS
14 May - 20 May 2017	-	71.10	3.87	1.42
% change from previous week	-	-23	-39	11
16-17 financial YTD		50.27	18.65	1.68
% change from previous financial YTD		83	108	7

* Ancillary payments reflect the compensation costs for any additional injections offered at a price higher than the market price. Note: only positive ancillary payments, reflecting system constraints will be shown here.

More detailed analysis on the VGM is provided in section 1.

Figure 5 shows the quantity and volume weighted prices of products traded in the Gas Supply Hub locations at Moomba, South East Queensland and Wallumbilla.

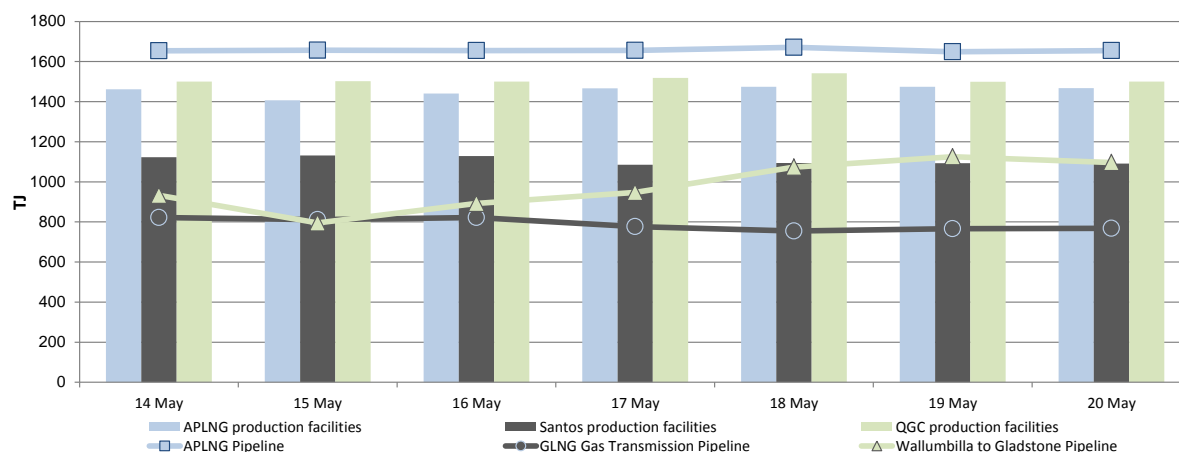
Figure 5: Gas supply hub products traded for the current week (\$/GJ, TJ)

	Moomba		South East Queensland		Wallumbilla*	
	VWA price	Quantity	VWA price	Quantity	VWA price	Quantity
Balance of day	-	-	8.89	7.0	-	-
Daily	-	-	7.94	20.0	8.50	5.0
Day ahead	-	-	8.21	31.0	-	-
Weekly	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monthly	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	8.20	58.0	8.50	5.0

* includes non-netted (off-market) trades.

Figure 6 shows Bulletin Board pipeline flows for the three LNG export pipeline facilities and the production output at related production facilities in the Roma region.

Figure 6: LNG export pipeline and production flows (TJ)*



* Production quantities represent flows from facilities operated by APLNG, Santos and QGC in the Roma region. Gas from individual facilities may also supply the domestic market, other LNG projects or storage facilities.

Detailed market analysis

Victoria

Victorian demand was at its highest during 15-16 May in association with a cold start to the working week in Melbourne (maximum temperatures ranging between 15 and 18 degrees across 14-16 May). Demand approached 900 TJ on 15 May before declining amid milder temperatures throughout the remainder of the week. Commensurate with this, prices were at their highest on 15 May before stabilising at lower levels (see Figure 1.2).

The gas held at Victoria's Iona Underground Gas Storage facility declined by 240 TJ to 20,316 TJ. The decrease coincided with high demand and high GPG usage in the state, as the South West Pipeline (SWP) flowed into Melbourne (towards the Newport generator), resulting in the Mortlake generator (near Iona) being unable to physically source gas from the east. In addition to the high GPG demand, which reached around 200 TJ/d on 15 May, constraints at Iona on 17 May restricted withdrawals during a planned outage of the Brooklyn Compressor Station (BCS).⁴ As Figure 1.5 shows, there were significant injections from Iona in the days preceding 17 May.

The owner of the BCS – APA – has also scheduled a maintenance outage for 26 May (8 am – 6 pm) to prepare the facility for the 2017 winter months. AEMO may invoke further constraints on withdrawals at Iona to support capacity on the SWP around the time of this maintenance.

Sydney

Ancillary service costs at the Sydney hub remained high this week, with an average daily Market Operator Service (MOS) payment of \$71,104. This included the \$236,936 MOS payment on 17 May, associated with 16 TJ of over forecast demand in the hub. There was a \$101,289 MOS payment the following day (18 May), associated with 27.4 TJ of over forecast demand.⁵

⁴ Constraints requiring net injections to maintain pressure levels during the outage were applied at the facility. Injections were constrained to a minimum of around 60 TJ/d and withdrawals to a maximum of around 11 TJ/d.

⁵ The lower payment reflects a large proportion of the over forecast demand being offset by a reduction of supply.

1. Victorian Declared Wholesale Market

In the Victorian gas market, gas is priced five times daily at 6 am, 10 am, 2 pm, 6 pm and 10 pm. The imbalance weighted price on a gas day tends towards the 6 am price⁶ which is the schedule at which most gas is traded.

The main drivers⁷ of price are demand forecasts and bids to inject or withdraw gas from the market. Figures 1.1 to 1.4 below show the daily prices, demand forecasts⁸, and injection/withdrawal bids for each of the five pricing schedules. Figure 1.5 provides information on which system injection points were used to deliver gas, in turn indicating the location and relative quantity of gas injection bids cleared through the market.

Ancillary payments for gas injected above the market price are shown above in figure 3.

Figure 1.1: Prices by schedule (\$/GJ)

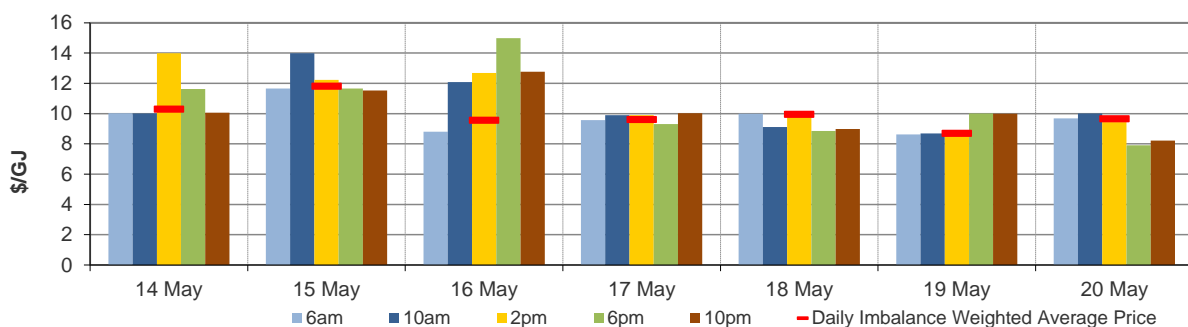
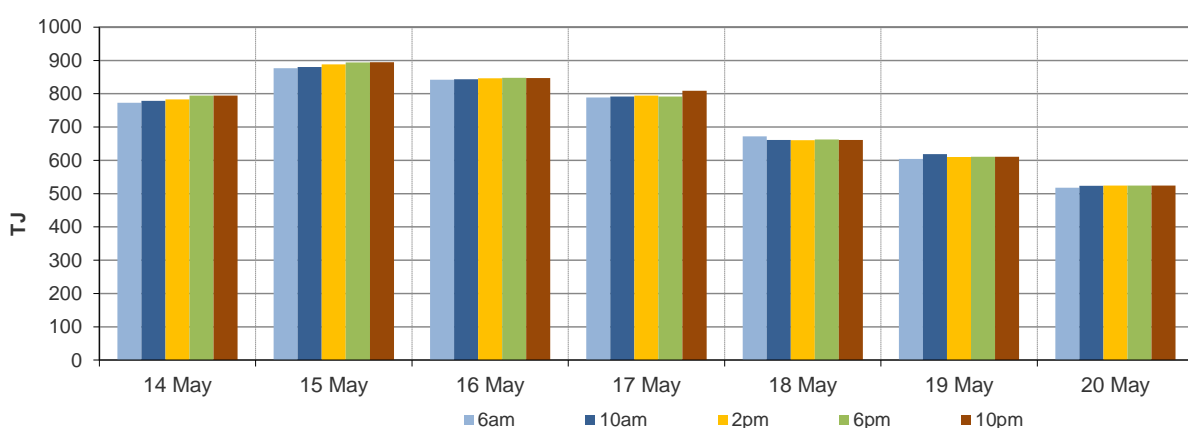


Figure 1.2: Demand forecasts (TJ)



⁶ Prices for subsequent schedules are applied only to the differences in scheduled quantities (imbalances) to calculate the weighted price. The 6 am price applies to the entire scheduled quantity in the initial schedule.

⁷ The price might also be affected by transmission or production (contractual) constraints limiting how much gas can be delivered from a locale or System Injection Point (SIP) from time to time.

⁸ These are Market Participants' aggregate demand forecasts adjusted for any override as applied by AEMO from time to time. These forecasts must be scheduled and cannot respond to price like withdrawal bids.

Figure 1.3: Injection bids by price bands (TJ)

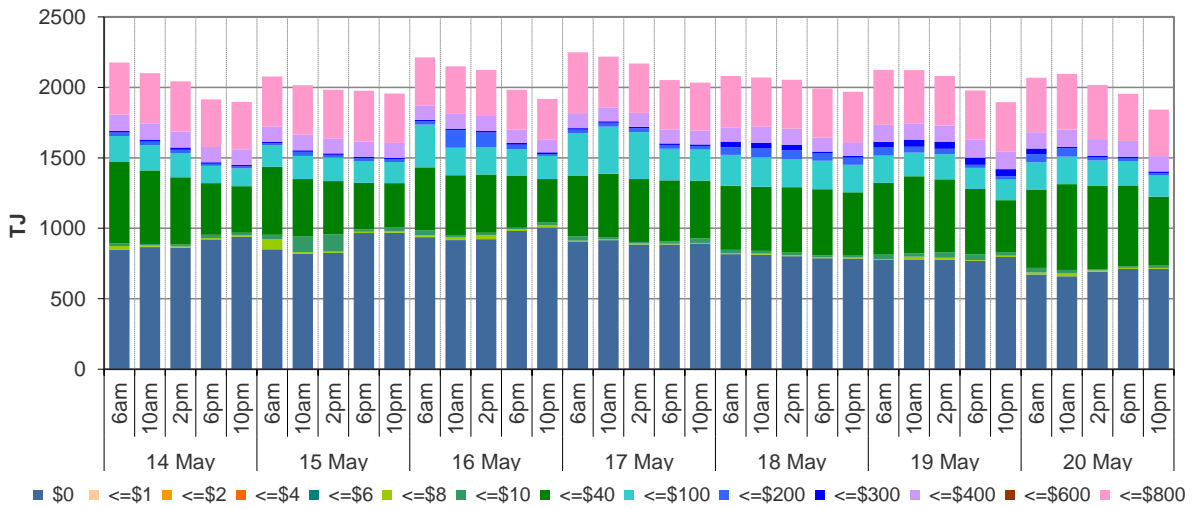


Figure 1.4: Withdrawal bids by price bands (TJ)

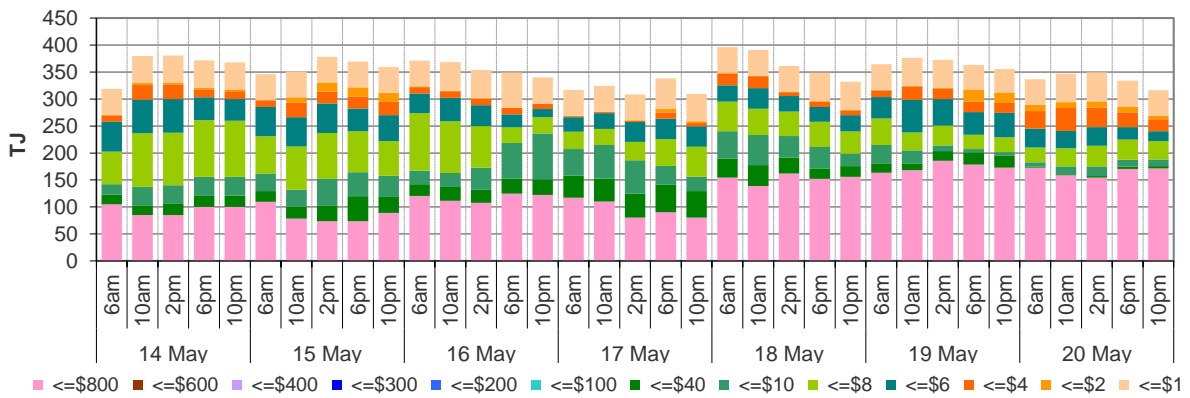
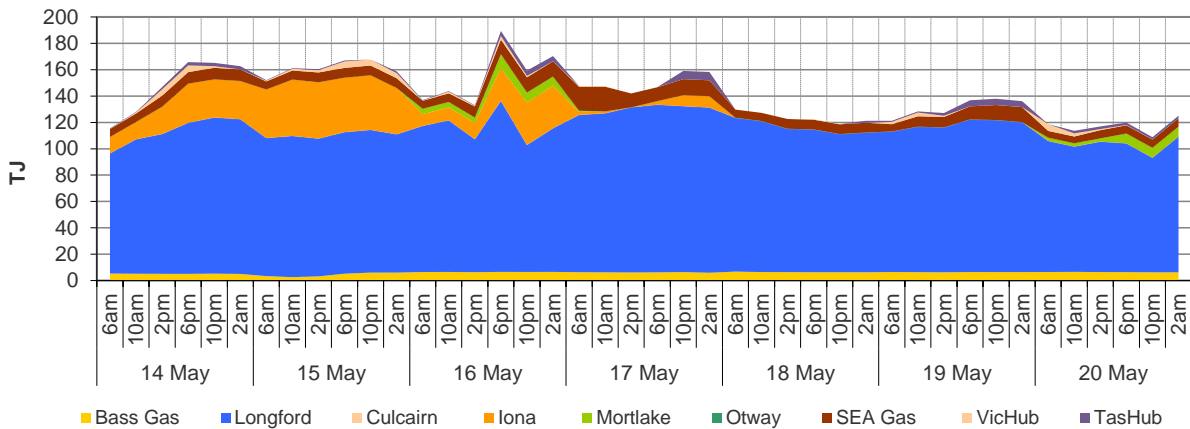


Figure 1.5: Metered Injections by System Injection Point (TJ)



Note that in figure 1.5, the last 8-hour schedule from 10 pm has been separated into two 4-hour blocks to provide a consistent comparison with earlier scheduled injection volumes.

2. Sydney STTM

In each STTM hub, a daily gas price is calculated before the gas day (the ex ante price) and after the gas day (the ex post price). The main drivers of these prices are participant demand forecasts, and offers to inject or bids to withdraw gas traded at the hub.⁹ Divergences in ex ante and ex post prices for a gas day may occur due to differences in scheduled (forecast) and allocated (actual) quantities. Pipeline acronyms are defined in the [user guide](#).

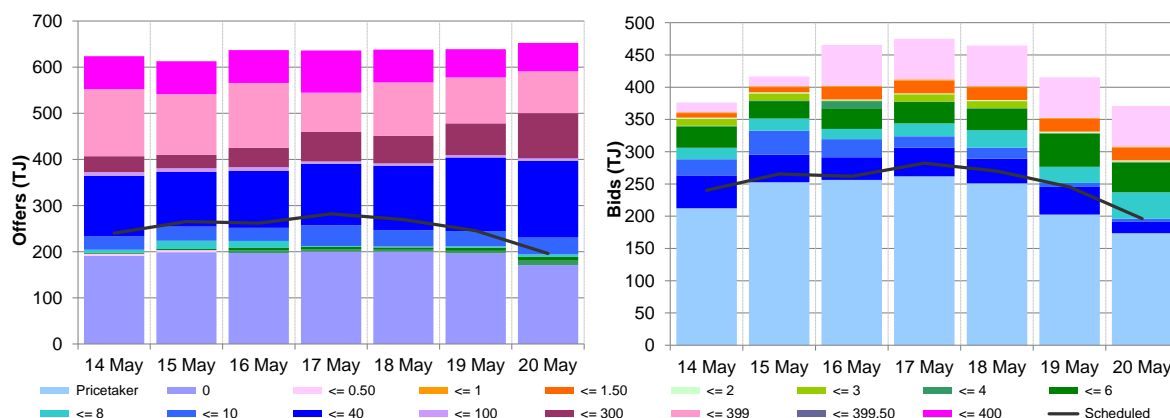
Market Operator Service balancing gas (MOS) payments arise because the amount of gas nominated on pipelines for delivery on a gas day will either exceed or fall short, by some amount, of the amount of gas consumed in the hub. In such circumstances, MOS payments are made to participants for providing a service to park gas on a pipeline or to loan gas from a pipeline to the hub.¹⁰

Figures 2.1 and 2.2 show daily prices, demand, offers and bids. Figures 2.3 and 2.4 show gas scheduled and allocated on pipelines to supply the hub, indicating the location and relative quantity of gas offers across pipelines and also the amount of MOS allocated for each pipeline.

Figure 2.1: SYD STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	12.98	13.01	12.00	13.30	12.01	10.01	8.22
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	240	265	262	282	270	246	196
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	13.01	13.01	12.00	12.86	11.41	10.01	7.56
Ex post quantity (TJ)	245	256	259	266	243	247	188

Figure 2.2: SYD daily hub offers and daily hub bids in price bands (\$/GJ)



⁹ The main driver of the amount of gas scheduled on a gas day is the 'price-taker' bid, which is forecast hub demand that cannot respond to price and which must be delivered, regardless of the price.

¹⁰ MOS service payments involve a payment for a MOS increase service when the actual quantity delivered exceeds final gas nominations for delivery to a hub, and a payment for a MOS decrease service when the actual quantity delivered is less than final nominations. As well as a MOS 'service' payment, as shown in figure 2.4, MOS providers are paid for or pay for the quantity of MOS sold into the market or bought from the market (MOS 'commodity' payments/charges).

Figure 2.3: SYD net scheduled and allocated gas hub supply (excluding MOS)

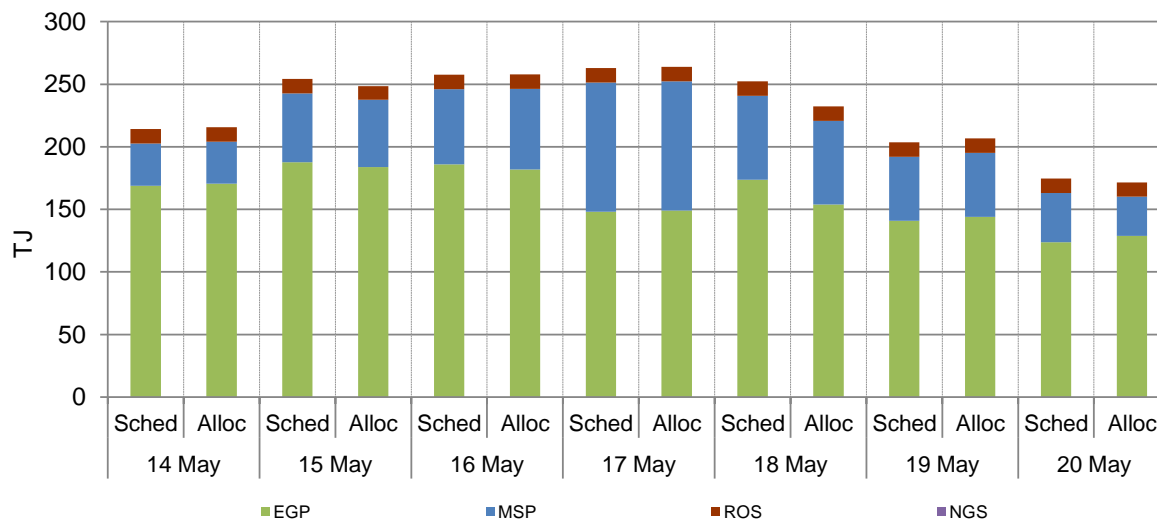
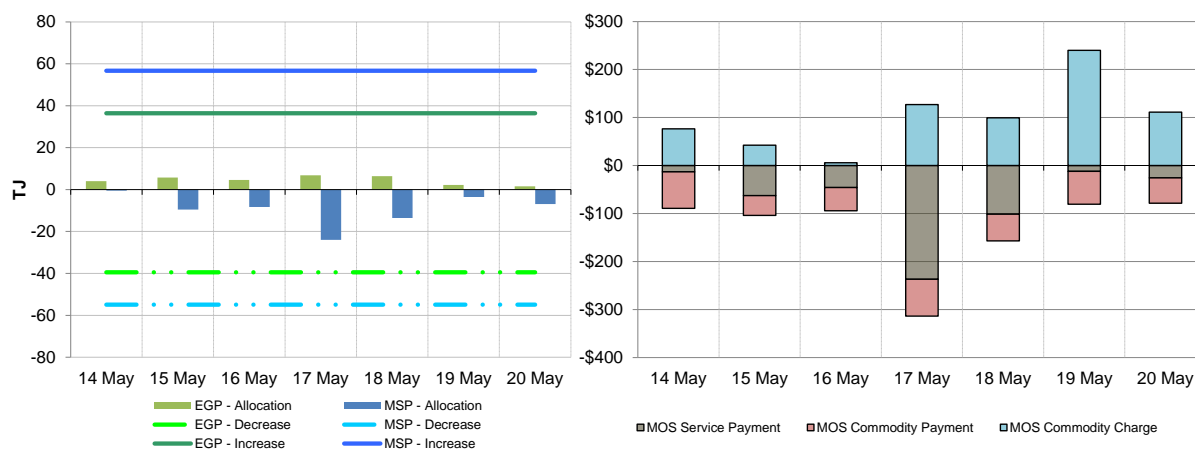


Figure 2.4: SYD MOS allocations (Tj), service payments and commodity payments/charges (\$000)¹¹



¹¹ The commodity cost of MOS illustrated on the right of the figure represents the commodity quantity at the D+2 ex ante price. Commodity payments and charges for a given gas day relate to quantities traded two days earlier. That is, the commodity cost for services provided on Sunday will appear in the chart for Tuesday, when the D+2 price is set. In contrast, service payments are shown alongside the day they occurred.

3. Adelaide STTM

The Adelaide STTM hub functions in the same way as the Sydney STTM hub. The same data that was presented for the Sydney hub is presented for the Adelaide hub in the figures below.

Figure 3.1: ADL STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	8.86	9.26	8.87	9.15	9.38	9.69	9.88
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	60	70	69	68	72	70	58
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	8.86	9.26	8.87	9.30	9.38	9.57	9.88
Ex post quantity (TJ)	60	70	70	70	69	70	57

Figure 3.2: ADL daily hub offers and daily hub bids in price bands (\$/GJ)

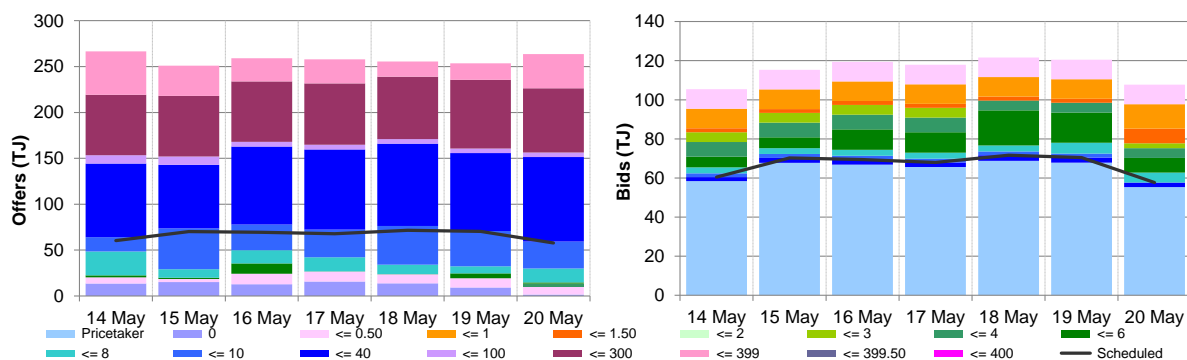


Figure 3.3: ADL net scheduled and allocated gas hub supply (excluding MOS)

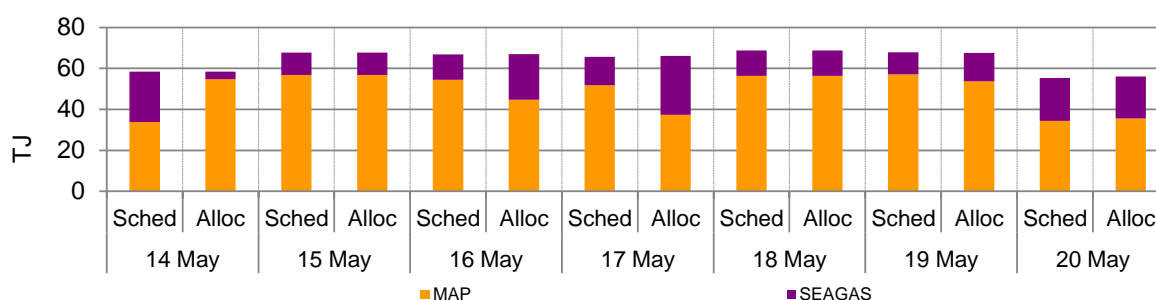
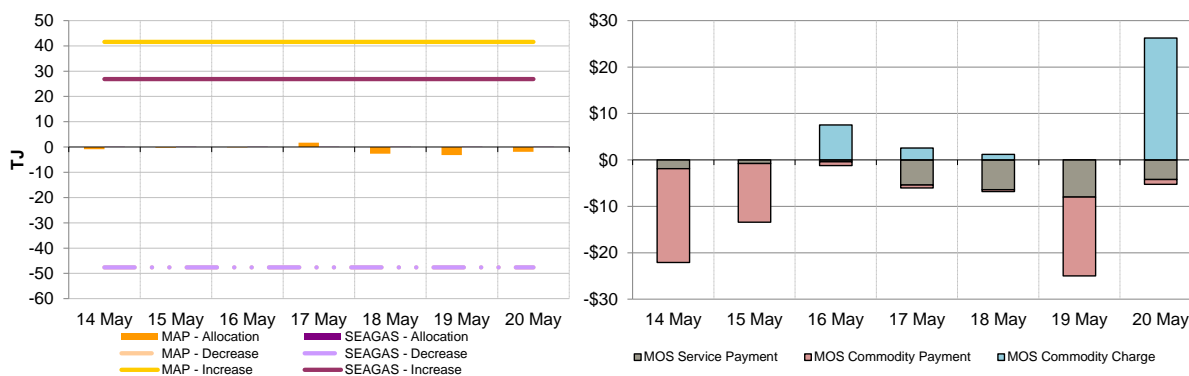


Figure 3.4: ADL MOS allocations (TJ), service payments and commodity payments/charges (\$000)



4. Brisbane STTM

The Brisbane STTM hub functions in the same way as the Sydney STTM hub. The same data that was presented for the Sydney hub is presented for the Brisbane hub in the figures below.

Figure 4.1: BRI STTM daily ex ante and ex post prices and quantities

	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Ex ante price (\$/GJ)	8.51	8.61	8.52	8.66	9.00	8.68	8.31
Ex ante quantity (TJ)	80	95	97	99	100	91	78
Ex post price (\$/GJ)	8.51	8.61	8.52	8.66	9.01	8.68	8.45
Ex post quantity (TJ)	79	95	96	99	101	93	79

Figure 4.2: BRI daily hub offers and daily hub bids in price bands (\$/GJ)

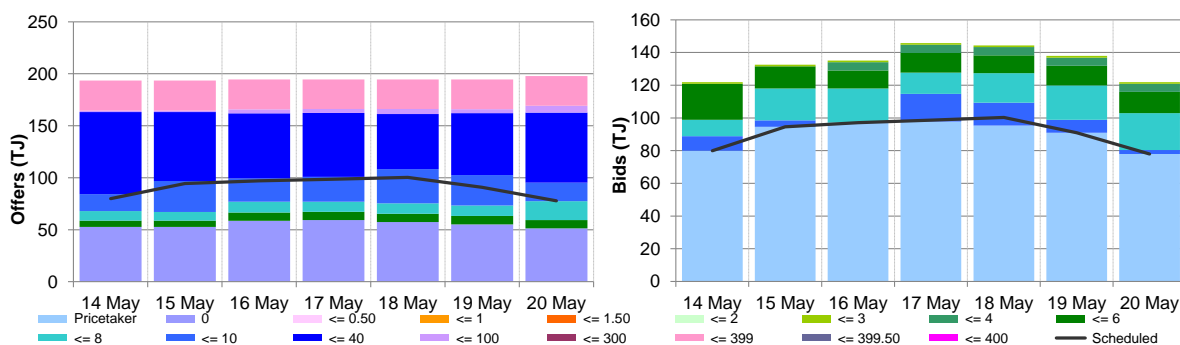


Figure 4.3: BRI net scheduled and allocated gas hub supply (excluding MOS)

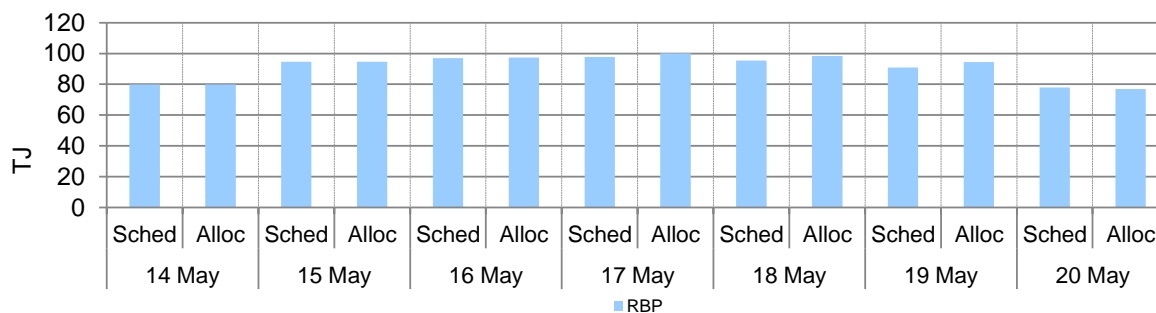
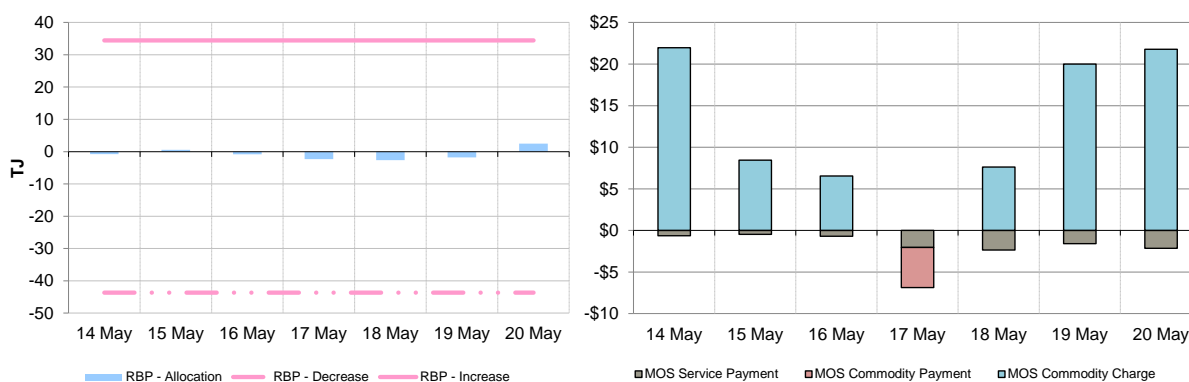


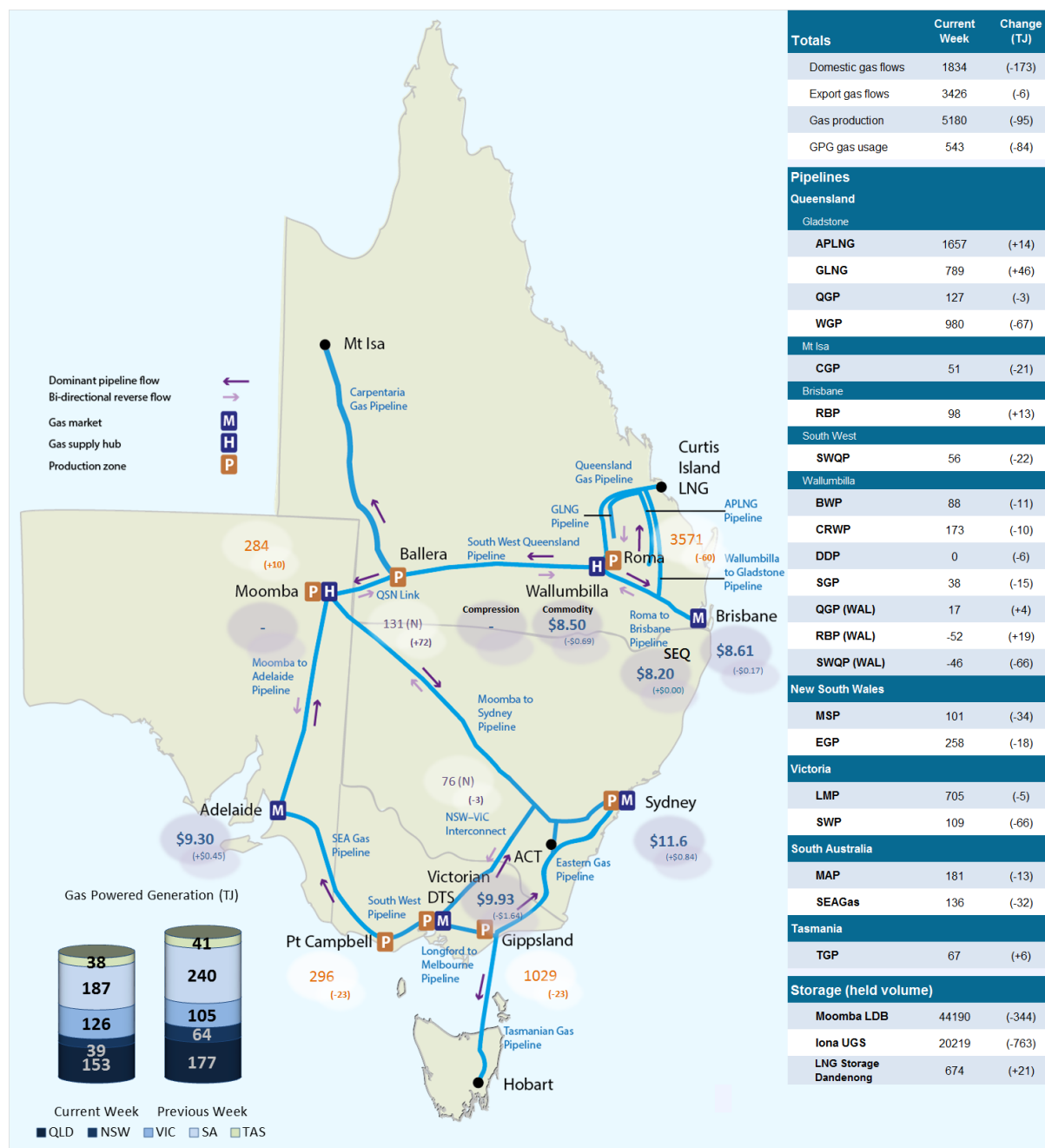
Figure 4.4: BRI MOS allocations (TJ), service payments and commodity payments/charges (\$000)



5. National Gas Bulletin Board

Figure 5.1 shows average daily actual flows for the current week¹² from the Bulletin Board (changes from the previous week's average are shown in brackets). Average daily prices¹³ are provided for gas markets and gas supply hubs. Average daily quantities are provided for gas powered generation for each region.

Figure 5.1: Gas market data (\$/GJ, TJ); Bulletin Board flows (TJ)¹⁴



¹² Domestic gas flows are calculated as the total of: SA = MAP + SEAGAS; VIC = SWP + LMP + (absolute quantity of negative flows only on the 'NSW-VIC interconnect'); NSW/ACT = EGP + MSP; TAS = TGP; QLD (Brisbane) = RBP; QLD (Mt Isa) = CGP; and QLD (Gladstone) = QGP.

¹³ Export gas flows are calculated as the total of: the APLNG pipeline; the GLNG pipeline; and the Wallumbilla to Gladstone pipeline.

¹⁴ GPG volumes may include gas usage that does not show up on Bulletin Board pipeline flows.

GSH supply is the average daily volume of gas 'traded', while price is a volume weighted average. Optional hub services (for compression and redirection) are shown separately from commodity trades.

Net flows are shown for Bulletin Board facilities, as outlined in the [user guide](#).

6. Gas Supply Hub

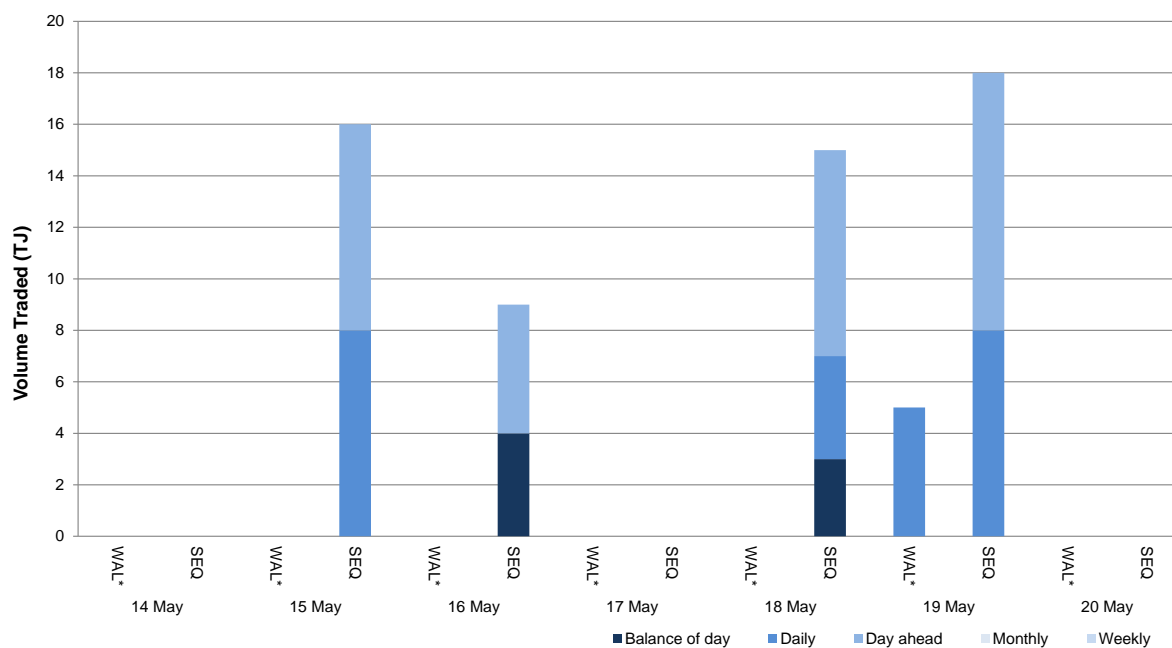
The gas supply hub was established at Wallumbilla in March 2014 to facilitate the voluntary trading of gas between participants, with products listed for sale and purchase at delivery points on three major connecting pipelines at. There are separate products for each trading location and delivery period (daily, day-ahead, balance-of-day, weekly and monthly products).¹⁵

The Moomba hub commenced operation from June 2016 to further facilitate trading on the **MAP** and **MSP**, with trading between the two hubs on the SWQP via a spread product (representing the price differential between the hubs). From October 2016, the addition of a Wallumbilla Compression Product was introduced to facilitate the supply hub's transition from three different trading locations into one. From March 2017, Wallumbilla transitioned into an optional hub services model, replacing the three trading locations (QGP, SWQP and RBP) with a single product at Wallumbilla (**WAL**) and an in-pipe RBP trading location at South East Queensland (**SEQ**).

Trade on the Wallumbilla exchange was significantly down this week. Last week, there were a total of 23 trades at Wallumbilla and South East Queensland for 120 TJ at a volume weighted price of \$8.66/GJ. This week, there were 18 trades for 63 TJ at a volume weighted price of \$8.23/GJ. This consisted of 1 trade at Wallumbilla (5 TJ at \$8.50/GJ) and 17 trades at South East Queensland (58 TJ at \$8.20/GJ).

Figure 6.1 shows the quantity of gas traded by product type for each trading day on pipeline trading locations in the Wallumbilla and Moomba Gas Supply Hubs.¹⁶

Figure 6.1: GSH traded quantities



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¹⁵ Additional information on trading locations and available products is detailed in the [user guide](#).

¹⁶ Non-netted (off-market) trades, allowing the selection of specific delivery point at a trading location, are included with other Wallumbilla trades (WAL*).