

Draft decision: Australian Gas Networks access arrangement 2016–21

We have made a draft decision on the access arrangement for Australian Gas Networks Ltd (AGN), AGN's gas distribution network provides services to customers in South Australia. Our draft decision allows AGN to recover \$938.6 million (\$nominal) from its customers over five years commencing 1 July 2016.

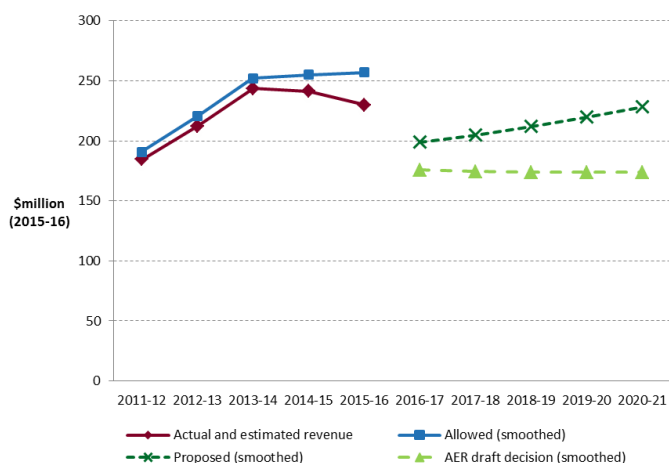
Overview

The Australian Energy Regulator (AER) approves access arrangements for AGN and other major gas networks in eastern and southern Australia under the National Gas Law (NGL) and National Gas Rules (NGR).

Our draft decision allows AGN to recover \$938.6 million (\$nominal) from its customers over five years commencing 1 July 2016. If we had accepted AGN's proposal, it would have been permitted to recover \$1148.0 million (\$nominal) over the 2016–21 access arrangement period. Our draft decision is for 18.2 per cent less revenue than AGN's proposal.

The figure below shows the difference between AGN's proposed revenue and our draft decision.

AGN's past and proposed total revenue and AER draft decision revenue allowance (\$million, 2015–16)



Key elements of our decision

Most Australian gas distribution networks are subject to full regulation, which required the service provider to submit an initial access arrangement to the regulator for approval, and revise it periodically. An access arrangement sets out the terms and conditions under which third parties can use a pipeline. It must specify at least one reference service likely to be sought by a significant part of the market, and a reference tariff for that service.

We based our assessment of AGN's proposed revenue on a number of components. These include expenditures to maintain and operate the network, and the return to shareholders on their investment. Together, these determine the revenue AGN may recover from its customers.

We discuss each of these below.

Rate of return

Significant investment is required to build and maintain a gas distribution network. The return AGN must pay lenders and investors is referred to as the rate of return. Even a small difference in the rate of return can have a big impact on revenues.

Our draft decision sets the allowed rate of return (or 'cost of capital') at 6.02 per cent for 2016. We have not accepted AGN's proposed 7.23 per cent.

The investment environment has improved since our previous decision, which was made during the period of uncertainty surrounding the global financial crisis. This improved investment environment translates to lower financing costs necessary to attract efficient investment. We consider that AGN has sought a rate of return that is higher than necessary given the current investment environment.

We have not accepted the methodology proposed by AGN to set its rate of return. Instead, we have used the methodology we developed through extensive consultation during our Better Regulation program in 2013. We consider that our approach provides for a rate of return that better reflects the allowed rate of return objective.

The lower rate of return in this decision will reduce AGN's average annual revenue requirement compared to the previous regulatory period.

Operating expenditure

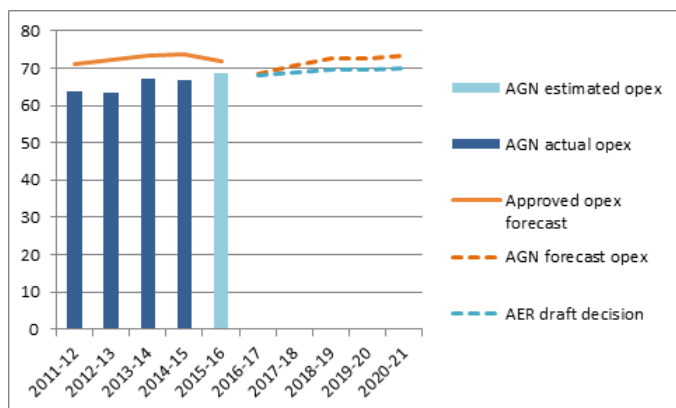
Opex includes forecast operating, maintenance and other non-capital costs incurred in the provision of gas distribution services. It includes labour and other non-capital costs that AGN is likely to require during the 2016–21 access arrangement period for the efficient operation of its network.

We must be satisfied that the level of opex reflects costs that

would be incurred by a prudent service provider acting efficiently, in accordance with accepted good industry practice, to achieve the lowest sustainable cost of delivering pipeline services.

Our draft decision allows AGN to recover \$342 million (\$2015–16) for opex. This is 4 per cent lower than the \$357 million AGN proposed.

AER draft decision compared to AGN’s past and proposed opex (\$million, 2015–16)



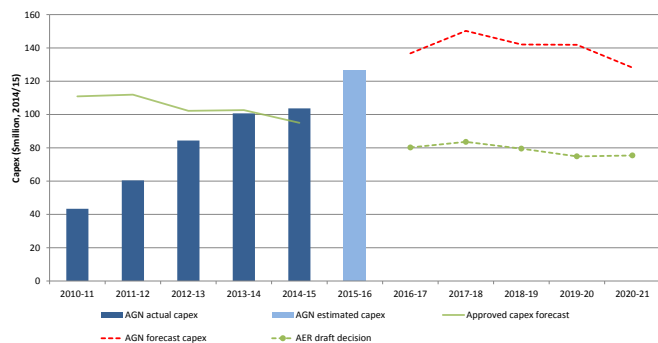
Capital expenditure

Capex refers to the cost of building new facilities or replacing existing infrastructure. Factors that influence our required level of capex include expected growth in the network, and the age and condition of existing assets.

We must be satisfied that the level of capex proposed by AGN is justified, and reflects costs that would be incurred by a prudent service provider acting efficiently, in accordance with accepted good industry practice, to achieve the lowest sustainable cost of delivering pipeline services.

We have estimated total forecast net capex of \$393.0 million (\$2014–15) for AGN’s 2016–21 access arrangement period. This is 43.8 per cent lower than the \$687.3 million AGN proposed.

AER draft decision compared to AGN’s past and proposed capex (\$million, 2014–15)



The key difference between our substitute capex forecast and AGN’s proposal is lower expenditure on mains replacement.

More information about our consultation process

AGN may submit a revised proposal in response to our draft decision by 6 January 2016. Stakeholders may make written submissions on our draft decision, and AGN’s revised proposal, by 4 February 2016. Our final decision is due for release by the end of April 2016.

Our final decision will be issued in April 2016 and will take into account any new information filed by AGN in its revised proposal, additional analysis and stakeholder submissions. To the extent that new information, analysis or submissions persuade us to depart from this draft decision, the final decision will deliver a different total revenue requirement, and therefore a different impact on customers.

More information on AGN’s proposal, our draft decision and how to make a submission is on our website: www.aer.gov.au.