

FINAL DECISION

AusNet Services transmission determination

2017 to 2022

Attachment 14 − Negotiated services

April 2017

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1. Note
2. This attachment forms part of the AER's final decision on AusNet Services' transmission determination for 2017–22. It should be read with all other parts of the final decision.
3. The final decision includes the following documents:
4. Overview
5. Attachment 1 – Maximum allowed revenue
6. Attachment 2 – Regulatory asset base
7. Attachment 3 – Rate of return
8. Attachment 4 – Value of imputation credits
9. Attachment 5 – Regulatory depreciation
10. Attachment 6 – Capital expenditure
11. Attachment 7 – Operating expenditure
12. Attachment 8 – Corporate income tax
13. Attachment 9 – Efficiency benefit sharing scheme
14. Attachment 10 – Capital expenditure sharing scheme
15. Attachment 11 – Service target performance incentive scheme
16. Attachment 12 – Pricing methodology
17. Attachment 13 – Pass through events
18. Attachment 14 – Negotiated services

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1. Shortened forms

| Shortened form | Extended form |
| --- | --- |
| 1. AARR | 1. aggregate annual revenue requirement |
| 1. AEMC | 1. Australian Energy Market Commission |
| 1. AEMO | 1. Australian Energy Market Operator |
| 1. AER | 1. Australian Energy Regulator |
| 1. ASRR | 1. annual service revenue requirement |
| 1. augex | 1. augmentation expenditure |
| 1. capex | 1. capital expenditure |
| 1. CCP | 1. Consumer Challenge Panel |
| 1. CESS | 1. capital expenditure sharing scheme |
| 1. CPI | 1. consumer price index |
| 1. DMIA | 1. demand management innovation allowance |
| 1. DRP | 1. debt risk premium |
| 1. EBSS | 1. efficiency benefit sharing scheme |
| 1. ERP | 1. equity risk premium |
| 1. MAR | 1. maximum allowed revenue |
| 1. MRP | 1. market risk premium |
| 1. NEL | 1. national electricity law |
| 1. NEM | 1. national electricity market |
| 1. NEO | 1. national electricity objective |
| 1. NER | 1. national electricity rules |
| 1. NSP | 1. network service provider |
| 1. NTSC | 1. negotiated transmission service criteria |
| 1. opex | 1. operating expenditure |
| 1. PPI | 1. partial performance indicators |
| 1. PTRM | 1. post-tax revenue model |
| 1. RAB | 1. regulatory asset base |
| 1. RBA | 1. Reserve Bank of Australia |
| 1. repex | 1. replacement expenditure |
| 1. RFM | 1. roll forward model |
| 1. RIN | 1. regulatory information notice |
| 1. RPP | 1. revenue and pricing principles |
| 1. SLCAPM | 1. Sharpe-Lintner capital asset pricing model |
| 1. STPIS | 1. service target performance incentive scheme |
| 1. TNSP | 1. transmission network service provider |
| 1. TUoS | 1. transmission use of system |
| 1. WACC | 1. weighted average cost of capital |

# Negotiated services

Our transmission determination imposes control over revenues that a transmission network service provider (TNSP) can recover from its provision of prescribed transmission services. But we do not determine the terms and conditions of negotiated transmission services. Under the National Electricity Rules (NER), negotiated services are provided under an agreement or as a result of a determination of a commercial arbitrator. These processes are facilitated by:

* a negotiating framework
* negotiated transmission service criteria (NTSC).

A TNSP must prepare a negotiating framework that sets out procedures for negotiating the terms and conditions of access to a negotiated transmission service. The NTSC, which we develop in consultation with stakeholders, set out criteria that a TNSP must apply in negotiating those terms and conditions, including the prices and access charges for negotiated transmission services. They also contain the criteria that a commercial arbitrator must apply to resolve disputes about such terms and conditions and/or access charges.

This attachment sets out our final decision on AusNet Services' negotiating framework for the 2017–22 regulatory control period.[[1]](#footnote-1) We also specify the NTSC that are to apply to AusNet Services.[[2]](#footnote-2)

## Final decision

Negotiating framework

Our final decision is to approve AusNet Services' proposed negotiating framework for the 2017–22 regulatory control period because it meets the requirements in the NER.[[3]](#footnote-3) We approved the same negotiating framework in our draft decision.[[4]](#footnote-4) The approved negotiating framework is set out in attachment A to our final transmission determination.

Negotiated transmission service criteria

Our final decision is to retain the NTSC that we previously developed and published for AusNet Services in November 2015 for the 2017–22 regulatory control period.[[5]](#footnote-5) The NTSC give effect to the negotiated transmission service principles.[[6]](#footnote-6)

## AusNet Services' revised proposal

On 30 October 2015, AusNet Services submitted its proposed negotiating framework,[[7]](#footnote-7) which we accepted in our draft decision.[[8]](#footnote-8) AusNet Services did not make any changes to its proposed negotiated framework in its revised proposal.[[9]](#footnote-9)

AusNet Services' provides transmission services in conjunction with the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO). AusNet Services provides and offers connection services whereas AEMO provides shared transmission services. Because of this AusNet Services' proposal states that it worked with AEMO to devise a common negotiating framework for them both.[[10]](#footnote-10) We approved a common negotiating framework for AusNet Services and AEMO in 2014.[[11]](#footnote-11)

Given AEMO's transmission responsibilities, AusNet Services outlined the operation of the common negotiating framework.

Negotiated transmission services include connection services that are provided to a specific user, or group of users, at a single transmission connection point.[[12]](#footnote-12) They also include negotiated transmission services which exceed the network performance requirements under jurisdictional electricity legislation.[[13]](#footnote-13) Of these types of negotiated services, AusNet Services stated it is responsible for connection services whereas AEMO is responsible for shared transmission services. This is such that AusNet Services proposed that its common negotiating framework applies to:

* AusNet Services and each Service Applicant who applies in writing to AusNet Services for the provision of connection services which are negotiated services
* AEMO and each Service Applicant who applies in writing to AEMO for the provision of shared transmission services which are negotiated services.

In respect of connection to the transmission network, AusNet Services or the relevant transmission business (as applicable) has primary responsibility for assessing and advising a Service Applicant on the connection assets at the physical interface with its transmission network (network exit services and network entry services).[[14]](#footnote-14)

## Assessment approach

Negotiating framework

To be approved, a proposed negotiating framework must specify each requirement set out in clause 6A.9.5(c) of the NER, and not inconsistent with any of the requirements set out in clause 6A.9.5(d) of the NER. We examined whether AusNet Services' proposed negotiating framework met these requirements.

Negotiated transmission service criteria

We consider an NTSC that reflects the negotiated transmission service principles would satisfy the NER requirements. Therefore, we assessed whether our proposed NTSC reflect the negotiating transmission service principles in clause 6A.9.1 of the NER.

## Reasons for final decision

### Negotiating framework

Our final decision maintains our draft decision consideration to approve AusNet Services' proposed negotiating framework because it specifies the matters that are set out as minimum requirements in the NER.[[15]](#footnote-15) Our assessment of AusNet Services' negotiating framework is set out in table 14.1 in attachment 14 of our draft decision.[[16]](#footnote-16)

### Negotiated transmission service criteria

On 23 September 2016, we published an invitation for submissions on our proposed NTSC for AusNet Services. No submissions were received.

We published our draft decision on the NTSC in July 2016. We did not receive any submissions in response to our draft decision. Therefore, the NTSC we have decided to apply to AusNet Services for the 2017–22 regulatory control period has the following components:

National Electricity Objective

1. The terms and conditions of access for a negotiated transmission service, including the price that is to be charged for the provision of that service and any access charges, should promote the achievement of the national electricity objective.

Criteria for terms and conditions of access

Terms and conditions of access

1. The terms and conditions of access for a negotiated transmission service must be fair, reasonable, and consistent with the safe and reliable operation of the power system in accordance with the NER.
2. The terms and conditions of access for negotiated transmission services, particularly any exclusions and limitations of liability and indemnities, must not be unreasonably onerous. Relevant considerations include the allocation of risk between the TNSP and the other party, the price for the negotiated transmission service and the cost to the TNSP of providing the negotiated service.
3. The terms and conditions of access for a negotiated transmission service must take into account the need for the service to be provided in a manner that does not adversely affect the safe and reliable operation of the power system in accordance with the NER.

Price of services

1. The price of a negotiated transmission service must reflect the cost that the TNSP has incurred or incurs in providing that service, and must be determined in accordance with the principles and policies set out in the Cost Allocation Methodology.
2. Subject to criteria 7 and 8, the price for a negotiated transmission service must be at least equal to the avoided cost of providing that service but no more than the cost of providing it on a stand-alone basis.
3. If the negotiated transmission service is a shared transmission service that:
4. exceeds any network performance requirements which it is required to meet under any relevant electricity legislation; or
5. exceeds the network performance requirements set out in schedules 5.1a and 5.1 of the NER

then the difference between the price for that service and the price for the shared transmission service which meets network performance requirements must reflect the TNSP’s incremental cost of providing that service (as appropriate).

1. For shared transmission services, the difference in price between a negotiated transmission service that does not meet or exceed network performance requirements and a service that meets those requirements should reflect the TNSP’s avoided costs. Schedules 5.1a and 5.1 of the NER or any relevant electricity legislation must be considered in determining whether any network service performance requirements have not been met or exceeded.
2. The price for a negotiated transmission service must be the same for all Transmission Network Users. The exception is if there is a material difference in the costs of providing the negotiated transmission service to different Transmission Network Users or classes of Transmission Network Users.
3. The price for a negotiated transmission service must be subject to adjustment over time to the extent that the assets used to provide that service are subsequently used to provide services to another person. In such cases the adjustment must reflect the extent to which the costs of that asset are being recovered through charges to that other person.
4. The price for a negotiated transmission service must be such as to enable the TNSP to recover the efficient costs of complying with all regulatory obligations associated with the provision of the negotiated transmission service.

Criteria for access charges

Access charges

1. Any access charges must be based on the costs reasonably incurred by the TNSP in providing Transmission Network User access. This includes the compensation for foregone revenue referred to in clause 5.4A(h) to (j) of the NER and the costs that are likely to be incurred by a person referred to in clause 5.4A(h) to (j) of the NER (as appropriate).

1. NER, cll. 6A.2.2(2); 6A.14.1(6). [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. NER, cll. 6A.2.2(3); 6A.14.1(7). [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. NER, cl. 6A.9.5(c). [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. AER, Draft decision, AusNet Services transmission determination 2017–18 to 2021–22: Attachment 14—Negotiating framework, July 2016. [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. AER, Negotiated transmission service criteria for AusNet Transmission: Regulatory control period 2017–2022—Call for submissions, November 2015. [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. NER, cl. 6A.9.1. [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. AusNet Services, Transmission revenue review 2017–22, Appendix 15A: Victorian negotiating framework (1  
   April 2017–31 March 2022, 30 October 2015. [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
8. AER, Draft decision, AusNet Services transmission determination 2017–18 to 2021–22: Attachment 14—Negotiating framework, July 2016. [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
9. AusNet Services, Revised regulatory proposal 2017–22, 21 September 2016, p. 244. [↑](#footnote-ref-9)
10. AusNet Services, Proposed negotiating framework for 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2022, October 2015, p. 3. [↑](#footnote-ref-10)
11. AER, Final decision for AusNet Services' (then SP AusNet) 2014–17 regulatory control period, 31 January 2014; AER, Final decision for AEMO's 2014–19 regulatory control period, 1 April 2014. [↑](#footnote-ref-11)
12. NER, Chapter 10. [↑](#footnote-ref-12)
13. NER, Chapter 10. [↑](#footnote-ref-13)
14. AusNet Service, Proposed negotiating framework for 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2022, October 2015, p.4. [↑](#footnote-ref-14)
15. NER, cl. 6A.9.5(c). [↑](#footnote-ref-15)
16. AER, Draft decision, AusNet Services transmission determination 2017–18 to 2021–22: Attachment 14—Negotiating framework, July 2016. [↑](#footnote-ref-16)